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ABSTRACT<br>Current Population Survey, 2012 Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement [machine-readable data file] / conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Washington: U.S. Census Bureau [producer and distributor], 2012.

## TYPE OF FILE

Microdata; unit of observation is individuals, families, and households.

## UNIVERSE DESCRIPTION

The universe is the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States living in housing units and members of the Armed Forces living in civilian housing units on a military base or in a household not on a military base. A probability sample is used in selecting housing units.

## SUBJECT-MATTER DESCRIPTION

This Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement provides the usual monthly labor force data, but in addition, provides supplemental data on work experience, income, noncash benefits, and migration. Comprehensive work experience information is given on the employment status, occupation, and industry of persons 15 years old and over. Additional data for persons 15 years old and older are available concerning weeks worked and hours per week worked, reason not working full time, total income and income components. Data on employment and income refer to the preceding year, although demographic data refer to the time of the survey.

This file also contains data covering nine noncash income sources: food stamps, school lunch program, employer-provided group health insurance plan, employer-provided pension plan, personal health insurance, Medicaid, Medicare, CHAMPUS or military health care, and energy assistance. This file also contains data covering training and assistance received under welfare reform programs, such as job readiness training, child care services, or job skill training.

Characteristics such as age, sex, race, household relationship, and Hispanic origin are shown for each person in the household enumerated.

## GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

States, regions and divisions are identified in their entirety. Within confidentiality restrictions; indicators are provided for 278 selected core-based statistical areas (CBSA), 30 selected combined statistical areas (CSA), 217 counties, and 76 central cities in multi-central city core-based statistical areas or combined statistical areas. Also within confidentiality restrictions, indicators are provided for metropolitan/nonmetropolitan, central city/balance metropolitan, and CBSA size.

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

File Structure: Hierarchical.
File Size:

| Record <br> Type | Record <br> Number | Record <br> Size |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Household | 96,659 | 1,092 Characters |
| Family | 86,334 | 1,092 Characters |
| Person | 201,398 | 1,092 Characters |
|  |  |  |
| Total | 384,391 | 1,092 Characters |

File Sort Sequence: Census state code (GESTCEN), then CBSA code (GTCBSA)

## REFERENCE MATERIAL

Current Population Survey, 2012 ASEC
Technical Documentation. The documentation includes this abstract, pertinent information about the file, a glossary, code lists, and a data dictionary.

For information about the Current Population Survey and other Census Bureau data products, be sure to visit our online Question \& Answer Center on the Census Bureau's home page at http://www.census.gov/ where you can search our knowledge base and submit questions.

## RELATED PRINTED REPORTS

Data from the ASEC Current Population Survey's file are published most frequently in the Current Population Reports P-20 and P-60 series. These reports are available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. They also are available on the INTERNET at http://www.census.gov. Forthcoming reports will be cited in Census and You, the Monthly Product Announcement (MPA), and the Bureau of the Census Catalog and Guide.

## RELATED MACHINE-READABLE DATA FILES

A public use edition of the Current Population Survey, ASEC file, formerly known as the March file is available for 1976, 1978, and 1979. For 1980, 1984, and 1988 two files are available for each year. The first 1980 file contains estimates based on 1970 population counts and should be used for historical comparisons ending in 1980. The reweighted 1980 file contains estimates based on results of the 1980 census and should be used for comparisons between 1981 and 1984.

In 1984, the Bureau of the Census introduced a step into the second stage weighting procedure to control individual weights to independent estimates of the Hispanic population. Since this introduction caused a major disruption in the Hispanic estimates, two data files were created. The first file, without the Hispanic controls should be used for comparing estimates for years prior to 1984 and the second file should be used for comparison with 1985 and later files.

From March 1989 forward, March data are processed using the rewrite system. The rewrite system includes revised procedures to match supplement records to basic CPS records; revised weighting procedures; revised demographic and family edits; revised imputation procedures; and more income detail on the file.

For March 1988 there are two files, the regular Annual Demographic File and the Annual Demographic Rewrite File. The rewrite file has been prepared to allow historical comparison of data from the rewrite processing system implemented between 1988 and 1989. It is recommended that the rewrite file be used when comparing data collected from the March Annual Demographic Supplement from 1988 forward. Use the regular file, released in 1988, when comparing data from 1988 and prior years.

This is not to say, however, that comparisons cannot be made between years before and after 1988. When such analyses are done, for example between 1986 through 1989, data users must consider that similarities or differences between the data may be caused or effected by the rewritten system. Thus, comparing estimates from the 1988 rewrite files and the 1988 regular file will reveal the extent of any differences caused by the processing system changes though not the specific change. The magnitude of the difference can then be applied to the estimates from 1986 and 1989 to reveal whether any real differences exist. There were several revisions made to the processing programs; therefore, it is difficult to determine which specific revision effected the differences or similarities in the data.

Some non-March data also are available from 1968 to present. For information about the Current Population Survey and other Census Bureau data products, be sure to visit our online Question \& Answer Center on the Census Bureau's home page at http://www.census.gov/ where you can search our knowledge base and submit questions.

## FILE AVAILABILITY

You can order the file on disc from the Customer Services Center at (301) 763-INFO (4636) or through our online sales catalog (click "Catalog" on the Census Bureau's home page).

The file also will be available on the INTERNET through the FERRET System by clicking on Access Tools from the Census Bureau's Home Page at http://www.census.gov or through the CPS main page at http://www.bls.census.gov

# OVERVIEW <br> Current Population Survey 

## Introduction

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the source of the official Government statistics on employment and unemployment. The CPS has been conducted monthly for over 50 years. Currently, we interview about 57,000 households monthly, scientifically selected on the basis of area of residence to represent the Nation as a whole, individual States, and other specified areas. Each household is interviewed once a month for four consecutive months one year, and again for the corresponding time period a year later. This technique enables us to obtain month-to-month and year-to-year comparisons at a reasonable cost while minimizing the inconvenience to any one household.

Although the main purpose of the survey is to collect information on the employment situation, a very important secondary purpose is to collect information on the demographic status of the population, information such as age, sex, race, marital status, educational attainment, and family structure. From time to time additional questions are included on such important subjects as health, education, income, and previous work experience. The statistics resulting from these questions serve to update similar information collected once every 10 years through the decennial census, and are used by Government policymakers and legislators as important indicators of our Nation's economic situation and for planning and evaluating many Government programs.

The CPS provides current estimates of the economic status and activities of the population of the United States. Because it is not possible to develop one or two overall figures (such as the number of unemployed) that would adequately describe the labor market, the CPS is designed to provide a large amount of detailed and supplementary data. Such data are made available to meet a wide variety of needs on the part of users of labor market information.

Thus, the CPS is the only source of monthly estimates of total employment (both farm and nonfarm); nonfarm self-employed persons, domestics,
and unpaid workers in nonfarm family enterprises; wage and salary employees; and, finally, estimates of total unemployment.

It provides the only available distribution of workers by the number of hours worked (as distinguished from aggregate or average hours for an industry), permitting separate analyses of part-time workers, workers on overtime, etc. The survey is also the only comprehensive current source of information on the occupation of workers and the industries in which they work. Information is available from the survey not only for persons currently in the labor force but also for those who are outside the labor force. The characteristics of such persons ) whether married women with or without young children, disabled persons, students, older retired workers, etc., can be determined. Information on their current desire for work, their past work experience, and their intentions for job seeking are also available.

The Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement formerly known as the Annual Demographic File, contains the basic monthly demographic and labor force data described above, plus additional data on work experience, income, noncash benefits, and migration.

## CPS Sample

The CPS sample is based on the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States. The sample is located in 792 sample areas comprising 2,007 counties and independent cities with coverage in every State and in the District of Columbia.

In all, some 72,000 housing units or other living quarters are assigned for interview each month; about 57,000 of them containing approximately 112,000 persons 15 years old and over are interviewed. Also included are demographic data for approximately 31,000 children 0-14 years old and 450 Armed Forces members living with civilians either on or off base within these households. The remainder of the assigned housing units is found to be vacant, converted to nonresidential use, contain persons with
residence elsewhere, or are not interviewed because the residents are not found at home after repeated calls, are temporarily absent, or are unavailable for other reasons. Approximately 16,000 noninterview households are present each month. The resulting file size is approximately 160,000 records. Each year in the ASEC supplement, data are collected for Armed Forces members residing with their families in civilian housing units or on a military base. The Armed Forces members, however, are not asked the monthly labor force questions. In addition, the ASEC is supplemented with a sample of Hispanic households identified the previous November. This results in the addition of about 4,500 households (4,000
interviewed). The inclusion of the additional sample of Hispanic households began in 1976.

In 2002, the ASEC incorporated a significant sample expansion. The sample was expanded primarily to improve state estimates of children's health insurance coverage. This sample expansion, known as the CHIP sample, has three components: 1) Asking the ASEC Supplement questions of onequarter of the February and April CPS samples, that is, of the households not also included in the March sample; 2) Interviewing selected sample households from the preceding November CPS sample during he February-April period using the ASEC Supplement; and 3) Increasing the monthly CPS sample in states with high sampling errors for uninsured children. This sample increase results in the addition of about 34,500 households to the ASEC. Adding together the regular sample $(60,000)$, plus the Hispanic sample $(4,500)$, plus the CHIP sample $(34,500)$, we arrive at the total sample size for the ASEC of about 99,000 households.

A more precise explanation regarding the CPS sample design is provided in Technical Paper 63RV, The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology.

For a more detailed discussion about the basic labor force data gathered on a monthly basis in the CPS survey, see the Bureau of Labor Statistics Report No. 463 and the Current Population Report P-23, No. 62, issued jointly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of the Census in October, 1976, and entitled Concepts and Methods Used In Labor Statistics derived from the Current Population Survey.

## Questionnaire

Questionnaire facsimiles of the 2012 ASEC Supplement are shown in Appendix D in this documentation.

## Revisions to the March CPS Processing System

Introduction. Between 1988 and 1989 a new computer processing system was introduced for the March Current Population Survey. This processing system rewrite was long overdue; the system in use before this year was first introduced in March 1976 and was never fully updated to reflect the numerous questionnaire changes that had taken place since that time. In addition, the programs used to process the CPS file were written in a computer language that is being phased out of use at the Census Bureau. While the March 1989 file is the first to reflect this new processing system, the March 1988 file was reprocessed based on these new procedures in order to: 1) better evaluate the new processing procedures, and 2) allow year-to-year comparisons to be made between income years 1987 and 1988 using a consistent processing system.

While the following section deals mainly with modifications to the March imputation procedures and their subsequent effect on income and poverty rates, it should be pointed out that all of the processing programs were rewritten in 1989, so that not only are the files from 1989 forward based on a somewhat different imputation system, but also reflect a rewritten weighting system, data acceptance program, family relationship edits, and new procedures to match income supplement records to the monthly CPS file. As a result, it is difficult to ascertain whether differences (especially those based on relatively small bases) are the result of imputation or other processing differences between the original and revised files.

Since the Census Bureau began imputing the missing income data on the CPS in 1962, there have been three major revisions to the processing system (in 1967, 1976, and 1988). Through all of these revisions, the basic strategy used in make imputations has remained the same. This approach, commonly referred to as "hot deck" imputation, assigns missing responses to sample persons with information from matched sample persons with similar demographic and economic information who answered these questions.

Under the new March processing system, there were three main modifications to the income imputation programs:

1. The edits and imputations were expanded to reflect the full detail of the March income questionnaire. The original processing system was still based on a less detailed CPS income questionnaire that had not been in use since 1980.
2. Under the revised processing procedures, entire sets of March income and noncash benefits data were imputed to supplement noninterviews from the same interviewed person. Under the original processing procedures, earnings, unearned income, and noncash benefits were imputed in separate stages during the processing system. Thus, the new processing system imputes noninterviews more efficiently and is better able to preserve the correlation between earnings, unearned income, and noncash benefits.
3. Both the old and new processing systems employ what are called "statistical matches" to link sample cases with reported data to those requiring imputation for missing responses. In the original processing system, under certain circumstances, reported data were removed and replaced with imputed data during the statistical matching process. Under the new system, reported data are never removed. This was accomplished by expanding the number of statistical matches in the income imputation system.

## File Structure

There is a household record for each household or group quarters. The household record is followed by one of three possible structures:
A. If the household contains related persons and is not a group quarters household:

1. The family record appears next followed by person records for members of the family who are not also members of a related subfamily.

The person records would be ordered: family householder, spouse of family householder, children in the family, and other relatives of the family householder.
2. The above records may be followed by one or more related subfamily records, each related subfamily record being followed immediately by person records for members of that related subfamily. The person records would be ordered: reference person of the related subfamily, spouse of subfamily reference person, and children of subfamily reference person.
3. The above records may be followed by one or more unrelated subfamily records, each unrelated subfamily record being followed immediately by person records for members of that unrelated subfamily. The person records would be ordered: unrelated subfamily reference person, spouse of subfamily reference person, and children of subfamily reference person.
4. The above records may be followed by one or more persons living with nonrelatives family records, each to be followed by the person record for the unrelated individual it represents. (See Figure 1, page 2-5.)
B. If the household contains a householder with no relatives and is not a group quarters household:

1. The family record for the nonfamily householder is followed immediately by the person record for that nonfamily householder.
2. These records may be followed by one or more unrelated subfamily records, each unrelated subfamily record being followed immediately by the person records for members of that unrelated subfamily.
3. These records may be followed by one or more family records for persons living with nonrelatives, each person living with nonrelatives family record being followed immediately by the person record for that person living with nonrelatives. (See Figure 2, page 2-6.)
C. If the household is Group Quarters:

1 The family record for persons living with nonrelatives is followed immediately by the person record for that person living with nonrelatives.
2. These records may be followed by one or more unrelated subfamily records, each unrelated subfamily record being followed immediately by the person records for members of that unrelated family.

## Relationship of Current Population Survey Files to Publications

Each month, a significant amount of information about the labor force is published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the Employment and Earnings and Monthly Labor Review Reports.

As mentioned previously, the CPS also serves as a vehicle for supplemental inquiries on subjects other than employment which are periodically added to the questionnaire. From the basic and supplemental data the Bureau of the Census issues four series of publications under the general title Current Population Reports:

P-20 Population Characteristics
P-23 Special Studies
P-27 Farm Population
P-60 Consumer Income

Of particular interest to users of the ASEC microdata file would be those reports based on information collected in the ASEC. These reports include the following titles:

P-20 Population Profile of the United States: (Year)
P-20 Household and Family Characteristics: March (Year)
P-20 Households, Families, Marital Status, and Living Arrangements: March (Year)
P-20 Geographical Mobility (Years)
P-20 Educational Attainment in the United States (Years)
P-20 Persons of Hispanic Origin in the United States (Year)
P-60 Money Income and Poverty Status of Families and Persons in the United States: (Year)
P-60 Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: (Year)
P-60 Characteristics of Households Receiving Selected Noncash Benefits: (Year)

All Current Population Reports may be obtained by subscription from the U.S. Government Printing Office. Subscriptions are available as follows: Population Characteristics, Special Studies, Farm Population, and Consumer Income series (P-20, P-23, P-27, P-60) combined, $\$ 71$ per year (sold as a package only); Population Estimates and Projections (P-25), $\$ 25$ per year. Single issues may be ordered separately; ordering information and prices are in the Bureau of the Census Catalog and Guide, in Census and You, and the Monthly Product Announcement (MPA).

Figure 1. Illustration of Record Sequence for Households Containing a Family. Household Record

Family Record
Person 1 (Householder) Record
Person 2 (Spouse) Record

Person n (Family Member)
Family (Related Subfamily Record)
Person 1 (Related Subfamily Reference Person) Record Person 2 (Spouse) Record

Person n (Related Subfamily Member) Record
Family (Unrelated Subfamily) Record
Person 1 (Unrelated Subfamily Reference Person) Record Person 2 (Spouse) Record

Person n (Unrelated Subfamily Member) Record
Family (Persons Living With Nonrelatives) Record
Person 1 (Person Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Figure 2. Illustration of Record Sequence for Households Containing a Nonfamily Householder.

Household Record<br>Family (Nonfamily Householder) Record<br>Person (Nonfamily Householder) Record<br>Family (Unrelated Subfamily) Record<br>Person 1 (Unrelated Subfamily Reference Person) Record Person 2 (Spouse) Record<br>Person n (Unrelated Subfamily Member) Record<br>Family (Person Living With Nonrelatives) Record Person (Persons Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Figure 3. Illustration of Record Sequence for Group Quarters.

Household Record

Family (Persons Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Person (Persons Living With Nonrelatives) Record
Family (Unrelated Subfamily) Record

Person1 Record
Person 2 Record

Person n Record

## Geographic Limitations

One set of estimates that can be produced from CPS microdata files should be treated with caution. These are estimates for individual metropolitan areas. Although estimates for the larger areas such as New York, Los Angeles, and so forth, should be fairly accurate and valid for a multitude of uses, estimates for the smaller metropolitan areas (those with populations under 500,000 ) should be used with caution because of the relatively large sampling variability associated with these estimates. For these areas, estimates comparing percent distributions and ratios will provide data with less sampling variability than estimates of levels will.

It should be kept in mind that the sample design and methods of weighting CPS data are geared towards producing estimates for the entire Nation. Consequently, data for states are not as reliable as national data, and the file will lose some of its utility in certain applications. For further discussion of such considerations, the user should consult The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology (Technical Paper 63RV, U.S. Bureau of the Census).

The nature of the work done by each individual investigator using the microdata file will determine to what extent his/her requirements for precision will allow using some of the smaller geographic areas identified on the file.

## Weights

For all CPS data files a single weight is prepared and used to compute the monthly labor force status estimates. An additional weight was prepared for the earnings universe which roughly corresponds to wage and salary workers in the two outgoing rotations. This is explained below in the section on earnings data. However, the difference in content of the CPS ASEC Supplement requires the presentation of additional weights: a household weight, a family weight, and a supplement weight. In this section we briefly describe the construction and use of these weights. Chapter 5 of Technical paper 40, The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology provides documentation of the weighting procedures for the CPS both with and without supplement questions.

The final weight, which is the product of several adjustments, is used to produce population estimates for the various items covered in the regular monthly CPS. This weight is constructed from the basic weight for each person, which represents the probability of selection for the survey. The basic weight is adjusted for special sampling situations and failure to obtain interviews from eligible households (noninterview adjustment). A two-stage ratio estimation procedure adjusts the sample population to the known distribution of the entire population. This two-stage ratio estimation process produces factors which are applied to the basic weight (after the special weighting and noninterview adjustments are made) and results in the final weight associated with each record. In summary, the final weight is the product of: (1) the basic weight, (2) adjustments for special weighting, (3) noninterview adjustment, (4) first stage ratio adjustment factor, and (5) second stage ratio adjustment factor. This final weight should be used when producing estimates from the basic CPS data.

Differences in the questionnaire, sample and data uses for the CPS ASEC Supplement result in the need for additional adjustment procedures to produce the ASEC Supplement weight. The sample for the CPS ASEC Supplement is expanded to include male members of the Armed Forces who are living in civilian housing or with the family on a military base, as well as additional Hispanic households which are not included in the monthly labor force estimates.

The expanded sample and the need to have a husband and wife receive the same weight has resulted in a weighting system which produces the supplement weight. The supplement weight should be used for producing estimates from ASEC Supplement data.

Finally, household and family weights are the weights assigned from the householder or reference person after all adjustments have been made and should be used when tabulating estimates of familieshouseholds.

## Earnings Data

Beginning in 1982, usual hourly and weekly earnings data appear on the ASEC Supplement file (formerly known as the Annual Demographic File) for that portion of the population roughly corresponding to
wage and salary workers (self-employed persons in incorporated businesses are excluded, although they are normally included with the wage and salary population). These data are now collected on a monthly basis in the two outgoing rotation groups as part of the basic CPS labor force interview.

Since the intent of the regular collection of earnings data was to initiate a family earnings data series, all persons in the two outgoing rotations receive an "earnings weight," even if they are not eligible for the earnings item. The earnings weight is a simple ratio-estimation to the person's labor force status by age, race, and sex. When tabulating estimates of earnings based on basic CPS data, use the earnings weight.

Further information on this earnings series is contained in Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report \#601, July 1980. This report is available on request from the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D.C. 20212. Attention: Office of Inquiries and Correspondence.

NOTE: For 1982 and 1983, usual weekly earnings are not present for individuals who were not paid on an hourly basis.

## MATCHING OF MARCH CPS FILES

There are two basic limitations in linking the March CPS files across years. First, only fifty percent of the sample is included in two consecutive years. Second, the residents within the eligible housing units may have changed or appeared as noninterview records in one or both years. The result is a matched sample of considerably less than the upper limit of fifty percent. The basic procedures and variables used to link two or more March CPS files are outlined below.

## Sample Selection

The first step in matching year $t$ with year $t+1$ is to select from year $t$ those housing units with a "month in sample" value of 1 through 4,
and from year $\mathrm{t}+1$ those units with a "month in sample" value of 5 through 8 . This will identify the sample subset eligible for matching. Within this subset, housing units in year $t$, month 1 will match only with units in year $t+1$, month 5 , etc.

## Matching Housing Units

Using one or more variables, it is possible to uniquely identify each housing unit in each sample rotation. However, because of changes in CPS procedures, the available information for matching housing units is not always identical. Below are the variables available for matching March CPS files.

## Years: 1968-1971

Variables: Random Cluster Code (F6-10) and Serial Number (F11-14)
Years: 1971-1972
Changes in CPS clustering procedures and the accompanying change of household identification numbers prevent matching 1971 and 1972 March CPS files.

Years: 1972-1973
The 1972 file uses 1960 random cluster codes while the 1973 file uses 1970 random cluster codes, thus precluding the matching of records.

Years: 1973-1975
Variables: Random Cluster Code (F7-11). Segment Number (F12-16), and Serial Number (F217-218)
Years: 1975-1976
Variables: 1975: Random Cluster Code (F7-11) Segment Number (F12-16), and Serial Number (F217-218)
1976: Random Cluster Code (H35-39), Segment Number (H40-43), and Serial Number (H44-45)

Years: 1976-1977
Matching is not possible because variables required for matching are in a different format each year.

Years: 1977-1985
Variable: Household Identification Number (H18-29)

Years: 1985-1986
Matching is not possible because the 1986 file is based entirely on the 1980 census design sample.

Years: 1986-1993
Variable: Household Identification Number (H18-29)
Years: 1994-1995
(See CPS, March 1995 User Note 1.)
Years: 1995-1996
Matching is not possible because the March 1996 file is based entirely on the 1990 Census design sample.

Years: 1996-2012
Variable: Household Identification Number (H344-358)

## Matching Households, Families, and Persons

Although the information presented above allows matching of housing units across years, it is possible that the residents of the housing unit have changed. Consequently, it is necessary to perform additional matches to insure resident comparability. The specific variables used to match residents will vary according to the needs of the project but it is more efficient to arrange the matching in a hierarchical sequence. For example, matching on
sex, race and line number should precede matching on age or household relationship. The user should carefully work through the possible changes in household structure that might result in an inappropriate rejection of a household. For example, a husband-wife family in year $t$ that experienced a divorce and became a female headed household in year $\mathrm{t}+1$ would fail the test for matching sex of head. Clearly, the more criteria used in matching records will result in greater accuracy, but will also increase the expense and result in fewer matches.

## HOW TO USE THE DATA DICTIONARY

The Data Dictionary describes the contents and record layout of the public-use computer tape file. The first line of each data item description gives the data name, size of the data field, relative begin position of the field, and the range of the values.

The next few lines contain descriptive text and any applicable notes. Categorical value codes and labels are given where needed. Comment notes marked by an $\left(^{*}\right)$ are provided throughout. Comments should be removed from the machine-readable version of the data dictionary before using it to help access the data file.

Data. Alphabetic, numeric, and the special character ( - ). No other special characters are used. It may be a mnemonic such as "H-HHTYPE" or "HFIN-YN", or a sequential identifier such as "MIG-MTR1" or "SUR-SC1". Data item names are unique throughout the entire file (all 3 record types).

Size. Numeric. The size of a data item is given in characters. Indication of implied decimal places is provided in notes.

Begin. Numeric. Contains the location in the data record of the first character position of the data item field.

Category Value. Numeric. Contains the range of values for the given data item.

The first line of each data item description begins with the character "D" (left-justified, two characters). The "D" flag indicates lines in the data dictionary containing the name, size, and begin position of each data item. This information (in machine-readable form) can be used to help access the data file. The
line beginning with the character "U" describes the universe for that item. Lines containing categorical value codes and labels follow next and begin with the character "V". The special character (.) denotes the start of the value labels. Two examples of data item descriptions follow:

```
D H-HHTYPE 1% 20 (1:3)
U AlI
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
D MI G-MTR1 & 2 & 222 & \((01: 09)\)
\end{tabular}
    02. Metro to metro
    03. Metro to non-metro
    04.Non-metro to metro
    05.Non-metro to non-metro
    06.Abroad to metro
    07.Abroad to non-metro
    08. Not i n universe (Children
        - under 1 year old)
        O9.Not i dentifiable
```


## How to Distinguish Supplement Variables from Monthly Variables

Monthly variables have a prefix and trailer as follows:

1. $\mathrm{H}-, \mathrm{HG}-$, or H 1 for household record variables.
2. A-, AX, PE, PR or PX for person record variables.
3. The family record contains no monthly variables.

Supplement variables are all one string or they have a suffix. For example HFIN-YN is a supplement variable on the household record.

## Machine-Readable Data Dictionary Layout

Data dictionary lines are 46 characters. The character on the first position determines the type of lines. Each variable may have the following lines:

1. COMMENTS ( ${ }^{*}$ * " ) lines
2. DATA DICTIONARY ( " D " ) ; line and DATA DESCRIPTION
3. UNIVERSE ( " U" ) lines
4. VALUE DESCRIPTION lines
5. One blank line at the end

## FORMAT

## "*" Line ) Comments

a. " *" in the first position indicates that this is a comment line. This line can appear any place in the dictionary. It will be used for short comments or to nullify any value codes.
b. " **" in the first two positions is also comments but it has additional meaning. It indicates this is a block of comments which will be applied to several variables.

## "D" Line ) Data Dictionary

This line contains the following information:

| ID | "D" | COL. | $1-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| NAME | Variable name | COL. | $3-10$ |
| SIZE | Size of data field | COL. | $14-15$ |
| BEGIN | Begin position of data field | COL. | $19-22$ |
| CATEGORY VALUE | Range of values in parentheses | COL. | $26-46$ |

Text describing the variable will follow this "D" line. Use COL. 6-4 and repeat as many lines as necessary.

## "U" Line ) Universe Definition

This line contains the universe definition. Use COL. 3-46 and repeat as many lines as necessary.

| ID | $" U "$ | COL. | $1-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| DESCRIPTION | Universe description | COL. | $3-46$ |

(For continuation use COL. 3-46 and repeat as many lines as necessary.)

## "V" Line ) Value Definition

| ID | $" \mathrm{~V} "$ | COL. | $1-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| VALUE | Value code-right justified | COL. | $3-12$ |
| DESCRIPTION | "." | COL. | 14 |
|  | Value description | COL. | $15-46$ |

(Repeat COL. 14-46 format for continued value description.)

# DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE 2011 AND 2012 ANNUAL SOCIAL and ECONOMIC SUPPLEMENT FILES 

1. Item PEINUSYR (location 93 on the person record) has a revised description for the value of 21 (2008-2009), and has a new value of 22 (2010-2012)
2. Person Record item MWP-VAL (position 762) has been removed from the person record, and replaced with filler.
3. The household record has new items residing in positions $368-377$ :
HPROP-VAL, THPROP-VAL, and I_HPROPVAL.

## DESCRIPTION OF NEW METHOD FOR TOPCODING INCOME AND RELATED VARIABLES ON THE ASEC 2012 DATA FILE

Last year, the 2011 ASEC public use data file reflected a new disclosure avoidance method for income and medical expense dollar values. This method will continue for this and future ASEC public use files.

The old method, called "topcoding", changed income amounts above specified levels to prevent individuals from being identified (disclosure) based on the value. The old method either: 1) changed amounts above a specified topcode value to that value; or 2) replaced amounts with the mean value of all amounts above the topcode (termed topcode cutoff). These topcoding techniques have been replaced by methods that swap values between sample cases having incomes above the topcode. This method of topcoding preserves the distribution of values above the topcode while maintaining adequate disclosure avoidance.

The technique used for swapping values is termed "rank proximity swapping". Once the topcode has been established, all persons with value above the topcode cutoff are sorted by those values from lowest to highest (values equal to the specified topcode are included in the universe of those requiring topcoding). Next, the values above the topcode are systematically swapped between sample persons. The swapping occurs within a bounded interval. This bounded interval assures that the values swapped are in "proximity" to each other, yet providing a sufficiently large group of persons from which the swap partners are selected. Chart \#1 shows the topcode cutoff amount for the various sources.

The use of swapping techniques is accompanied by the procedure to round the swapped amounts. All topcoded amounts included on the public use must be rounded to two significant digits (i.e. $\$ 987,654=\$ 990,000 ; \$ 12,345=\$ 12,000 ; \$ 9,870=\$ 9,900$; rounded values will never exceed the maximum value on the file, i.e. $\$ 999,999=\$ 999,999)$.

Chart \#2 shows four variables, with their threshold cutoff amounts, added to the file in 2011 as part of the supplemental poverty measure.

## Rank Proximity Swapping

Chart \#1

## Threshold Amounts for Earnings and Income Fields

| Income Source |  | Swap Value* |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| ERN-VAL | $\$ 250,000$ |  |
| WS-VAL | 50,000 |  |
| SE-VAL | 60,000 |  |
| FRM-VAL | 40,000 |  |
| SUR-VAL1 | 75,000 |  |
| SUR-VAL2 | - |  |
| DIS-VAL1 | 44,000 |  |
| DIS-VAL2 | - |  |
| RET-VAL1 | 67,000 |  |
| RET-VAL2 | 67,000 |  |
| INT-VAL | 22,000 |  |
| DIV-VAL | 20,000 |  |
| RNT-VAL | 60,000 |  |
| ED-VAL | 25,000 |  |
| CSP-VAL | 18,300 |  |
| ALM-VAL | 96,000 |  |
| FIN-VAL | 36,000 |  |
| OI-VAL | 31,200 |  |
| CHSP-VAL | 5,600 |  |

*Values swapped are equal to and above this value

## Chart \#2

# Threshold Amounts for SPM Fields 

| Income Source | Swap Value* |
| :--- | ---: |
|  |  |
| CARE-VAL | $\$ 18,200$ |
| PHIP-VAL | 12,000 |
| PMED-VAL | 10,000 |
| POTC-VAL | 2,000 |

## Masking of income affects recode variables

The data after swapping (or masking) were used to create all combined income recodes on the file. This means, for example, that one's total income amount may include a masked amount among the income sources in the calculation. Therefore, the total income amount may seem high when analyzing family poverty ratios. Be careful when analyzing poverty data where masked income amounts appear.

## DATA DICTIONARY INDEX

## 2012 Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement

## Household Record

| Item | Mnemonic | Location |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| 1960 Census State code | GESTCEN | 40 |
| Alimony payments income | HALMVAL | 225 |
| Alimony payments received | HALM-YN | 224 |
| Allocation flags for basic CPS | H1LIVQRT | 297 |
| Allocation flags for basic CPS | H1TELAVL | 300 |
| Allocation flags for basic CPS | H1TELHHD | 299 |
| Allocation flags for basic CPS | H1TELINT | 301 |
| Allocation flags for basic CPS | H1TENURE | 295 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-CAREVAL | 399 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HENGAS | 318 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HENGVA | 319 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HFDVAL | 315 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HFLUNC | 310 |
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| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HFOODM | 317 |
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| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HHOTNO | 309 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HLOREN | 313 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HPROPVAL | 377 |
| Allocation flags for supplement household items | I-HPUBLI | 312 |
| CHAMPUS, VA, or military health care | HCHAMP | 276 |
| Child care paid while working, amount | CARE-VAL | 393 |
| Child care paid while working, anyone | HRPAIDCC | 367 |
| Child support income | HCSPVAL | 217 |
| Child support payments | HCSP-YN | 216 |
| Children receiving free lunch | HFLUNNO | 73 |
| Children receiving free or reduced price lunches | HFLUNCH | 72 |
| Consolidated Statistical Area (CSA) FIPS Code | GTCSA | 56 |
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| Disability income | HDISVAL | 169 |
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| Dividend payments | HDIV-YN | 192 |
| Education assistance income | HEDVAL | 209 |
| Educational assistance benefits | HED-YN | 208 |
| Energy assistance benefits | HENGAST | 85 |
| Energy assistance income | HENGVAL | 86 |
| Families in household | HNUMFAM | 23 |
| Farm income | HFRVAL | 107 |
| Farm self-employment | HINC-FR | 106 |
| Financial assistance income | HFINVAL | 233 |
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FIPS State Code
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Food stamps, children covered
Food stamps, months covered
Health insurance, anyone in Household
Home equity, return to
Hot lunch eaten by children at school
Hot lunch, number of children who ate at school
Household earnings, total value
Household identification number, First part of
Household identification number, Second part of
Household income
Household income percentiles
Household income percentiles, national rank
Household income, total
Household number
Household record
Household respondent line number
Household sequence number
Household status
Household type
Household type
Housing unit type
Income payments, other
Income, value of other types
Individual Principal City Code
Interest income
Interest payments, recode
Living quarters type
March supplement household weight
Medicaid, anyone in HHLD covered by
Medicare, anyone in HHLD covered by
Metropolitan area (CBSA) size code
Month in sample
Month of survey
Mortgage presence
Metropolitan CBSA FIPS Code
Metropolitan status
Number of persons in household
Number of units in this structure
Own business self-employment
Persons in household age 5 to 18
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Persons receiving WIC
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Property value, estimated
Public assistance

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| Record type indicator | HHPOS | 7 |
| Reduced rent, Federal, State, or local government paid part of cost | HLORENT | 75 |
| Region | GEREG | 39 |
| Rental income | HRNTVAL | 201 |
| Rental payments | HRNT-YN | 200 |
| Retirement income | HRETVAL | 177 |
| Retirement payments | HRET-YN | 176 |
| Self employment income | HSEVAL | 99 |
| Social Security income | HSSVAL | 131 |
| Social Security payments | HSS-YN | 130 |
| Supplemental Security benefits | HSSI-YN | 138 |
| Supplemental Security income | HSSIVAL | 139 |
| Survivor benefits | HSUR-YN | 160 |
| Survivor income | HSURVAL | 161 |
| Telephone available | H-TELAVL | 37 |
| Telephone in household | H-TELHHD | 36 |
| Telephone interview acceptable | H-TELINT | 38 |
| Tenure | H-TENURE | 35 |
| Total household income, recode | HTOTVAL | 248 |
| Topcode flag for household items | TCARE-VAL | 392 |
| Topcode flag for HPROP-VAL | THPROP-VAL | 376 |
| Type of household | H-HHTYPE | 20 |
| Unemployment compensation | HINC-UC | 114 |
| Unemployment compensation income | HUCVAL | 115 |
| Veterans payments income | HVET-YN | 152 |
| Veterans payments income | HVETVAL | 153 |
| Wage and salary | HINC-WS | 90 |
| Wages and salaries value | HWSVAL | 91 |
| WIC program benefits, anyone | HRWICYN | 386 |
| Worker's compensation income | HWCVAL | 123 |
| Workers compensation | HINC-WC | 122 |
| Year of survey | H-YEAR | 14 |

## Family Record

| Item | Mnemonic | Location |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| Allocation flags for family variables | I-FHIPVAL | 299 |
| Alimony income | FALMVAL | 182 |
| Alimony payments | FINC-ALM | 181 |
| Child support payments | FINC-CSP | 173 |
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| Compute fungible value of Medicare and Medicaid, used to | FHOUSREQ | 268 |
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| Disability payments | FINC-DIS | 125 |
| Dividend income | FDIVVAL | 150 |
| Dividend payments | FINC-DIV | 149 |
| Education benefits | FINC-ED | 165 |
| Education income | FEDVAL | 166 |
| Family earnings, total value | FEARNVAL | 213 |
| Family fungible value of medicaid | FFNGCAID | 256 |
| Family fungible value of medicare | FFNGCARE | 251 |
| Family income - other | FOIVAL | 198 |
| Family income, total other | FOTHVAL | 221 |
| Family market value of food stamps | F-MV-FS | 243 |
| Family market value of housing subsidy | FHOUSSUB | 261 |
| Family market value of school lunch | F-MV-SL | 247 |
| Family record | FRECORD | 1 |
| Family spending on medical care (excluding over-the-counter) | FMED-VAL | 292 |
| Family spending on over-the-counter medical care | FOTC-VAL | 286 |
| Family spouse index in persons record | FSPOUIDX | 19 |
| Family type | FTYPE | 10 |
| Farm income | FFRVAL | 64 |
| Farm self-employment | FINC-FR | 63 |
| Financial assistance income | FFINVAL | 190 |
| Financial assistance payments | FINC-FIN | 189 |
| Household sequence number | FH-SEQ | 2 |
| Householder or reference person weight | FSUP-WGT | 233 |
| Income percentiles | FPCTCUT | 30 |
| Index of last family member, excludes subfamily in primary family | FMLASTIDX | 23 |
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| Index to persons record of family husband | FHUSBIDX | 17 |
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| Index to persons record of family wife | FWIFEIDX | 15 |
| Interest income | FINTVAL | 142 |
| Interest payments | FINC-INT | 141 |
| Kind of family | FKIND | 9 |
| Low income cutoff dollar amount | FPOVCUT | 32 |
| Low income cutoff dollar amount of related subfamily | FRSPPCT | 42 |
| Number of persons in family | FPERSONS | 11 |
| Other income payments | FINC-OI | 197 |
| Own business self-employment | 55 |  |
| Own children in family under 6 | 25 |  |


| Own never married children under 18 | FOWNU18 | 27 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Public assistance family income | FPAWVAL | 103 |
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| Ratio of family income to low-income level | POVLL | 38 |
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| Ratio offamily income to low-income level | FAMLIS | 37 |
| Record type and sequence indicator | FFPOS | 7 |
| Record type and sequence indicator | FFPOSOLD | 241 |
| Related persons in family under 18 | FRELU18 | 29 |
| Related persons in family under 6 | FRELU6 | 28 |
| Rental family income | FRNTVAL | 158 |
| Rental payments | FINC-RNT | 157 |
| Retirement family income | FRETVAL | 134 |
| Retirement payments | FINC-RET | 133 |
| Self employment income | FSEVAL | 56 |
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| Spanish origin of reference person or spouse | FSPANISH | 231 |
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| Survivor family income | FSURVAL | 118 |
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| Total family payment for health insurance premiums | FHIP-VAL | 272 |
| Total family spending on medical out of pocket costs | FMOOP | 279 |
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| Veterans benefits | FINC-VET | 109 |
| Wage and salary | FINC-WS | 47 |
| Wages and salaries family income | FWSVAL | 48 |
| Worker's compensation family income | FWCVAL | 80 |
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## Person Record

Item

| Absent from work last week, reason | A_WHYABS | 166 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted gross income | AGI | 758 |
| AFDC or some other type of assistance received | PAW_TYP | 442 |
| Age | A_AGE | 19 |
| Age allocation flag | AXAGE | 854 |
| Age recode, persons 15+ years | AGE1 | 44 |
| Alimony income received | ALM_VAL | 561 |
| Alimony payments | ALM_YN | 560 |
| Alimony payments, topcoded flag | TALM_VAL | 1067 |
| Allocation flag for basic CPS | AXCLSWKR | 902 |
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| Allocation flag for basic CPS | AXFTPT | 910 |
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| Allocation flag for March supplement | I_CHSPVAL | 1027 |
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Class of worker
Class of worker
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Covered by a union or employee association contract
Covered by any other kind of health insurance
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Covered by champus
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Covered by employer or union a health plan (dependent)
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DEPHI 652
HI 650
OTYP_4 676
CARE 668
OTYP_5 677
OTHSTPER 678
DEPRIV 661
OUT 667
OTYP_3 675
A_HERNTF 1051
A_WERNTF 1050
PXCOHAB 863
PXDADTYP 871
PXLNDAD 867
PXLNMOM 865
PXMOMTYP 869
PECOHAB 50
PELNDAD 54
PELNMOM 52

| Mnemonic | Location |
| :--- | ---: |
| PEDADTYP | 58 |

Demographics type of Mother
PEMOMTYP58

Dependency status pointer
Detailed Hispanic recode
Detailed industry recode
Detailed occupation recode
Detailed reason for part-time
Did ...employer or union pay for all, part, or none of premium?
Did you ever serve on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces?
Disability allocation flag
Disability allocation flag
Disability allocation flag
Disability allocation flag
Disability allocation flag
Disability allocation flag
Disability flag, any disability
Disability income amount, source 1
Disability income amount, source 2
Disability income other than Social Security or Veterans benefits
Disability income, other, source 2
Disability income, source 1, topcoded flag
Disability income, source 2 , topcoded flag
Disability income, total
Disability, doctor visits, shopping alone
Disability, dressing or bathing
Disability, hearing
Disability, remembering
Disability, seeing
Disability, walking, climbing stairs
Discouraged worker recode
Dividend income, topcoded flag
Dividends received
Does ... want a regular job now, either $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{T}$ or $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{T}$
Duration of unemployment
Earn income tax credit
Earner Status Recode
Earnings before deductions, value
Earnings eligibility flag
Earnings from employer or self-employment, value topcoded
Earnings from longest job
Earnings, total value
Earnings/not in labor force weight
Education assistance, topcoded flag
Educational assistance
Educational assistance, government

| Mnemonic | Location |
| :--- | ---: |
| OED_TYP3 | 548 |
| OED_TYP2 | 547 |
| ED_VAL | 549 |
| A_HGA | 25 |

Employer contribution for health insurance
Employer or union plan covered someone outside the household
Expanded relationship categories
Expanded relationship code
Experienced labor force employment status
Family number
Family relationship
Family relationship, primary and unrelated subfamily only
Family type
Farm self employment income, value topcoded
Farm self-employment
Farm self-employment earnings value
Farm self-employment earnings, total value
Farm self-employment, own in ERN-YN or FRMOTR
Father's country of birth
Federal income tax liability, after all credits
Federal income tax liability, before credits
Federal retirement payroll deduction
Final weight
Financial assistance
Financial assistance income amount
Financial assistance, topcoded flag
First policyholder of private insurance plan
Full time labor force
Full/part-time status
Full/part-time work status
Full/part-time worker
Group health insurance, including dependents
Health insurance plan coverage in own name
Health insurance plan offered through employer or union
Health insurance plan type
Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported)
Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported)
Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported)
Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported)
Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported)
Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported)
Health insurance premium, topcoded flag
Health insurance premiums
Health plan portion paid by employer or union
Health problem or a disability which prevents working
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EMCONTRB 646
HIOUT 658
PERRP 17
A_EXPRRP 15
A_EXPLF 203
A_FAMNUM 33
A_FAMREL 36
FAMREL 39
A_FAMTYP 35
TCFFMVAL 1055
FRMOTR 393
FRM_VAL 402
FRSE_VAL 395
FRSE_YN 394
PEFNTVTY 90
FEDTAX_AC 778
FEDTAX_BC 772
FED_RET 749
A_FNLWGT 139
FIN_YN 566
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TFIN_VAL 1068
PILIN1 662
A_FTLF 206
A_WKSTAT 202
PRWKSTAT 220
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COV_GH 707
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HIEMP 644
HITYP 651
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AHITYP2 696
AHITYP3 698
AHITYP4 700
AHITYP5 702
AHITYP6 704
TPHIP_VAL 1070
PHIP_VAL 809
HIPAID 645
DIS_HP 483

Item
High school/college enrollment
Hispanic origin
Hourly earnings
Hourly earnings allocation variable
Hours per week usually worked at all jobs
Hours worked last week at all jobs
Hours worked per week
Household and family status, detailed
Household sequence number
Household summary, detailed
Imputatation flag
Imputation flag, main reason for moving
Imputation item: CARE
Imputation item: DEPHI
Imputation item: DEPRIV
Imputation item: HEA
Imputation item: HI
Imputation item: HIOUT
Imputation item: I-CAID
Imputation item: MON
Imputation item: oth
Imputation item: OTHSTPER
Imputation item: OUT
Imputation item: PAID
Imputation item: POUT
Imputation item: PRIV
Imputation items: OTHSTYP1, ..., OTHSTYP6
Imputation items: OTYP-1, ..., OTYP-5
Income received, other
Income sources, other
Income, other (amount)
Income, other persons total value
Indian Heath Service coverage recode
Individual class of worker on first job
Industry
Industry of longest job
Industry of longest job by detailed groups
Industry of longest job by major industry group
Interest income received, amount+
Interest income, topcoded flag
Interest received
Interviewer check item, no. of hours
Interviewer check item, no. of weeks
Interviewer check item, worked last year
Is ... enrolled in school as a full- time or part-time student

Mnemonic
A_HSCOL 198
PXHSPNON 861
A_HRSPAY 187
PRHERNAL 898
PEHRUSLT 228
A_HRS1 163
HRSWK 268
HHDFMX 41
PH_SEQ 2
HHDREL 38
I_MIG3 937
I_NXTRES 933
I_CARE 1011
I_DEPHI 1004
I_DEPRIV 1008
I_HEA 1018
I_HI 1003
I_HIOUT 1006
I_CAID 1012
I_MON 1013
I_OTH 1014
I_OSTPER 1016
I_OUT 1010
I_PAID 1005
I_POUT 1009
I_PRIV 1007
I_OSTYP 1017
I_OTYP 1015
OI_YN 574
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POTHVAL 596
IHSFLG 692
PEIO1COW 215
PEIOIND 168
INDUSTRY 292
WEIND 287
WEMIND 289
INT_VAL 526
TINT_VAL 1062
INT_YN 525
HRCHECK 270
WKCHECK 260
WRK_CK 252
A_FTPT 199199

| Is ... paid by the hour on this job? | A_HRLYWK | 186 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labor force by time worked or lost | A_WKSCH | 204 |
| Labor force status recode | A_LFSR | 200 |
| Last work for pay at a regular job or business, either F/T | A_NLFLJ | 181 |
| Line number | A_LINENO | 11 |
| Line number of policyholder by employer or union health ins | HILIN1 | 653 |
| Line number of policyholder by employer or union health ins | HILIN2 | 655 |
| Longest job class of worker | WECLW | 282 |
| Longest job class of worker recode | CLWK | 281 |
| Looking for work | NWLOOK | 254 |
| Low-income level of persons recode | PERLIS | 606 |
| Major industry code | A_MJIND | 207 |
| Major occupation code | A_MJOCC | 211 |
| March supplement final weight | MARSUPWT | 155 |
| Marginal tax rate | MARG_TAX | 724 |
| Marital status | A_MARITL | 21 |
| Medicaid coverage | MCAID | 635 |
| Medical expenditures | PMED_VAL | 820 |
| Medical expenditures, over-the-counter | POTC_VAL | 815 |
| Medical expenditures, over-the-counter, topcoded flag | TPOTC_VAL | 1071 |
| Medical expenditures, topcoded flag | TPMED_VAL | 1072 |
| Medical out of pocket expenditures | MOOP | 802 |
| Medicare coverage | MCARE | 629 |
| Member of labor union/employee association | A_UNMEM | 195 |
| MIGSAME Imputatation flag | I_MIG1 | 934 |
| MIG-ST imputation flag | I_MIG2 | 935 |
| Money earned from other work | ERN_OTR | 354 |
| Monthly labor force recode | PEMLR | 218 |
| Months covered by medicaid (or local name) | MON | 670 |
| Mother's country of birth | PEMNTVTY | 87 |
| MSA status description of residence last year | MIG_CBST | 323 |
| NLF activity in school or not in school | PRNLFSCH | 227 |
| No dividends received | DIV_NON | 532 |
| Nonfarm self employment income, value topcoded | TCSEVAL | 1054 |
| Not looking for work reason | PYRSN | 859 |
| Number of employers | PHMEMPRS | 267 |
| Occupation | OCCUP | 296 |
| Occupation | PEIOOCC | 172 |
| Occupation of longest job | POCCU2 | 283 |
| Occupation of longest job by major groups | WEMOCG | 285 |
| Other income value topcoded | TOI_VAL | 1069 |
| Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) | OTHSTYP1 | 679 |
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| Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) | OTHSTYP4 | 685 |
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Item
Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....)
Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....)
Other wage and salary earnings
Own business self-employment
Own business self-employment earnings amount, other work
Own business self-employment earnings, total value
Own business self-employment, other work
Parent(s) present
Parent's line number
Pension or retirement income other than Social Sec. or Veterans benefits
Pension plan participant
Pension plan provided by employer or union
Person income, total
Person income, total
Person market value of medicaid
Person market value of medicare
Person match, 665
Person record
Persons who work for employer, total number of
Poverty universe
Primary family relationship
Private health insurance plan coverage
Private health insurance plan type
Private health insurance, including dependents
Private plan covered someone outside the household
Public assistance or welfare value received
Public assistance received
Race
Reason for absence from work
Reason for not working
Reason for unemployment
Receiving wages or salary for time off
Recode - CBSA status of residence 1 year ago
Recode - Census division of current residence
Recode - Census division of previous residence
Recode - FIPS state code of previous residence
Recode - Region of previous residence
Recode migration
Recode migration
Recode migration
Record type and sequence indicator
Record type and sequence indicator
Relationship to reference person allocation flag for basic CPS
Rent income amount
Rent income received

Mnemonic
OTHSTYP5
OTHSTYP6
WAGEOTR
SEMP_YN
SE_VAL
SEMP_VAL
SEOTR
PARENT
A_PARENT
RET_YN
PENINCL
PENPLAN
PTOT_R
PTOTVAL
P_MVCAID
P_MVCARE
FL_665
PRECORD
NOEMP
POV_UNIV
A_PFREL 37
HI_YN 642
PRITYP 660
COV_HI 708
POUT 666
PAW_VAL 445
PAW_YN
PRDTRACE
PEABSRSN
RSNNOTW
PRUNTYPE
A_PAYABS
MIG_DSCP
GEDIV
MIG_DIV
MIG_ST
MIG_REG
MIG_MTR1
MIG_MTR3
MIG_MTR4
PPPOS
PPPOSOLD
AXRRP
RNT_VAL
RNT_YN506

Location

```687
```68936238051938737943135147327316045806366301181300607376607084454412722553921916732832933032632533233433579853540

Item
Rent income, topcoded flag
Retire or leave a job for health reasons
Retirement income amount, type 1
Retirement income amount, type 2
Retirement income received, total amount
Retirement income source, type 1
Retirement income, other source, type 2
Retirement income, source 1, topcoded flag
Retirement income, source 2, topcoded flag
Second policyholder of private insurance plan
Sequence number pointer to family record
Sequence number pointer to own family record in household
Sex
Sex allocation flag for basic CPS
Social Security income, reason 1
Social Security income, reason 2
Social Security payments received
Social Security payments received, value
Social Security payments, months received
Social Security retirement payroll
Social Security, child received
Source of earnings from longest job
Source of income, disability income, source 1
Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino
Spouse's line number
Spouse's line number allocation flag for basic CPS
State income tax liability, after all credits
State income tax liability, before credits
Status of person identifier
Stock dividends value
Supplemental Security income amount received
Supplemental Security income received
Supplemental Security income, child received
Supplemental Security income, reason 1
Supplemental Security income, reason 2
Supplemental unemployment benefits received
Survivor's benefits other than Social Security or Veterans benefits
Survivor's income received, total
Survivor's income, source 1
Survivor's income, source 1 amount
Survivors income, source 1, topcoded flag
Survivor's income, source 2
Survivor's income, source 2 amount
Survivors income, source 2, topcoded flag
Tax filer status
\(\begin{array}{cc}\text { Mnemonic } & \text { Location } \\ \text { TRNT VAL } & 1064\end{array}\)
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RET_VAL1 508
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RTM_VAL 257
RET_SC1 960
RET_SC2 507
TRETVAL1 1060
TRETVAL2 1061
PILIN2 664
PF_SEQ 48
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PEHSPNON 31
A_SPOUSE 22
AXSPOUSE 856
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P_STAT 29
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SUR_VAL1 467
TSURVAL1 1056
SUR_SC2 465
SUR_VAL2 472
TSURVAL2 1057
FILESTAT 733
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Taxable income amount & TAX_INC & 765 \\
\hline Temporary, part-time, or seasonal work & WTEMP & 253 \\
\hline Total wage and salary earnings value & WSAL_VAL & 364 \\
\hline Type of person record recode & PRPERTYP & 30 \\
\hline Unemployment compensation benefits received & UC_YN & 408 \\
\hline Unemployment compensation benefits value & UC_VAL & 411 \\
\hline Unemployment, reason & A_UNTYPE & 201 \\
\hline Union unemployment or strike benefits received & STRKUC & 410 \\
\hline Unique Person identifier & PERIDNUM & 96 \\
\hline Usual hrs worked per week & A_USLHRS & 184 \\
\hline VA annual income questionnaire requirement & VET_QVA & 456 \\
\hline Veterans payments income & VET_VAL & 457 \\
\hline Veterans payments received & VET_YN & 450 \\
\hline Veterans payments, type 1 & VET_TYP1 & 451 \\
\hline Veterans payments, type 2 & VET_TYP2 & 452 \\
\hline Veterans payments, type 3 & VET_TYP3 & 453 \\
\hline Veterans payments, type 4 & VET_TYP4 & 454 \\
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\hline Wage and salary earnings in ERN-YN or WAGEOTR & WSAL_YN & 363 \\
\hline Wage and salary earnings, other, amount & WS_VAL & 371 \\
\hline Wage and salary income, value topcoded & TCWSVAL & 1053 \\
\hline Was ... living in this house (apt.) 1 year ago? & MIGSAME & 324 \\
\hline Weekly earnings - hourly workers (gross) & A_GRSWK & 191 \\
\hline Weekly earnings allocation variable & PRWERNAL & 897 \\
\hline Weeks looking for job & WEUEMP & 279 \\
\hline Weeks looking for work & LKWEEKS & 263 \\
\hline Weeks looking for work in one stretch & LKSTRCH & 265 \\
\hline Weeks looking for work on layoff & NWLKWK & 255 \\
\hline Weeks lost from work & LOSEWKS & 261 \\
\hline Weeks nonworker looked for job & WELKNW & 278 \\
\hline Weeks worked & WKSWORK & 258 \\
\hline Weeks worked last year & WEWKRS & 277 \\
\hline Weeks worked less than 35 hours & PTWEEKS & 272 \\
\hline Weeks worked, remaining & LKNONE & 262 \\
\hline What was ... main reason for moving? & NXTRES & 321 \\
\hline When did ... last work? & A_WHENLJ & 180 \\
\hline When did you serve & PEAFWHN4 & 68 \\
\hline When did you serve? & PEAFWHN2 & 64 \\
\hline When did you serve? & PEAFWHN3 & 66 \\
\hline When did you serve? & PEAFWHN1 & 62 \\
\hline WIC benefits received & WICYN & 608 \\
\hline Work expenses & PRSWKXPNS & 796 \\
\hline Worked 35 hours or more a week at job & A_USLFT & 165 \\
\hline Worked at job or business during year & WORKYN & 251 \\
\hline Worked less than 35 hours & PTYN & 271 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Worked less than 35 hours per week, reason
Mnemonic
Location

Worker's compensation payments received
Worker's compensation payments, type
Worker's compensation payments, value
Would you say ...'s health in general is:
Year of entry to the U.S.

PTRSN
WC_YN 274

WC_TYPE 416

WC_VAL 417

HEA 691
PEINUSYR 93

\section*{2012 Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement}

\section*{Household Record}
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\hline GESTFIPS & FIPS State Code & 42 \\
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\hline GTCBSAST & Principal City/Balance Status & 52 \\
\hline GTCBSASZ & Metropolitan Area (CBSA) Size Code & 55 \\
\hline GTCO & FIPS County Code & 49 \\
\hline GTINDVPC & Individual Principal City Code & 54 \\
\hline GTMETSTA & Metropolitan Status & 53 \\
\hline H1LIVQRT & Allocation flags for basic CPS & 297 \\
\hline H1TELAVL & Allocation flags for basic CPS & 300 \\
\hline H1TELHHD & Allocation flags for basic CPS & 299 \\
\hline H1TELINT & Allocation flags for basic CPS & 301 \\
\hline H1TENURE & Allocation flags for basic CPS & 295 \\
\hline H-HHNUM & Household number & 30 \\
\hline H-HHTYPE & Type of household & 20 \\
\hline H-IDNUM1 & Household identification number, First part of & 344 \\
\hline H-IDNUM2 & Household identification number, Second part of & 320 \\
\hline H-LIVQRT & Living quarters type & 31 \\
\hline H-MIS & Month in sample & 29 \\
\hline H-MONTH & Month of survey & 26 \\
\hline H-NUMPER & Number of persons in household & 21 \\
\hline H-RESPNM & Household respondent line number & 12 \\
\hline H-SEQ & Household sequence number & 2 \\
\hline H-TELAVL & Telephone available & 37 \\
\hline H-TELHHD & Telephone in household & 36 \\
\hline H-TELINT & Telephone interview acceptable & 38 \\
\hline H-TENURE & Tenure & 35 \\
\hline H-TYPE & Household type & 25 \\
\hline H-TYPEBC & Housing unit type & 33 \\
\hline H-YEAR & Year of survey & 14 \\
\hline HALM-YN & Alimony payments received & 224 \\
\hline HALMVAL & Alimony payments income & 225 \\
\hline HCHAMP & CHAMPUS, VA, or military health care & 276 \\
\hline HCSP-YN & Child support payments & 216 \\
\hline HCSPVAL & Child support income & 217 \\
\hline HDIS-YN & Disability benefits & 168 \\
\hline HDISVAL & Disability income & 169 \\
\hline HDIV-YN & Dividend payments & 192 \\
\hline HDIVVAL & Dividend income & 193 \\
\hline HEARNVAL & Household earnings, total value & 256 \\
\hline HED-YN & Educational assistance benefits & 208 \\
\hline HEDVAL & Education assistance income & 209 \\
\hline VARIABLE LIS & & 7-1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
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\hline Mnemonic & Item & Location \\
\hline HEFAMINC & Control Card Family Income & 10 \\
\hline HENGAST & Energy assistance benefits & 85 \\
\hline HENGVAL & Energy assistance income & 86 \\
\hline HFDVAL & Food stamps value & 387 \\
\hline HFIN-YN & Financial assistance payments & 232 \\
\hline HFINVAL & Financial assistance income & 233 \\
\hline HFLUNCH & Children receiving free or reduced price lunches & 72 \\
\hline HFLUNNO & Children receiving free lunch & 73 \\
\hline HFOODMO & Food stamps, months covered & 79 \\
\hline HFOODNO & Food stamps, children covered & 77 \\
\hline HFOODSP & Food stamps recipients & 76 \\
\hline HFRVAL & Farm income & 107 \\
\hline HG-MSAC & MSA or PMSA FIPS Code & 44 \\
\hline HH5TO18 & Persons in household age 5 to 18 & 68 \\
\hline HHI-YN & Health insurance, anyone in Household & 277 \\
\hline HHINC & Household income, total & 272 \\
\hline HHOTLUN & Hot lunch eaten by children at school & 70 \\
\hline HHOTNO & Hot lunch, number of children who ate at school & 71 \\
\hline HHPOS & Record type indicator & 7 \\
\hline HHSTATUS & Household status & 278 \\
\hline HINC-FR & Farm self-employment & 106 \\
\hline HINC-SE & Own business self-employment & 98 \\
\hline HINC-UC & Unemployment compensation & 114 \\
\hline HINC-WC & Workers compensation & 122 \\
\hline HINC-WS & Wage and salary & 90 \\
\hline HINT-YN & Interest payments, recode & 184 \\
\hline HINTVAL & Interest income & 185 \\
\hline HLORENT & Reduced rent, Federal, State, or local government paid part of cost & 75 \\
\hline HMCAID & Medicaid, anyone in HHLD covered by & 275 \\
\hline HMCARE & Medicare, anyone in HHLD covered by & 274 \\
\hline HNUMFAM & Families in household & 23 \\
\hline HOI-YN & Income payments, other & 240 \\
\hline HOIVAL & Household income & 241 \\
\hline HOTHVAL & Income, value of other types & 264 \\
\hline HOUSRET & Home equity, return to & 337 \\
\hline HPAW-YN & Public assistance & 145 \\
\hline HPAWVAL & Public assistance income & 146 \\
\hline HPCTCUT & Household income percentiles, national rank & 282 \\
\hline HPMSASZ & MSA/PMSA size & 56 \\
\hline HPRES-MORT & Mortgage presence & 400 \\
\hline HPROP-VAL & Property value, estimated & 368 \\
\hline HPUBLIC & Public housing project & 74 \\
\hline HRECORD & Household record & 1 \\
\hline HRET-YN & Retirement payments & 176 \\
\hline HRETVAL & Retirement income & 177 \\
\hline HRHTYPE & Household type & 342 \\
\hline HRNT-YN & Rental payments & 200 \\
\hline HRNTVAL & Rental income & 201 \\
\hline HRNUMWIC & Persons receiving WIC & 383 \\
\hline HRPAIDCC & Child care paid while working, anyone & 367 \\
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\hline HSEVAL & Self employment income & 99 \\
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\hline
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HSSIVAL & Supplemental Security income & 131 \\
HSSVAL & Social Security income & 287 \\
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HSUR-YN & Survivor benefits & 161 \\
HSURVAL & Survivor income & 281 \\
HTOP5PCT & Household income percentiles & 248 \\
HTOTVAL & Total household income, recode & 115 \\
HUCVAL & Unemployment compensation income & 60 \\
HUNDER15 & Persons in household under age 15 & 279 \\
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HUNITS & Number of units in this structure & 152 \\
HVET-YN & Veterans payments income & 153 \\
HVETVAL & Veterans payments income & 123 \\
HWCVAL & Worker's compensation income & 91 \\
HWSVAL & Wages and salaries value & 399 \\
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I-HENGAS & Allocation flags for supplement household items & 319 \\
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I-HFLUNC & Allocation flags for supplement household items & 311 \\
I-HFLUNN & Allocation flags for supplement household items & 317 \\
I-HFOODM & Allocation flags for supplement household items & 316 \\
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I-HFOODS & Allocation flags for supplement household items & 308 \\
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TCARE-VAL & Topcode flag for household items & 376 \\
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& & 2
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\section*{Family Record}
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\hline Mnemonic & Item & Location \\
\hline F-MV-FS & Family market value of food stamps & 243 \\
\hline F-MV-SL & Family market value of school lunch & 247 \\
\hline FALMVAL & Alimony income & 182 \\
\hline FAMLIS & Ratio offamily income to low-income level & 37 \\
\hline FCSPVAL & Child support value & 174 \\
\hline FDISVAL & Disability income & 126 \\
\hline FDIVVAL & Dividend income & 150 \\
\hline FEARNVAL & Family earnings, total value & 213 \\
\hline FEDVAL & Education income & 166 \\
\hline FFINVAL & Financial assistance income & 190 \\
\hline FFNGCAID & Family fungible value of medicaid & 256 \\
\hline FFNGCARE & Family fungible value of medicare & 251 \\
\hline FFOODREQ & Compute fungible value of food stamps, used to & 264 \\
\hline FFPOS & Record type and sequence indicator & 7 \\
\hline FFPOSOLD & Record type and sequence indicator & 241 \\
\hline FFRVAL & Farm income & 64 \\
\hline FH-SEQ & Household sequence number & 2 \\
\hline FHEADIDX & Index to persons record of family reference person & 13 \\
\hline FHIP-VAL & Total family payment for health insurance premiums & 272 \\
\hline FHOUSREQ & Compute fungible value of Medicare and Medicaid, used to & 268 \\
\hline FHOUSSUB & Family market value of housing subsidy & 261 \\
\hline FHUSBIDX & Index to persons record of family husband & 17 \\
\hline FINC-ALM & Alimony payments & 181 \\
\hline FINC-CSP & Child support payments & 173 \\
\hline FINC-DIS & Disability payments & 125 \\
\hline FINC-DIV & Dividend payments & 149 \\
\hline FINC-ED & Education benefits & 165 \\
\hline FINC-FIN & Financial assistance payments & 189 \\
\hline FINC-FR & Farm self-employment & 63 \\
\hline FINC-INT & Interest payments & 141 \\
\hline FINC-OI & Other income payments & 197 \\
\hline FINC-PAW & Public assistance or welfare benefits & 102 \\
\hline FINC-RET & Retirement payments & 133 \\
\hline FINC-RNT & Rental payments & 157 \\
\hline FINC-SE & Own business self-employment & 55 \\
\hline FINC-SS & Social Security benefits & 87 \\
\hline FINC-SSI & Supplemental Security benefits & 95 \\
\hline FINC-SUR & Survivor's payments & 117 \\
\hline FINC-UC & Unemployment compensation & 71 \\
\hline FINC-VET & Veterans benefits & 109 \\
\hline FINC-WC & Workers compensation & 79 \\
\hline FINC-WS & Wage and salary & 47 \\
\hline FINTVAL & Interest income & 142 \\
\hline FKIND & Kind of family & 9 \\
\hline FLASTIDX & Index of last family member, includes subfamily in primary family & 21 \\
\hline FMED-VAL & Family spending on medical care (excluding over-the-counter) & 292 \\
\hline FMLASTIDX & Index of last family member, excludes subfamily in primary family & 23 \\
\hline FMOOP & Total family spending on medical out of pocket costs & 279 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{llr} 
Mnemonic & Item & Location \\
FOIVAL & Family income - other & 198 \\
FOTHVAL & Family income, total other & 221 \\
FOTC-VAL & Family spending on over-the-counter medical care & 286 \\
FOWNU18 & Own never married children under 18 & 27 \\
FOWNU6 & Own children in family under 6 & 25 \\
FPAWVAL & Public assistance family income & 103 \\
FPCTCUT & Income percentiles & 30 \\
FPERSONS & Number of persons in family & 11 \\
FPOVCUT & Low income cutoff dollar amount & 32 \\
FRECORD & Family record & 1 \\
FRELU18 & Related persons in family under 18 & 29 \\
FRELU6 & Related persons in family under 6 & 28 \\
FRETVAL & Retirement family income & 134 \\
FRNTVAL & Rental family income & 158 \\
FRSPOV & Ratio of related subfamily income to low-income level & 40 \\
FRSPPCT & Low income cutoff dollar amount of related subfamily & 42 \\
FSEVAL & Self employment income & 56 \\
FSPANISH & Spanish origin of reference person or spouse & 231 \\
FSPOUIDX & Family spouse index in persons record & 19 \\
FSSIVAL & Supplemental Security family income & 96 \\
FSSVAL & Social Security family income family income & 88 \\
FSUP-WGT & Householder or reference person weight & 233 \\
FSURVAL & Survivor family income & 118 \\
FTOT-R & Total family income & 229 \\
FTOTVAL & Total family income & 205 \\
FTYPE & Family type & 10 \\
FUCVAL & Unemployment compensation family income & 72 \\
FVETVAL & Veteran payments family income & 110 \\
FWCVAL & Worker's compensation family income & 80 \\
FWIFEIDX & Index to persons record of family wife & 15 \\
FWSVAL & Wages and salaries family income & 48 \\
I-FHIPVAL & Allocation flags for family variables & 299 \\
POVLL & Ratio of family income to low-income level & 38 \\
& &
\end{tabular}

\section*{Person Record}
\begin{tabular}{llr} 
Mnemonic & Item & Location \\
& & \\
A-AGE & Age & 19 \\
A-CIVLF & Civilian labor force & 205 \\
A-CLSWKR & Class of worker & 176 \\
A-DTIND & Detailed industry recode & 209 \\
A-DTOCC & Detailed occupation recode & 213 \\
A-ENRLW & Attending or enrolled in a high school, college or university & 197 \\
A-ERNLWT & Earnings/not in labor force weight & 147 \\
A-EXPLF & Experienced labor force employment status & 203 \\
A-EXPRRP & Expanded relationship code & 15 \\
A-FAMNUM & Family number & 33 \\
A-FAMREL & Family relationship & 36 \\
A-FAMTYP & Family type & 35 \\
A-FNLWGT & Final weight & 139 \\
A-FTLF & Full time labor force & 206 \\
A-FTPT & Is ... enrolled in school as a full- time or part-time student & 199 \\
A-GRSWK & Weekly earnings - hourly workers (gross) & 191 \\
A-HERNTF & Current earnings - Hourly pay, value topcoded & 1051 \\
A-HGA & Educational attainment & 25 \\
A-HRLYWK & Is ... paid by the hour on this job? & 186 \\
A-HRS1 & Hours worked last week at all jobs & 163 \\
A-HRSPAY & Hourly earnings & 187 \\
A-HSCOL & High school/college enrollment & 198 \\
A-LFSR & Labor force status recode & 200 \\
A-LINENO & Line number & 11 \\
A-MARITL & Marital status & 21 \\
A-MJIND & Major industry code & 1050 \\
A-MJOCC & Major occupation code & 207 \\
A-NLFLJ & Last work for pay at a regular job or business, either F/T & 211 \\
A-PARENT & Parent's line number & 181 \\
A-PAYABS & Receiving wages or salary for time off & 13 \\
A-PFREL & Primary family relationship & 167 \\
A-SEX & Sex & 37 \\
A-SPOUSE & Spouse's line number & 24 \\
A-UNCOV & Covered by a union or employee association contract & 222 \\
A-UNMEM & Member of labor union/employee association & 196 \\
A-UNTYPE & Unemployment, reason & 195 \\
A-USLFT & Worked 35 hours or more a week at job & 201 \\
A-USLHRS & Usual hrs worked per week & 165 \\
A-WANTJB & Does ... want a regular job now, either F/T or P/T & 184 \\
A-WERNTF & Current earnings - Weekly pay, value topcoded & 2
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline A-WHENLJ & When did ... last work? & 180 \\
\hline A-WHYABS & Absent from work last week, reason & 166 \\
\hline A-WKSCH & Labor force by time worked or lost & 204 \\
\hline A-WKSLK & Duration of unemployment & 177 \\
\hline A-WKSTAT & Full/part-time status & 202 \\
\hline ACTC-CRD & Child tax credit, additional & 740 \\
\hline AGE1 & Age recode, persons 15+ years & 44 \\
\hline AGI & Adjusted gross income & 758 \\
\hline AHIPER & Covered by any plan (where previously reported no coverage) & 693 \\
\hline AHITYP1 & Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported) & 694 \\
\hline AHITYP2 & Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported) & 696 \\
\hline AHITYP3 & Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported) & 698 \\
\hline AHITYP4 & Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported) & 700 \\
\hline AHITYP5 & Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported) & 702 \\
\hline AHITYP6 & Health insurance plan type (where previously no coverage reported) & 704 \\
\hline ALM-VAL & Alimony income received & 561 \\
\hline ALM-YN & Alimony payments & 560 \\
\hline AXAGE & Age allocation flag & 854 \\
\hline AXCLSWKR & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 902 \\
\hline AXENRLW & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 908 \\
\hline AXFTPT & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 910 \\
\hline AXHGA & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 858 \\
\hline AXHRLYWK & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 905 \\
\hline AXHRS & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 899 \\
\hline AXHSCOL & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 909 \\
\hline AXLFSR & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 911 \\
\hline AXMARITL & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 855 \\
\hline AXNLFLJ & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 903 \\
\hline AXPAYABS & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 901 \\
\hline AXRRP & Relationship to reference person allocation flag for basic CPS & 853 \\
\hline AXSEX & Sex allocation flag for basic CPS & 857 \\
\hline AXSPOUSE & Spouse's line number allocation flag for basic CPS & 856 \\
\hline AXUNCOV & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 907 \\
\hline AXUNMEM & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 906 \\
\hline AXUSLHRS & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 904 \\
\hline AXWHYABS & Allocation flag for basic CPS & 900 \\
\hline CAID & Covered by (medicaid/local name) & 669 \\
\hline CARE & Covered by medicare & 668 \\
\hline CH-HI & Child covered by health insurance & 710 \\
\hline CH-MC & Child covered by medicare/medicaid & 709 \\
\hline CHAMP & Covered by Champus, VA, or military health care & 641 \\
\hline CHELSEW-YN & Child outside the household & 832 \\
\hline CHSP-VAL & Child support paid amount & 826 \\
\hline CHSP-YN & Child support required to be paid & 831 \\
\hline VARIABLE LISTING & & 7-7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
CLWK Longest job class of worker recode ..... 281
COV-GH Group health insurance, including dependents ..... 707
COV-HI Private health insurance, including dependents ..... 708
CSP-VAL Child support payments value ..... 555
CSP-YN Child support payments received ..... 554
CTC-CRD Child tax credit ..... 726
DEP-STAT Dependency status pointer ..... 734
DEPHI Covered by employer or union a health plan (dependent) ..... 652
DEPRIV Covered by private plan not related to employment (dependent) ..... 661
DIS-CS Retire or leave a job for health reasons ..... 484
DIS-HP Health problem or a disability which prevents working ..... 483
DIS-SC1 Source of income, disability income, source 1 ..... 486
DIS-SC2 Disability income, other, source 2 ..... 488
DIS-VAL1 Disability income amount, source 1 ..... 490
DIS-VAL2 Disability income amount, source 2 ..... 495
DIS-YN
Disability income other than Social Security or Veterans benefits ..... 485
DIV-NON No dividends received ..... 532
DIV-VAL Stock dividends value ..... 533
DIV-YN Dividends received ..... 531
DSAB-VAL Disability income, total ..... 500
EARNER Earner Status Recode ..... 280
ED-VAL Educational assistance, total value ..... 549
ED-YN Educational assistance ..... 545
EIT-CRED Earn income tax credit ..... 736
EMCONTRB Employer contribution for health insurance ..... 646
ERN-OTR Money earned from other work ..... 354
ERN-SRCE Source of earnings from longest job ..... 353
ERN-VAL Earnings before deductions, value ..... 355
ERN-YN Earnings from longest job ..... 352
FAMREL Family relationship, primary and unrelated subfamily only ..... 39
FED-RET Federal retirement payroll deduction ..... 753
FEDTAX-AC Federal income tax liability, after all credits ..... 778
FEDTAX-BC Federal income tax liability, before credits ..... 772
FICA Social Security retirement payroll ..... 744
FILESTAT Tax filer status ..... 733
FIN-VAL Financial assistance income amount ..... 567
FIN-YN Financial assistance ..... 566
FL-665 Person match, 665 ..... 118
FRM-VAL Farm self-employment earnings value ..... 402
FRMOTR Farm self-employment ..... 393
FRSE-VAL Farm self-employment earnings, total value ..... 395FRSE-YNGEDIVHEA
Farm self-employment, own in ERN-YN or FRMOTR ..... 394
Recode - Census division of current residence ..... 329
Would you say ...'s health in general is: ..... 691
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline HHDFMX & Household and family status, detailed & 41 \\
\hline HHDREL & Household summary, detailed & 38 \\
\hline HI & Covered by employer or union health plan (policyholder) & 650 \\
\hline HI-YN & Private health insurance plan coverage & 642 \\
\hline HIEMP & Health insurance plan offered through employer or union & 644 \\
\hline HILIN1 & Line number of policyholder by employer or union health ins & 653 \\
\hline HILIN2 & Line number of policyholder by employer or union health ins & 655 \\
\hline HIOUT & Employer or union plan covered someone outside the household & 658 \\
\hline HIOWN & Health insurance plan coverage in own name & 643 \\
\hline HIPAID & Health plan portion paid by employer or union & 645 \\
\hline HITYP & Health insurance plan type & 651 \\
\hline HRCHECK & Interviewer check item, no. of hours & 270 \\
\hline HRSWK & Hours worked per week & 268 \\
\hline I-ALMVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 998 \\
\hline I-ALMYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 997 \\
\hline I-CAID & Imputation item: I-CAID & 1012 \\
\hline I-CARE & Imputation item: CARE & 1011 \\
\hline I-CHELSEWYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1029 \\
\hline I-CHSPVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1027 \\
\hline I-CHSPYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1028 \\
\hline I-CSPVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 996 \\
\hline I-CSPYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 995 \\
\hline I-DEPHI & Imputation item: DEPHI & 1004 \\
\hline I-DEPRIV & Imputation item: DEPRIV & 1008 \\
\hline I-DISCS & Allocation flag for March supplement & 976 \\
\hline I-DISHP & Allocation flag for March supplement & 975 \\
\hline I-DISSC1 & Allocation flag for March supplement & 977 \\
\hline I-DISSC2 & Allocation flag for March supplement & 978 \\
\hline I-DISVL1 & Allocation flag for March supplement & 979 \\
\hline I-DISVL2 & Allocation flag for March supplement & 980 \\
\hline I-DISYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 938 \\
\hline I-DIVVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 988 \\
\hline I-DIVYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 987 \\
\hline I-EDTYP1 & Allocation flag for March supplement & 992 \\
\hline I-EDTYP2 & Allocation flag for March supplement & 993 \\
\hline I-EDYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 991 \\
\hline I-ERNSRC & Allocation flag for March supplement & 940 \\
\hline I-ERNVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 941 \\
\hline I-ERNYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 939 \\
\hline I-FINVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1000 \\
\hline I-FINYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 999 \\
\hline I-FRMVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 948 \\
\hline I-FRMYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 947 \\
\hline I-HEA & Imputation item: HEA & 1018 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline I-HI & Imputation item: HI & 1003 \\
\hline I-HIOUT & Imputation item: HIOUT & 1006 \\
\hline I-HRCHK & Allocation flag for March supplement & 925 \\
\hline I-HRSWK & Allocation flag for March supplement & 924 \\
\hline I-INDUS & Allocation flag for March supplement & 930 \\
\hline I-INTVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 986 \\
\hline I-INTYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 985 \\
\hline I-LJCW & Allocation flag for March supplement & 929 \\
\hline I-LKSTR & Allocation flag for March supplement & 921 \\
\hline I-LKWEEK & Allocation flag for March supplement & 920 \\
\hline I-LOSEWK & Allocation flag for March supplement & 919 \\
\hline I-MIG1 & MIGSAME Imputatation flag & 934 \\
\hline I-MIG2 & MIG-ST imputation flag & 935 \\
\hline I-MIG3 & Imputatation flag & 937 \\
\hline I-MON & Imputation item: MON & 1013 \\
\hline I-NOEMP & Allocation flag for March supplement & 932 \\
\hline I-NWLKWK & Allocation flag for March supplement & 915 \\
\hline I-NWLOOK & Allocation flag for March supplement & 914 \\
\hline I-NXTRES & Imputation flag, main reason for moving & 933 \\
\hline I-OCCUP & Allocation flag for March supplement & 931 \\
\hline I-OEDVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 994 \\
\hline I-OIVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1001 \\
\hline I-OSTPER & Imputation item: OTHSTPER & 1016 \\
\hline I-OSTYP & Imputation items: OTHSTYP1, ..., OTHSTYP6 & 1017 \\
\hline I-OTH & Imputation item: oth & 1014 \\
\hline I-OTYP & Imputation items: OTYP-1, .., OTYP-5 & 1015 \\
\hline I-OUT & Imputation item: OUT & 1010 \\
\hline I-PAID & Imputation item: PAID & 1005 \\
\hline I-PAWMO & Allocation flag for March supplement & 964 \\
\hline I-PAWTYP & Allocation flag for March supplement & 963 \\
\hline I-PAWVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 965 \\
\hline I-PAWYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 961 \\
\hline I-PCHIP & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1021 \\
\hline I-PENINC & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1023 \\
\hline I-PENPLA & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1022 \\
\hline I-PHIPVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1024 \\
\hline I-PHMEMP & Allocation flag for March supplement & 923 \\
\hline I-PMEDVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1026 \\
\hline I-POTCVAL & Allocation flag for March supplement & 1025 \\
\hline I-POUT & Imputation item: POUT & 1009 \\
\hline I-PRIV & Imputation item: PRIV & 1007 \\
\hline I-PTRSN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 928 \\
\hline I-PTWKS & Allocation flag for March supplement & 927 \\
\hline I-PTYN & Allocation flag for March supplement & 926 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
I-PYRSN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 922
I-RETSC1 Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 982
I-RETSC2 Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 942
I-RETVL1 Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 983
I-RETVL2 Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 984
I-RETYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 981
I-RNTVAL Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 990
I-RNTYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 989
I-RSNNOT Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 916
I-SEVAL Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 946
I-SEYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 945
I-SSIVAL Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 959
I-SSIYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 957I-SSVAL
Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 955
I-SSYNI-SURSC1I-SURSC2
Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 954
Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 971
Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 972
I-SURVL1 Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 973
I-SURVL2 Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 974
I-SURYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 970
I-UCVAL Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 950
I-UCYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 949
I-VETQVA Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 968
I-VETTYP Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 967
I-VETVAL Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 969
I-VETYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 966I-WCTYP
Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 952
I-WCVAL Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 953
I-WCYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 951
I-WKCHK Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 918
I-WKSWK Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 917
I-WORKYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 912
I-WSVAL Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 944
I-WSYN Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 943
I-WTEMP Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 913
IAHIPER Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 1019IAHITYPIHSFLG
INDUSTRY
Allocation flag for March supplement ..... 1020
Indian Heath Service coverage recode ..... 692
Industry of longest job ..... 292
INT-VAL Interest income received, amount + ..... 526
INT-YN Interest received ..... 525LJCWLKNONELKSTRCH
Class of worker ..... 291
Weeks worked, remaining ..... 262
Weeks looking for work in one stretch ..... 265
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline LKWEEKS & Weeks looking for work & 263 \\
\hline LOSEWKS & Weeks lost from work & 261 \\
\hline MARG-TAX & Marginal tax rate & 724 \\
\hline MARSUPWT & March supplement final weight & 155 \\
\hline MCAID & Medicaid coverage & 635 \\
\hline MCARE & Medicare coverage & 629 \\
\hline MIG-CBST & MSA status description of residence last year & 323 \\
\hline MIG-DIV & Recode - Census division of previous residence & 330 \\
\hline MIG-DSCP & Recode - CBSA status of residence 1 year ago & 328 \\
\hline MIG-MTR1 & Recode migration & 332 \\
\hline MIG-MTR3 & Recode migration & 334 \\
\hline MIG-MTR4 & Recode migration & 335 \\
\hline MIG-REG & Recode - Region of previous residence & 325 \\
\hline MIG-ST & Recode - FIPS state code of previous residence & 326 \\
\hline MIGSAME & Was ... living in this house (apt.) 1 year ago; on March 1, 20..? & 324 \\
\hline MON & Months covered by medicaid (or local name) & 670 \\
\hline MOOP & Medical out of pocket expenditures & 802 \\
\hline NOEMP & Persons who work for employer, total number of & 300 \\
\hline NWLKWK & Weeks looking for work on layoff & 255 \\
\hline NWLOOK & Looking for work & 254 \\
\hline NXTRES & What was ... main reason for moving? & 321 \\
\hline OCCUP & Occupation & 296 \\
\hline OED-TYP1 & Educational assistance, government & 546 \\
\hline OED-TYP2 & Educational assistance, scholarships, grants etc. & 547 \\
\hline OED-TYP3 & Educational assistance, other & 548 \\
\hline OI-OFF & Income sources, other & 572 \\
\hline OI-VAL & Income, other (amount) & 575 \\
\hline OI-YN & Income received, other & 574 \\
\hline OTH & Covered by any other kind of health insurance & 672 \\
\hline OTHSTPER & Covered by other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, ...) & 678 \\
\hline OTHSTYP1 & Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) & 679 \\
\hline OTHSTYP2 & Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) & 681 \\
\hline OTHSTYP3 & Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) & 683 \\
\hline OTHSTYP4 & Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) & 685 \\
\hline OTHSTYP5 & Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) & 687 \\
\hline OTHSTYP6 & Other type of health insurance (medicare, medicaid, champs, ....) & 689 \\
\hline OTYP-1 & Covered by champus & 673 \\
\hline OTYP-2 & Covered by CHAMPVA & 674 \\
\hline OTYP-3 & Covered by VA or military health care & 675 \\
\hline OTYP-4 & Covered by Indian health & 676 \\
\hline OTYP-5 & Covered by other & 677 \\
\hline OUT & Covered by the health plan of someone not in this house & 667 \\
\hline P-MVCAID & Person market value of medicaid & 636 \\
\hline P-MVCARE & Person market value of medicare & 630 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline P-STAT & Status of person identifier & 29 \\
\hline PAID & Did ...employer or union pay for all, part, or none of premium? & 657 \\
\hline PAIDCCYN & Child needed care while parent worked & 800 \\
\hline PAIDCYNA & Allocation flag for PAIDCCYN & 801 \\
\hline PARENT & Parent(s) present & 43 \\
\hline PAW-MON & Social Security payments, months received & 443 \\
\hline PAW-TYP & AFDC or some other type of assistance received & 442 \\
\hline PAW-VAL & Public assistance or welfare value received & 445 \\
\hline PAW-YN & Public assistance received & 441 \\
\hline PCHIP & Child covered by state's CHIP & 706 \\
\hline PEABSRSN & Reason for absence from work & 225 \\
\hline PEAFEVER & Did you ever serve on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces? & 60 \\
\hline PEAFWHN1 & When did you serve? & 62 \\
\hline PEAFWHN2 & When did you serve? & 64 \\
\hline PEAFWHN3 & When did you serve? & 66 \\
\hline PEAFWHN4 & When did you serve & 68 \\
\hline PEARNVAL & Earnings, total value & 588 \\
\hline PECOHAB & Demographics line number of cohabiting Partner & 50 \\
\hline PEDADTYP & Demographics type of Father & 58 \\
\hline PEDISDRS & Disability, dressing or bathing & 78 \\
\hline PEDISEAR & Disability, hearing & 70 \\
\hline PEDISEYE & Disability, seeing & 72 \\
\hline PEDISOUT & Disability, doctor visits, shopping alone & 80 \\
\hline PEDISPHY & Disability, walking, climbing stairs & 76 \\
\hline PEDISREM & Disability, remembering & 74 \\
\hline PEFNTVTY & Father's country of birth & 90 \\
\hline PEHRUSLT & Hours per week usually worked at all jobs & 228 \\
\hline PEHSPNON & Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino & 31 \\
\hline PEINUSYR & Year of entry to the U.S. & 93 \\
\hline PEIO1COW & Individual class of worker on first job & 215 \\
\hline PEIOIND & Industry & 168 \\
\hline PEIOOCC & Occupation & 172 \\
\hline PELNDAD & Demographics line number of Father & 54 \\
\hline PELNMOM & Demographics line number of Mother & 52 \\
\hline PEMLR & Monthly labor force recode & 218 \\
\hline PEMNTVTY & Mother's country of birth & 87 \\
\hline PEMOMTYP & Demographics type of Mother & 56 \\
\hline PENATVTY & Country of birth & 84 \\
\hline PENINCL & Pension plan participant & 732 \\
\hline PENPLAN & Pension plan provided by employer or union & 731 \\
\hline PERIDNUM & Unique Person identifier & 96 \\
\hline PERLIS & Low-income level of persons recode & 606 \\
\hline PERRP & Expanded relationship categories & 17 \\
\hline PF-SEQ & Sequence number pointer to family record & 48 \\
\hline VARIABLE LISTING & & 7-13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
PH-SEQ Household sequence number ..... 2
PHF-SEQ Sequence number pointer to own family record in household ..... 46
PHIP-VAL Health insurance premiums ..... 809
PHMEMPRS Number of employers ..... 267
PILIN1 First policyholder of private insurance plan ..... 662
PILIN2 Second policyholder of private insurance plan ..... 664
PMED-VAL Medical expenditures ..... 820
POCCU2 Occupation of longest job ..... 283
POTC-VAL Medical expenditures, over-the-counter ..... 815
POTHVAL Income, other persons total value ..... 596
POUT Private plan covered someone outside the household ..... 666
POV-UNIV Poverty universe ..... 607
PPPOSPPPOSOLDRecord type and sequence indicator7
Record type and sequence indicator ..... 9
PRCITSHP Citizenship ..... 95
PRCOW1 Class of worker recode-job 1 ..... 217
PRDISC Discouraged worker recode ..... 224
PRDISFLG Disability flag, any disability ..... 82
PRDTHSP Detailed Hispanic recode ..... 32
PRDTRACE Race ..... 27
PRECORD Person record ..... 1
PRERELG Earnings eligibility flag ..... 183
PRHERNAL Hourly earnings allocation variable ..... 898
PRITYP Private health insurance plan type ..... 660
PRIV Covered by a private plan purchased directly ..... 659
PRNLFSCH NLF activity in school or not in school ..... 227
PRPERTYP Type of person record recode ..... 30
PRPTREA Detailed reason for part-time ..... 222
PRSWKXPNS Work expenses ..... 796
PRUNTYPE Reason for unemployment ..... 219
PRWERNAL Weekly earnings allocation variable ..... 897
PRWKSTAT Full/part-time work status ..... 220
PTOT-R Person income, total ..... 604
PTOTVAL Person income, total ..... 580
PTRSN Worked less than 35 hours per week, reason ..... 274
PTWEEKS Weeks worked less than 35 hours ..... 272
PTYN Worked less than 35 hours ..... 271
PXAFEVER Allocation flag for PEAFEVER ..... 873
PXAFWHN1 Allocation flag for PEAFWHN1-4 ..... 875
PXCOHAB Demographics allocation flag for PECOHAB ..... 863
PXDADTYP Demographics allocation flag for PEDADTYP ..... 871
PXDISDRS Disability allocation flag ..... 885
PXDISEAR Disability allocation flag ..... 877
PXDISEYEDisability allocation flag879
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline PXDISOUT & Disability allocation flag & 887 \\
\hline PXDISPHY & Disability allocation flag & 883 \\
\hline PXDISREM & Disability allocation flag & 881 \\
\hline PXFNTVTY & Allocation flag for PEFNTVTY & 893 \\
\hline PXHSPNON & Hispanic origin & 861 \\
\hline PXINUSYR & Allocation flag for PEINUSYR & 895 \\
\hline PXLNDAD & Demographics allocation flag for PELNDAD & 867 \\
\hline PXLNMOM & Demographics allocation flag for PELNMOM & 865 \\
\hline PXMNTVTY & Allocation flag for PEMNTVTY & 891 \\
\hline PXMOMTYP & Demographics allocation flag for PEMOMTYP & 869 \\
\hline PXNATVTY & Allocation flag for PENATVTY & 889 \\
\hline PYRSN & Not looking for work reason & 859 \\
\hline RESNSS2 & Social Security income, reason 2 & 266 \\
\hline RESNSSA & Allocation flag for RESNSS1-2 & 429 \\
\hline RESNSSI & Social Security income, reason 1 & 430 \\
\hline RESNSSI1 & Supplemental Security income, reason 1 & 956 \\
\hline RESNSSI2 & Supplemental Security income, reason 2 & 438 \\
\hline RESNSSIA & Allocation flag for RESNSSI1-2 & 439 \\
\hline RET-SC1 & Retirement income source, type 1 & 960 \\
\hline RET-SC2 & Retirement income, other source, type 2 & 507 \\
\hline RET-VAL1 & Retirement income amount, type 1 & 508 \\
\hline RET-VAL2 & Retirement income amount, type 2 & 509 \\
\hline RET-YN & Pension or retirement income other than Social Sec. or Veterans benefits & 514 \\
\hline RNT-VAL & Rent income amount & 506 \\
\hline RNT-YN & Rent income received & 540 \\
\hline RSNNOTW & Reason for not working & 539 \\
\hline RTM-VAL & Retirement income received, total amount & 257 \\
\hline SE-VAL & Own business self-employment earnings amount, other work & 519 \\
\hline SEMP-VAL & Own business self-employment earnings, total value & 387 \\
\hline SEMP-YN & Own business self-employment & 380 \\
\hline SEOTR & Own business self-employment, other work & 379 \\
\hline SRVS-VAL & Survivor's income received, total & 378 \\
\hline SS-VAL & Social Security payments received, value & 477 \\
\hline SS-YN & Social Security payments received & 424 \\
\hline SSI-VAL & Supplemental Security income amount received & 423 \\
\hline SSI-YN & Supplemental Security income received & 433 \\
\hline SSIKDYNA & Allocation flag for SSIKIDYN & 432 \\
\hline SSIKIDYN & Supplemental Security income, child received & 962 \\
\hline SSKIDYN & Social Security, child received & 440 \\
\hline SSKIDYNA & Allocation flag for SSKIDYN & 431 \\
\hline STATETAX-A & State income tax liability, after all credits & 790 \\
\hline STATETAX-B & State income tax liability, before credits & 784 \\
\hline STRKUC & Union unemployment or strike benefits received & 410 \\
\hline SUBUC & Supplemental unemployment benefits received & 409 \\
\hline VARIABLE LISTING & & 7-15 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{llr} 
SUR-SC1 & Survivor's income, source 1 & 463 \\
SUR-SC2 & Survivor's income, source 2 & 465 \\
SUR-VAL1 & Survivor's income, source 1 amount & 467 \\
SUR-VAL2 & Survivor's income, source 2 amount & 472 \\
SUR-YN & Survivor's benefits other than Social Security or Veterans benefits & 462 \\
TALM-VAL & Alimony payments, topcoded flag & 1067 \\
TAX-INC & Taxable income amount & 765 \\
TCERNVAL & Earnings from employer or self-employment, value topcoded & 1052 \\
TCFFMVAL & Farm self employment income, value topcoded & 1055 \\
TCHSP-VAL & Child support paid, topcoded flag & 1073 \\
TCSEVAL & Nonfarm self employment income, value topcoded & 1054 \\
TCSP-VAL & Child support payments, topcoded flag & 1066 \\
TCWSVAL & Wage and salary income, value topcoded & 1053 \\
TDISVAL1 & Disability income, source 1, topcoded flag & 1058 \\
TDISVAL2 & Disability income, source 2, topcoded flag & 1059 \\
TDIV-VAL & Dividend income, topcoded flag & 1063 \\
TED-VAL & Education assistance, topcoded flag & 1065 \\
TFIN-VAL & Financial assistance, topcoded flag & 1068 \\
TINT-VAL & Interest income, topcoded flag & 1062 \\
TOI-VAL & Other income value topcoded & 1069 \\
TPHIP-VAL & Health insurance premium, topcoded flag & 1070 \\
TPMED-VAL & Medical expenditures, topcoded flag & 1072 \\
TPOTC-VAL & Medical expenditures, over-the-counter, topcoded flag & 1071 \\
TRETVAL1 & Retirement income, source 1, topcoded flag & 1060 \\
TRETVAL2 & Retirement income, source 2, topcoded flag & 1061 \\
TRNT-VAL & Rent income, topcoded flag & 1064 \\
TSURVAL1 & Survivors income, source 1, topcoded flag & 1056 \\
TSURVAL2 & Survivors income, source 2, topcoded flag & 1057 \\
UC-VAL & Unemployment compensation benefits value & 411 \\
UC-YN & Unemployment compensation benefits received & 408 \\
VET-QVA & VA annual income questionnaire requirement & 482 \\
VET-TYP1 & Veterans payments, type 1 & 456 \\
VET-TYP2 & Veterans payments, type 2 & 451 \\
VET-TYP3 & Veterans payments, type 3 & 452 \\
VET-TYP4 & Veterans payments, type 4 & 453 \\
VET-TYP5 & Veterans payments, type 5 & 454 \\
VET-VAL & Veterans payments income & 455 \\
VET-YN & Veterans payments received & 457 \\
WAGEOTR & Other wage and salary earnings & 450 \\
WC-TYPE & Worker's compensation payments, type & 362 \\
WC-VAL & Worker's compensation payments, value & 417 \\
WC-YN & Worker's compensation payments received & 48 \\
WECLW & Longest job class of worker & 2 \\
WEIND & Industry of longest job by detailed groups & 4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}Mnemonic Item Location
WELKNW Weeks nonworker looked for job ..... 278
WEMIND Industry of longest job by major industry group ..... 289
WEMOCG Occupation of longest job by major groups ..... 285
WEUEMP Weeks looking for job ..... 279
WEWKRS Weeks worked last year ..... 277
WEXPFull/part-time worker275
WICYN WIC benefits received ..... 608
WICYNA Allocation flag for WICYN ..... 1002
WKCHECK Interviewer check item, no. of weeks ..... 260
WKSWORK Weeks worked ..... 258
WORKYN Worked at job or business during year ..... 251
WRK-CK Interviewer check item, worked last year ..... 252
WS-VAL Wage and salary earnings, other, amount ..... 371
WSAL-VAL Total wage and salary earnings value ..... 364
WSAL-YN Wage and salary earnings in ERN-YN or WAGEOTR ..... 363
WTEMP Temporary, part-time, or seasonal work ..... 253

\title{
2012 ANNUAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC (ASEC) SUPPLEMENT DATA DICTIONARY HOUSEHOLD RECORD
}







DATA SIZE BEGIN RANGE
```

************************************************
Source of Income .. Interest
*********************************************
D HINT-YN 1 184 (0:2)
Recode - interest payments
U H-HHTYPE = 1
V O .Not in universe
V \

```
D HINTVAL \(7 \quad 185 \quad(0000000: 3899961)\)
    Recode - HHLD income - Interest income
U HINT-YN = 1
V 0000000 . None or not in universe
                                    Dollar amount
    Source of Income .- Dividends
\(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * ~\)
D HDIV-YN \(1 \quad 192 \quad\) (0:2)
        Recode - Dividend payments
U H- HHTYPE = 1
\(V \quad 0\). Not in universe
\(\begin{array}{ll}V & 1 . Y e s \\ V & 2\end{array}\)
D HDIVVAL 7 193 (0000000:3899961)
    Recode - HHLD income - dividend income
U HDI V-YN = 1
\(\checkmark 0000000\). None or not in universe
                                    Dollar amount
    Source of Income .- Rents
*********************************************
D HRNT-YN \(1 \quad 200 \quad(0: 2)\)
    Recode - Rental payments
U H-HHTYPE = 1
\(\checkmark \quad{ }_{0}\). Not in universe
\(\begin{array}{ll}V & 1 . \text { Yes } \\ V & 2 . \text { No }\end{array}\)
D HRNTVAL 7201 (.389961:3899961)
    Recode - HHLD income - Rent income
U HRNT-YN = 1
V 0000000. None or not in universe
\(V \quad\) Negative. Dollar amount
V Positive. Dollar amount
\(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * ~\)
    Source of Income . Education
*********************************************
D HED-YN \(11208 \quad(0: 2)\)
        Recode - Educational assistance
        benefits
U H-HHTYPE = 1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline V & 0 & . Not in universe \\
\hline V & 1 & Yes \\
\hline V & 2 & No \\
\hline D & HEDVAL & \(720910000000: 3899\) \\
\hline & Recode & HHLD income - Education \\
\hline U & HED-YN \(=1\) & \\
\hline V & 0000000 & . None or not in universe \\
\hline V & & . Dollar amount \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


DATA SIZE BEGIN RANGE
```

************************************************
Summary Household Income Recodes
************************************************
D HTOTVAL 8 248 (-389961:23399766)
Recode . Total household income
U H- HHTYPE = 1
000000000. None or not in universe
Neg Amt. Income (loss)
Pos Amt.Income

```
    HEARNVAL \(8 \quad 256\) (.389961:11699883)
        Recode - Total household earnings
U HINC-WS, HINC-SE or HINC.FR \(=1\)
        00000000 . None or not in universe
        Neg Amt. Income (loss)
        Pos Amt. Income
D HOTHVAL \(8 \quad 264\) (.389961:11699883)
        All other types of income except
        HEARNVAL
        Recode - Total other household income
\(\checkmark \quad 00000000\). None or not in universe
\(V\) Neg Amt.Income (loss)
\(V\) Pos Amt. Income
D HHINC \(272(00: 41)\)
U H-HHTYPE \(=1\)
        Recode -total household income
\(V \quad 00\). Not in universe
\(V \quad 01\) Under \(\$ 2,500\)
\(V \quad 02 . \$ 2,500\) to \(\$ 4,999\)
\(V \quad 03 . \$ 5,000\) to \(\$ 7,499\)
\(V \quad 04: \$ 7,500\) to \(\$ 9,999\)
V
V
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V
\(V\)
V
V
V
V
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V
V
\(\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{D} & \mathrm{H} \\ \mathrm{U} & \mathrm{H} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{V}\end{array}\)
V
V
        Recode - HHLD income Financial
    assistance income
U HFIN-YN \(=1\)
\(\checkmark 0000000\). None or not in universe
                                    . Dollar amount






\title{
2012 ANNUAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC (ASEC) SUPPLEMENT DATA DICTIONARY \\ \\ FAMILY RECORD
} \\ \\ FAMILY RECORD
}




FAMI LY RECORD

```

DATA SIZE BEGIN RANGE
D FSURVAL 7 118 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Survivor income
U FINC.SUR = 1
V 0000000 . None or not in universe
V .Dollar amount
Source of Income .- Disability
D FINC-DIS 1 125 (1:2)
Disability payments
U Al| families
V % 1.Yes
D FDISVAL 7 126 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Disability income
U FINC-DIS = 1
0000000 . None or not in universe
Dollar amount
Source of Income .- Retirement Income
************************************************
D FINC-RET 1 133 (1:2)
Retirement payments
U All families
V \ 1.Yes
D FRETVAL 7 134 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Retirement income
U FINC-RET = 1
0000000 .None or not in universe
Dollar amount
Source of | ncome .- Interest
D FINC-INT 1 141 (1:2)
I nterest payments
UAll families
V \ 1.Yes
D FINTVAL 7 142 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Interest income
U FINC-INT = 1
V 0000000. None or not in universe
**************************************************
Source of Income .- Dividends
D FINC-DIV 1 149 (1:2)
Dividend payments
Al| families
V \ 1. Yes
D FDIVVAL 7 150 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Dividend income
U FINC-DIV = 1
v 0000000. None or not in universe
Dollar amount

```
```

DATA SIZE BEGIN RANGE
*********************************************
Source of Income -. Rents
**********************************************
D FINC-RNT 1 157 (1:2)
Rental payments
U All families
V 1.Yes
FRNTVAL 7 158 (.389961:3899961)
Family income - Rental income
U FINC-RNT = 1
V 0000000. None or not in universe
.Negative dollar amount
. Positive dollar amount
Source of Income .. Education
D FINC-ED 1 165 (1:2)
Education benefits
U Al| families
V \ 1 Yes
D FEDVAL 7 166 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Education income
UFINC-ED = 1
V 0000000.None or not in universe
V Dollar amount
**************************************************
Source of Income .. Child support
*************************************************
D FINC.CSP 1 173 (1:2)
Child support payments
U Al| families
V \ 1. Yes
D FCSPVAL 7 174 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Child support
FINC.CSP = 1
0000000 .None or not in universe
Dollar amount
Source of Income -. Alimony
************************************************
D FINC.ALM 1 181 (1:2)
Al i mony payments
All families

| $V$ | $1 . Y e s$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $V$ | 2 |

D FALMVAL 7 182 (0000000:3899961)
Family income - Ali mony
FINC-ALM=1
0000000.None or not in universe
V .Dollar amount

```

FAMI LY RECORD



\title{
2012 ANNUAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC (ASEC) SUPPLEMENT DATA DICTIONARY \\ PERSON RECORD
}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline DATA & & SIZE BEGIN RANGE \\
\hline V & 09 & Foster child \\
\hline V & 10 & . Nonrel. of ref. person w/rels. \\
\hline V & 11 & . Not used \\
\hline V & 12 & . Nonrel. of ref. person w/o \\
\hline V & & - rels \\
\hline V & 13 & . Unmarried partner w/rels \\
\hline V & 14 & - Unmarried partner w/o rels. \\
\hline V & 15 & . Housemate/roommate w/rels \\
\hline V & 16 & . Housemate/roommate w/o rels \\
\hline V & 17 & . Roomer/boarder w/rels. \\
\hline V & 18 & . Roomer/boarder w/o rels. \\
\hline D A.A & em 18d & \[
\stackrel{2}{{ }^{-} \text {Age }^{19}(00: 85)}
\] \\
\hline U All & & \\
\hline V & 00-79 & . 0.79 years of age \\
\hline V & 80 & . 80.84 years of age \\
\hline V & 85 & . \(85+\) years of age \\
\hline D A-M & RITL em 18e & \[
\begin{array}{lcl}
1 & 21 & (1: 7) \\
- & \text { Marital } & \text { status }
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \(\cup \mathrm{AlI}\) & & \\
\hline V & 1 & . Married - civilian spouse \\
\hline V & & . present \\
\hline V & 2 & . Married - AF spouse present \\
\hline V & 3 & . Married - spouse absent (exc. \\
\hline V & & - separated) \\
\hline , & 4 & . Wi dowed \\
\hline V & 5 & Divorced \\
\hline V & 6 & Separated \\
\hline V & 7 & Never married \\
\hline A. S & \begin{tabular}{l}
OUSE \\
em 18 f
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 22(00: 39) \\
& . \quad \text { Spouse's line number }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \(\cup\) All & & \\
\hline V & 00 & None or children \\
\hline V & 01-39 & . Spouse's line number \\
\hline & em 18 g & \[
l_{\text {Sex }} 24(1: 2)
\] \\
\hline \(\cup\) All & & \\
\hline V & 1 & Mal e \\
\hline V & 2 & . Female \\
\hline D A. H & & 225 (00:46) \\
\hline & em 18h & - Educational attainment \\
\hline U All & & \\
\hline V & 00 & . Children \\
\hline V & 31 & . Less than lst grade \\
\hline V & 32 & . 1 st , 2nd, 3rd, or 4 th grade \\
\hline V & 33 & . 5 th or 6th grade \\
\hline V & 34 & . 7 th and 8th grade \\
\hline V & 35 & . \(9 t h \mathrm{grade}\) \\
\hline V & 36 & . 10th grade \\
\hline V & 37 & . 11th grade \\
\hline V & 38 & . 12th grade no diploma \\
\hline V & 39 & . High school graduate - high \\
\hline V & & . school diploma or equival ent \\
\hline V & 40 & . Some college but no degree \\
\hline V & 41 & . Associate degree in college \\
\hline V & & . occupation/vocation program \\
\hline V & 42 & . Associate degree in college \\
\hline V & & . academic program \\
\hline
\end{tabular}










\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & ATA & SIZE BEGIN RANGE \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Reason for unemployment} \\
\hline V & \[
0
\] & . NI U \\
\hline V & 1 & . Job loser/on layoff \\
\hline V & 2 & Other job loser \\
\hline V & 3 & . Temporary job ended \\
\hline V & 4 & . Job I eaver \\
\hline V & 5 & Re-entrant \\
\hline V & 6 & New-entrant \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{D} & PRWKSTAT & 2220 (00:12) \\
\hline & Full/pa & -time work status \\
\hline V & 00 & NIU \\
\hline V & 01 & Not in I abor force \\
\hline V & 02 & FT hours ( \(35+\) ), usually FT \\
\hline V & 03 & PT for economic reasons, \\
\hline V & & usually FT \\
\hline V & 04 & PT for non-economic reasons, \\
\hline V & & usually FT \\
\hline V & 05 & Not at work, usually FT \\
\hline V & 06 & PT hrs, usually PT for economic \\
\hline V & & reasons \\
\hline V & 07 & PT hrs, usually PT for non. \\
\hline V & & economic \\
\hline V & 08 & FT hours, usually PT for \\
\hline V & & economic reasons \\
\hline V & 09 & FT hours, usually PT for non- \\
\hline V & & economic reasons \\
\hline V & 10 & Not at work, usually part-time \\
\hline V & 11 & Unemployed FT \\
\hline V & 12 & Unemployed PT \\
\hline D & PRPTREA Detailed & \[
2 \quad 222 \quad(00: 23)
\] \\
\hline V & -1 & NIU. adult civilian \\
\hline V & O & NIU - children or Armed Forces \\
\hline V & 1 & Usually FT - slack work/ \\
\hline V & & business conditions \\
\hline V & 2 & . Usually FT - seasonal work \\
\hline V & 3 & . Usually FT - job started/ended \\
\hline V & & during week \\
\hline V & 4 & . Usually FT - vacation/personal \\
\hline V & & . day \\
\hline V & 5 & . Usually FT - own ill ness/ \\
\hline V & & . injury/medical appt \\
\hline V & 6 & - Usually FT - holiday \\
\hline V & & . (religious or legal) \\
\hline V & 7 & . Usually FT - child care \\
\hline V & & . problems \\
\hline V & 8 & . Usually FT - other fam/pers \\
\hline V & & . obligations \\
\hline V & 9 & . Usually FT - Iabor dispute \\
\hline V & 10 & . Usually FT - weather affected \\
\hline V & & - job \\
\hline V & 11 & . Usually FT - school/training \\
\hline V & 12 & . Usually FT - civic/military \\
\hline V & & . duty \\
\hline V & 13 & Usually FT - other reason \\
\hline V & 14 & . Usually PT - slack \\
\hline V & & . work/business \\
\hline V & & . conditions \\
\hline V & 15 & . Usually PT - PT could only find \\
\hline V & & PT work \\
\hline V & 16 & Usually PT - seasonal work \\
\hline V & 17 & . Usually PT - child care \\
\hline V & & - problems \\
\hline V & 18 & . Usually PT - other fam/pers \\
\hline V & & . obligations \\
\hline V & 19 & . Usually PT - health/medical \\
\hline V & & . Limitations \\
\hline V & 20 & . Usually PT - school/training \\
\hline
\end{tabular}











PERSON RECORD























PERSON RECORD








\section*{GLOSSARY}

\author{
Subject Concepts
}

Age. Age classification is based on the age of the person at his/her last birthday. The adult universe(i.e., population of marriageable age) is comprised of persons 15 years old and over for the Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement data and for CPS labor force data.

Annuities. (See Income.)
Armed Forces. Armed Forces members enumerated in off-base housing or on base with their families are included on the CPS ASEC file. In addition to demographic and family data, supplemental data on income and work experience for Armed Forces members are included.

Base Weight. The constant weight assigned to the sample (inverse of the sampling fraction) which is adjusted to produce the final weight.

Civilian Labor Force. (See Labor Force.)
Class of Worker. This refers to the broad classification of the person's employer. On the ASEC file, these broad classifications for current jobs are private, government, self-employed, without pay, and never worked. Private and government workers are considered "wage and salary workers;" this classification scheme includes self-employed, incorporated persons in with "private" workers. For the longest job held last year, this class of worker scheme includes private; government by level/Federal, State, and local; self-employed incorporated, self-employed unincorporated or farm; and without pay. The wage and salary category for longest job held includes private, government (all levels), and self-employed incorporated.

Dividends. (See Income.)
Duration of Unemployment. Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed are continuously looking
for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of two weeks or more during which a person is employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Average duration is an arithmetic mean computed from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

Earners, Number of. The file includes all persons 15 years old and over in the household with \(\$ 1\) or more in wages and salaries, or \(\$ 1\) or more of a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment during the preceding year.

Earnings Weight. Each person record in month-insample 4 and 8 contains an earnings weight for current earnings.

Education. (See Level of School Completed.)
Employed. (See Labor Force.)
Energy Assistance Program. The Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program provides financial assistance to qualified households to help them pay heating costs. The program is funded by the Federal government and administered by the States under broad guidelines. In some States a household may automatically be eligible for this program if the household receives (1) Aid to Families with Dependent Children, (2) Food Stamps, (3) Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and (4) certain Veterans' benefits.
The energy assistance questions were asked for the first time in 1982. In 2011, the question was revised to include assistance for cooling as well as heating expenses, and the reference period was expanded from: a) receipts since October 1 of the previous year; to b) receipts for the entire previous calendar year.

Family. A family is a group of two persons or more (one of whom is the householder) residing together and related by birth, marriage, or adoption. All such persons (including related subfamily members) are considered as members of one family. Beginning with the 1980 CPS, unrelated subfamilies (referred to in the past as secondary families) are no longer included in the count of families, nor are the members of unrelated subfamilies included in the count of family members.

Family Household. A family household is a household maintained by a family (as defined above), and may include among the household members any unrelated persons (unrelated subfamily members and/or unrelated individuals) who may be residing there. The number of family households is equal to the number of families. The count of family household members differs from the count of family members, however, in that the family household members include all persons living in the household, whereas family members include only the householder and his/her relatives. (See the definition of Family).

Family Weight. The weight on the family record is the March supplement weight of the householder or reference person. This weight on the primary family record should be used to tabulate the number of families.

Farm Self-Employment Net Income. The term is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, as a renter, or as a sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc.

Operation expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farm hands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for household living is not included as part of net income. Inventory changes are considered in determining net income only when they are accounted for in replies based on income tax returns or other official records which reflect inventory changes.

Final Weight. Used in tabulating monthly labor force items. This weight should be used when producing estimates from the basic CPS data. It should not be used to tabulate ASEC supplement data.

Food Stamps. The Food Stamp Act of 1977 was enacted for the purpose of increasing the food purchasing power of eligible households through the use of coupons to purchase food. The Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) administers the Food Stamp Program through State and local welfare offices. The Food Stamp Program is the major national income support program which provides benefits to all lowincome and low-resource households regardless of household characteristics (e.g., sex, age, disability, etc.). The questions on participation in the Food Stamp Program in the ASEC supplement were designed to identify households in which one or more of the current members received food stamps during the previous calendar year. Once a food stamp household was identified, a question was asked to determine the number of current household members covered by food stamps during the previous calendar year. Questions were also asked about the number of months food stamps were received during the previous calendar year and the total face value of all food stamps received during that period.

Full-Time Worker. Persons on full-time schedules include persons working 35 hours or more, persons who worked 1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons (e.g., illness) and usually work full-time, and persons "with a job but not at work" who usually work fulltime.

Group Health Insurance Coverage. Civilian persons 15 years old and over who worked in the previous calendar year and who participated in group health insurance plans provided by the employer or union were asked whether part or all of the health insurance premiums were paid for by the union or employer and the extent of persons covered.

Additional questions were asked to determine if sample persons were covered by any other type of health insurance plan. These items are intended to measure retirees covered by continuing employer provided coverage and persons who purchased coverage on their own.

Group Quarters. Group quarters are
noninstitutional living arrangements for groups not living in conventional housing units or groups living in housing units containing nine or more persons unrelated to the person in charge.

Head Versus Householder. Beginning with the March 1980 CPS, the Census Bureau discontinued the use of the terms "head of household" and "head of family." Instead, the terms "householder" and "family householder" are used.

Highest Grade of School Attended. (See Level of School Completed.)

Hispanic Origin. Persons of Hispanic origin in this file are determined on the basis of a question asking if the person is Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino. If the response is "yes," a follow-up question determines a specific ethnic origin, asking to select their (the person's) origin from a "flash card" listing. The flash-card selections are Mexican, MexicanAmerican, Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Cuban American, or some other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino group.

Hours of Work. Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who is off on the Veterans Day holiday is reported as working 32 hours even though he is paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Household. A household consists of all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a room, which constitutes a housing unit. A group of rooms or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live with any other person in the structure, and when there is direct access from the outside or through a common hall. The count of households excludes persons living in group quarters, such as military barracks and institutions. Inmates of institutions (mental hospitals, rest homes, correctional institutions, etc.) are not included in the survey.

Household Weight. Household weight is the March Supplement weight of the householder. This weight should be used to tabulate estimates of households.

Householder. The householder refers to the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented (maintained) or, if there is no such person, any adult member, excluding roomers, boarders, or paid employees. If the house is owned or rented jointly by a married couple, the householder may be either the husband or the wife. The person designated as the householder on the file is the "reference person" on the CPS-260 control card to whom the relationship of all other household members, if any, is recorded.

\section*{Householder With No Other Relatives in} Household. A householder who has no relatives living in the household. This is the entry for a person living alone. Another example is the designated householder of an apartment shared by two or more unrelated individuals.

\section*{Householder With Other Relatives (Including} Spouse) in Household. The person designated as householder if he/she has one or more relatives (including spouse) living in the household.

Income. For each person in the sample who is 15 years old and over, questions are asked on the amount of money income received in the preceding calendar year from each of the following sources: (1) money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm selfemployment; (4) Social Security or railroad retirement; (5) Supplemental Security Income; (6) public assistance or welfare payments; (7) interest (on savings or bonds); (8) dividends, income from estates or trusts, or net rental income; (9) veterans' payment or unemployment and workmen's compensation; (10) private pensions or government employee pensions; (11) alimony or child support, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, and other periodic income.

Although income statistics refer to receipts during the preceding year, the characteristics of the person such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of households refer to the time of the survey. The income of the household does not include amounts received by persons who are members of the household during all or part of the income year if these persons no longer reside with the
household at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, household income includes amounts reported by persons who did not reside with the household during the income year but who were members of the household at the time of enumeration.

Data on consumer income collected in the CPS by the Census Bureau cover money income received (exclusive of certain money receipts such as capital gains) before payments for personal income taxes, Social Security, union dues, Medicare deductions, etc. Also, money income does not reflect the fact that some households receive part of their income in the form of nonmoney transfers such as food stamps, health benefits, subsidized housing, and energy assistance; that many farm households receive nonmoney income in the form of rent free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm; or that nonmoney income is received by some nonfarm residents that often takes the form of the use of business transportation and facilities, or full or partial contributions for retirement programs, medical and educational expenses, etc. These elements should be considered when com-paring income levels. Moreover, readers should be aware that for many different reasons there is a tendency in household surveys for respondents to under report their income. From an analysis of independently derived income estimates, it has been determined that wages and salaries tend to be much better reported than such income types as public assistance, Social Security, and net income from interest, dividends, rents, etc.

Income Sources - Wages and Salary. Money wages or salary is defined as total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the income year. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions are made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc. Earnings for self-employed incorporated businesses are considered wage and salary.

Income Sources - Nonfarm Self-Employment. Net income from nonfarm self-employment is net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory
changes are considered in determining net income since replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes. However, when values of inventory changes are not reported, net income figures exclusive of inventory changes are accepted. The value of saleable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Income Sources - Farm Self-Employment. Net income from farm self-employment is net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, as a renter, or as a sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc.

Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farm hands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income. In general, inventory changes are considered in determining net income only when they are accounted for in replies based on income tax returns or other official records which reflect inventory changes; otherwise, inventory changes are not taken into account.

Income Sources - Social Security. Social Security includes Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits, and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included.

\section*{Income Sources - Supplemental Security Income.}

Supplemental Security Income includes payments made by Federal, State, and local welfare agencies to low income persons who are (1) aged ( 65 years old and over), (2) blind, or (3) disabled.

Income Sources - Public Assistance. Public assistance or welfare payments include public assistance payments such as Aid to Families with Dependent Children and general assistance.

Income Sources - Interest and Dividends. Interest, dividends, income from estates or trusts, net rental income or royalties include dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, interest on savings or bonds, periodic receipts from estates or trust funds, net income from rental of a house, store, or other property to others, receipts from boarders or lodgers, and net royalties.

Income Sources - Unemployment Compensation, Worker's Compensation, and Veterans'
Payments. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, or worker's compensation includes: (1) unemployment compensation received from government unemployment insurance agencies or private companies during periods of unemployment and any strike benefits received from union funds; (2) money paid periodically by the Veterans Administration to disabled members of the Armed Forces or to survivors of deceased veterans, subsistence allowances paid to veterans for education and on-the-job training, as well as so-called "refunds" paid to ex-servicemen as GI insurance premiums; and (3) worker's compensation received periodically from public or private insurance companies for injuries incurred at work. The cost of this insurance must have been paid by the employer and not by the person.

Income Sources - Private and Government Pensions and Annuities. Many employers and unions have established pension program their employees so that upon retirement the employee will receive regular income to replace his/her earnings. Many of these programs also provide income to the employees if he/she becomes severely disabled, or to his/her survivors if the employee dies. Other types of retirement income include annuities and paid up life insurance policies. Some people purchase annuities which yield a set amount over a certain number of years. Other people may convert their paid up life insurance policy into an annuity after they retire.

Income Sources - Alimony and Child Support.
Alimony is money received periodically from a former spouse following a divorce or separation. Child support is money received from a parent for the support of their children following a divorce or legal separation. Money received from relatives, other than the parent, or friends is not considered as child support.

Receipts Not Counted As Income. Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: (1) money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person is engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds is counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances of insurance payments.

\section*{Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker (I\&O)}
- Current Job (basic data). For the employed, current job is the job held in the reference week (the week before the survey). Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the most hours during the reference week. The unemployed are classified according to their latest full-time job lasting two or more weeks or by the job (either full-time or part-time) from which they were on layoff. The I \& O questions are also asked of persons not in the labor force who are in the fourth and eighth months in sample and who have worked in the last five years. The occupation/industry classification system for the 2000 Census was used to code CPS data beginning with the January 2003 file. See table below. The occupation classifications underwent revisions in 2011, to make them consistent with Census 2010.

\section*{Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker-} Longest Job (supplement data). Longest job applies to the job held longest during the preceding year for persons who worked that year, without regard to their current employment status.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{Subject} & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Character Position} \\
\hline & & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Current or Most Recent Full-Time Job} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Longest Job \\
Last Year (Work Experience)
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Industry} & 4 digit detailed & P 168-171 & P 292-295 \\
\hline & 2-digit detailed (Recode) & P 209-210 & P 287-288 \\
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Occupation} & Major Group Recode & P 207-208 & P 289-290 \\
\hline & 4-digit detailed & P 172-175 & P 296-299 \\
\hline & 2-digit detailed (Recode) & P 213-214 & P 283-284 \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Class of Worker} & Major Group Recode & P 211-212 & P 285-286 \\
\hline & & P 176 & P 291 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Job Seekers. All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4 -week period preceding the survey week.

Keeping House. Persons are classified as keeping house if they engage in own housework. This is one of the "not in labor force" classifications employment status recode \((\mathrm{ESR})=4\).

LFSR (Labor Force Status Recode). This classification is available for each civilian 15 years old and over according to his/her responses to the monthly (basic) labor force items.

Labor Force. Persons are classified as in the labor force if they are employed, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" includes all civilians classified as employed or unemployed. The file includes labor force data for civilians age 15 and over. However, the official definition of the civilian labor force is age 16 and over.
1. Employed. Employed persons comprise (1) all civilians who, during the survey week did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who work 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or a business operated by a member of the family; and (2) all those who have jobs but who are not working because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labormanagement dispute, or because they are taking time
off for personal reasons, whether or not they are seeking other jobs. These persons would have an Labor Force Status Recode (LFSR) of 1 or 2 respectively in character 145 of the person record which designates "at work" and "with a job, but not at work." Each employed person is counted only once. Those persons who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. If they worked an equal number of hours at more than one job, they are counted at the job they held the longest.
2. Unemployed. Unemployed persons are those civilians who, during the survey week, have no employment but are available for work, and (1) have engaged in any specific job seeking activity within the past 4 weeks such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (2) are waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (3) are waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days. These persons would have an LFSR code of 3 or 4 in character 145 of the person record. The unemployed includes job leavers, job losers, new job entrants, and job reentrants.
a. Job Leavers. Persons who quit or otherwise terminate their employment voluntarily and immediately begin looking for work.
b. Job Losers. Persons whose employment ends involuntarily, who immediately begin looking for work, and those persons who are already /on layoff.
c. New Job Entrants. Persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer.
d. Job Reentrants. Persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer but are out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work.
3. Not in Labor Force. Included in this group are all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed.
Information is collected on their desire for and availability to take a job at the time of the CPS interview, job search activity in the prior year, and reason for not looking in the 4 -week period prior to the survey week. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons not in the labor force who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but who are not currently looking because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify. Such persons have an LFSR code of 5-7 in character 145 of the person record.

Finally, it should be noted that the unemployment rate represents the number of persons unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force 16 years old and over. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, race, etc. The job loser, job leaver, reentrant, and new entrant rates are each calculated as a percent of the civilian labor force 16 years old and over; the sum of the rates for the four groups thus equals the total unemployment rate.

Layoff. A person who is unemployed but expects to be called back to a specific job. If he/she expects to be called back within 30 days, it is considered a temporary layoff; otherwise, it is an indefinite layoff.

\section*{Level of School Completed/Degree Received.}

These data changed on the March 1992 file. A new question, "What is the highest level of school ... has completed or the highest degree ... has received? Replace the old "highest grade attended" and "year completed" questions. The new question provides more accurate data on the degree status of college
students. Educational attainment applies only to progress in "regular" school. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools is counted only if the credits obtained are regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

Looking for Work. A person who is trying to get work or trying to establish a business or profession.

March Supplement Weight. The March supplement weight is on all person records and is used to produce "supplement" estimates; that is, income, work experience, migration, and family characteristic estimates.

Marital Status. The marital status classification identifies four major categories: single (never married), married, widowed, and divorced. These terms refer to the marital status at the time of enumeration.

The category "married" is further divided into "married, civilian spouse present," "married, Armed Force spouse present," "married, spouse absent," "married, Armed Force spouse absent," and "separated." A person is classified as "married, spouse present" if the husband or wife is reported as a member of the household even though he or she may be temporarily absent on business or on vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of the enumeration. Persons reported as "separated" included those with legal separations, those living apart with intentions of obtaining a divorce, and other persons permanently or temporarily estranged from their spouses because of marital discord.

For the purpose of this file, the group "other marital status" includes "widowed and divorced," "separated," and "other married, spouse absent."

Medicare. The Medicare Program is designed to provide medical care for the aged and disabled. The Basic Hospital Insurance Plan (Part A) is designed to provide basic protection against hospital costs and related post-hospital services. This plan also covers many persons under 65 years old who receive Social Security or railroad retirement benefits based on
long-term disability. Part A is financed jointly by employers and employees through Social Security payroll deductions. Qualified persons 65 years old and over who are not otherwise eligible for Part A benefits may pay premiums directly to obtain this coverage. The Medical Insurance Plan (Part B) is a voluntary plan which builds upon the hospital insurance protection provided by the basic plan. It provides insurance protection covering physicians' and surgeons' services and a variety of medical and other health services received either in hospitals or on an ambulatory basis. It is financed through monthly premium payments by each enrollee, and subsidized by Federal general revenue funds.

The Medicare question on the ASEC supplement attempted to identify all persons 15 years old and over who were "covered" by Medicare at any time during the previous calendar year. The term "covered" means enrolled in the Medicare Program. In order to be counted, the person did not necessarily have to receive medical care paid for by Medicare.

Medicaid. The Medicaid Program is designed to provide medical assistance to needy families with dependent children, and to aged, blind, or permanently and totally disabled individuals whose incomes and resources are insufficient to meet the costs of necessary medical services. The program is administered by State agencies through grants from the Health Care Financing Administration of the Department of Health and Human Services. Funding for medical assistance payments consists of a combination of Federal, State, and in some cases, local funds.

Medicaid is a categorical program with complex eligibility rules which vary from State to State. There are two basic groups of eligible individuals: the categorically eligible and the medically needy. The major categorically eligible groups are all Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) recipients and most Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients. Other categorically eligible groups are (1) those who meet basic State cash assistance eligibility rules/aged, blind, disabled, needy single parents with children, and, in some States, needy unemployed parents with children, but who are not currently receiving money payments; and (2) needy persons who meet categorical eligibility standards but are institutionalized for medical reasons (e.g., lowincome elderly persons in nursing homes). However, such institutionalized persons are not included in the

CPS universe and, therefore, are not reflected in these statistics.

In roughly one-half of the States, coverage is extended to the medically needy/persons meeting categorical age, sex, or disability criteria, whose money incomes and assets exceed eligibility levels for cash assistance but are not sufficient to meet the cost of medical care. In such States, qualifying income and asset levels are usually above those set for cash assistance. Families with large medical expenses relative to their incomes and assets may also meet medically needy eligibility standards in these States.

The Medicaid question on the ASEC supplement attempted to identify all persons who were "covered" by Medicaid at any time during the previous calendar year. The term "covered" means enrolled in the Medicaid program, i.e., had a Medicaid medical assistance card, or incurred medical bills which were paid for by Medicaid. In order to be counted, the person did not have to receive medical care paid for by Medicaid.

After data collection and creation of an initial microdata file, further refinements were made to assign Medicaid coverage to children. In this procedure all children under 21 years old in families were assumed to be covered by Medicaid if either the householder or spouse reported being covered by Medicaid (this procedure was required mainly because the Medicaid coverage question was asked only for persons 15 years old and over). All adult AFDC recipients and their children, and SSI recipients living in States which legally require Medicaid coverage of all SSI recipients, were also assigned coverage.

Mobility Status. The population of the United States, 15 years old and over, is classified according to mobility status on the basis of a comparison between the place of residence of each individual at the time of the ASEC supplement and the place of residence in March of the previous year.

The information on mobility status is obtained from the responses to a series of inquiries. The first of three inquiries is: "Was...living in this house 1 year ago...?" If the answer was "No," the enumerator asked, "Where did...live on March 1, 2010?" In classification, three main categories distinguish nonmovers, movers, and movers from abroad.

Nonmovers are all persons who are living in the same house at the end of the period as at the beginning of the period. Movers are all persons who
are living in a different house at the end of the period than at the beginning of the period. Movers from abroad include all persons, either citizens or aliens, whose place of residence is outside the United States at the beginning of the period, that is, in an outlying area under the jurisdiction of the United States or in a foreign country. The mobility status for children is fully allocated from the mother if she is in the household; otherwise it is allocated from the householder.

Month-In-Sample. The term is defined as the number of times a unit is interviewed. Each unit is interviewed eight times during the life of the sample.

Never Worked. A person who has never held a fulltime civilian job lasting two consecutive weeks or more.

Nonfamily Householder. A nonfamily householder (formerly called a primary individual) is a person maintaining a household while living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Nonfarm Self-employment Net Income. The term is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from an individual's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes are considered in determining net income; replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes; however, when values of inventory changes are not reported, net income figures exclusive of inventory changes are accepted. The value of saleable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Nonworker. A person who did not do any work in the calendar year preceding the survey.

\section*{Nonrelative of Householder With No Own} Relatives in Household. A nonrelative of the householder who has no relative(s) of his own in the household. This category includes such nonrelatives as a ward, a lodger, a servant, or a hired hand, who has no relatives of his own living with him in the household.

\section*{Nonrelative of Householder With Own Relatives} (Including Spouse) in Household. Any household member who is not related to the householder but has relatives of his own in the household; for example, a lodger, his spouse, and their son.

Other Relative of Householder. Any relative of the householder other than his spouse, child (including natural, adopted, or step child), sibling, or parent; for example, grandson, daughter-in-law, etc.

Own Child. A child related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the family householder.

Part-Time, Economic Reasons. The item includes slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. (See also Full-Time Worker.)

Part-Time Other Reasons. The item includes labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season.

Part-Time Work. Persons who work between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part-time" in the current job held during the reference week. For the March supplement, a person is classified as having worked part-time during the preceding calendar year if he worked less than 35 hours per week in a majority of the weeks in which he worked during the year. Conversely, he is classified as having worked full-time if he worked 35 hours or more per week during a majority of the weeks in which he worked.

Part-Year Work. Part-year work is classified as less than 50 weeks' work.

Pension Plan. The pension plan question on the ASEC supplement attempted to identify if pension plan coverage was available through an employer or union and if the employee was included. This information was collected for civilian persons 15 years old and over who worked during the previous calendar year.

Population Coverage. Population coverage includes the civilian population of the United States plus approximately one million members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post but excludes all other members
of the Armed Forces. This file excludes inmates of institutions. The labor force and work experience data are not collected for Armed Forces members.

Poverty. In this file, families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level using a poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969 and slightly modified in 1981.

The modified index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account family size, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual; prior to 1981, adjustments were also made on the basis of farm-nonfarm residence and sex of the householder. The impact of these revisions on the poverty estimates is minimal at the national level. The poverty cutoffs are updated every year to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four was \(\$ 12,091\) in 1985. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 238, Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2009.

Public Assistance. (See Income.)
Public or Other Subsidized Housing. Participation in public housing is determined by two factors: program eligibility and the availability of housing. Income standards for initial and continuing occupancy vary by local housing authority, although the limits are constrained by Federal guidelines. Rental charges, which, in turn, define net benefits, are set by a Federal statute not to exceed 30 percent of net monthly money income. A recipient unit can either be a family of two or more related persons or an individual who is handicapped, elderly, or displaced by urban renewal or natural disaster.

There are some programs through which housing assistance is provided to low-income families and individuals living in public or privately owned dwellings. Two of the more common types of programs in which Federal, State, and local funds are used to subsidize private sector housing are rent supplement and interest reduction plans. Under a rent supplement plan the difference between the "fair market" rent and the rent charged to the tenant is paid to the owner by a government agency. Under an interest reduction program the amount of interest paid on the mortgage by the owner is reduced so that
subsequent savings can be passed along to low income tenants in the form of lower rent charges.

There were two questions dealing with public and low cost housing on the ASEC supplement questionnaire. The first question identifies residence in a housing unit owned by a public agency. The second question identifies beneficiaries who were not living in public housing projects, but who were paying lower rent due to a government subsidy. These questions differ from other questions covering noncash benefits in that they establish current recipiency status in March of the current year rather than recipiency status during the previous year.

Race. Beginning in January 2003, revisions to race categories took effect. Respondents were allowed to report more than one race, making selections from a "flash-card". The six race groups are: White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and Other race. The last category includes any other race except the five mentioned. Because of these changes, data on race are not directly comparable to previous files. Use caution when interpreting changes in the racial composition of the U.S. over time.

Reentrants. Persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer but who are out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work.

Related Children. Related children in a family include own children and all other children in the household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. For each type of family unit identified in the CPS, the count of own children under 18 years old is limited to single (never married) children; however, "own children under 25 " and "own children of any age," include all children regardless of marital status. The totals include nevermarried children living away from home in college dormitories.

Related Subfamily. A related subfamily is a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more own single (never married) children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, the householder or spouse. The most common example of a related subfamily is a young married couple sharing the home of the
husband's or wife's parents. The number of related subfamilies is not included in the number of families.

School, Major Activity. A person who spent most of his time during the survey week attending any kind of public or private school, including trade or vocational schools in which students receive no compensation in money or kind.

School Lunches. The National School Lunch Program is designed to assist States in providing a school lunch for all children at moderate cost. The National School Lunch Act of 1946 was further amended in 1970 to provide free and reduced-price school lunches for children of needy families. The program is administered by the Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) through State educational agencies or through regional USDA nutrition services for nonprofit private schools. The program is funded by a combination of Federal funds and matching State funds.

All students eating lunches prepared at participating schools pay less than the total cost of the lunches. Some students pay the "full established" price for lunch (which itself is subsidized) while others pay a "reduced" price for lunch, and still others receive a "free" lunch. Program regulations require students receiving free lunches to live in households with incomes below 125 percent of the official poverty level. Those students receiving a reducedprice school lunch ( 10 to 20 cents per meal) live in households with incomes between 125 percent and 195 percent of the official poverty level. The data in this file, however, do not distinguish between recipiency of free and reduced-price school lunches.

The questions on the ASEC supplement provide a very limited amount of data for the school lunch program. Questions concerning the school lunch program were designed to identify the number of members 5 to 18 years old in households who "usually" ate a hot lunch. This defined the universe of household members usually receiving this noncash benefit. This was followed by a question to identify the number of members receiving free or reduced price lunches.

Self-Employed. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession or trade, or operate a farm.

Secondary Individuals. A roomer, boarder, or resident employee with no relatives in the household, or a group quarters member who has no relatives living with him/her.

Stretches of Unemployment. A continuous stretch is one that is not interrupted by the person getting a job or leaving the labor market to go to school, to keep house, etc. A period of two weeks or more during which a person is employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the period of seeking work.

Topcode. For confidentiality purposes, usual hourly earnings from the current job and earnings from the longest job are topcoded, i.e., cut off at a particular amount.

Refer to Appendix F for an explanation and topcode values of hourly earnings from the current job. Earnings from the longest job are collected during enumeration up to any amount; however, the amount is topcoded on the public use file at \(\$ 200,000\). (See page 5-1 for more information.)

From the supplement, total person's income is the sum of the amounts from the individual income types; total family income is the sum of the total persons income for each family member; total household income is the sum of the total income for each person in the household.

Total Money Income. The term is defined as the arithmetic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a household is the arithmetic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the household.

Unable to Work. A person is classified as unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, lasting six months or longer.

Unemployed. (See Labor Force.)
Unemployment Compensation. (See Income.)

Unpaid Family Workers. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Unrelated Individuals. Unrelated individuals are persons of any age (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may be (1) a nonfamily householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a roomer, boarder, or resident employee with no relatives in the household, or (3) a group quarters member who has no relatives living with him/her. Thus, a widow who occupies her house alone or with one or more other persons not related to her, a roomer not related to anyone else in the housing unit, a maid living as a member of her employer's household but with no relatives in the household, and a resident staff member in a hospital living apart from any relatives are all examples of unrelated individuals.

Unrelated Subfamily. An unrelated subfamily is a family that does not include among its members the householder and relatives of the householder. Members of unrelated subfamilies may include persons such as guests, roomers, boarders, or resident employees and their relatives living in a household. The number of unrelated subfamily members is included in the number of household members but is not included in the count of family members.

Persons living with relatives in group quarters were formerly considered as members of families. However, the number of such unrelated subfamilies is so small that persons in these unrelated subfamilies are included in the count of secondary individuals.

Veteran Status. If a person served at any time during the four most recent wartime periods, the codes for all periods of service are entered. A person can report up to 4 periods of service. The following codes are used:
\(0 \quad\) Children under 15
1 September 2001 or later
2 August 1990 to August 2001
3 May 1975 to July 1990
\(4 \quad\) Vietnam era (Aug 1964 to Apr 1975)
\(5 \quad\) February 1955 to July 1964
\(6 \quad\) Korean War (July 1950 to January 1955)
7 January 1947 to June 1950
8 World War II (December 1941 to
December 1946)
9 November 1941 or earlier
Wage and Salary Workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Also included are persons who are self-employed in an incorporated business. (See income.)

Weeks Worked in the Previous Year. Persons are classified according to the number of different weeks, during the preceding calendar year, in which they did any civilian work for pay or profit (including paid vacations and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business.

Workers. (See Labor Force--Employed.)
Work Experience. Includes those persons who during the preceding calendar year did any work for pay or profit or worked without pay on a familyoperated farm or business at any time during the year, on a part-time or full-time basis.

Year-Round Full-Time Worker. A year-round fulltime worker is one who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 weeks or more during the preceding calendar year.

\section*{GLOSSARY}

\section*{Geographic Concepts}

Geographic Division. An area composed of contiguous States, with Alaska and Hawaii also included in one of the divisions. (A State is one of the 51 major political units in the United States.) The nine geographic divisions have been largely unchanged for the presentation of summary statistics since the 1910 census.

Regions. There are four regions: Northeast, Midwest (formerly North Central), \({ }^{1}\) West, and South. States and divisions within regions are presented below.

NORTHEAST REGION
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline New England Division & Middle Atlantic Division \\
\hline Connecticut & New Jersey \\
\hline Maine & New York \\
\hline Massachusetts & Pennsylvania \\
\hline New Hampshire & \\
\hline Rhode Island & \\
\hline Vermont & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{MIDWEST REGION} \\
\hline East North Central Division & West North Central Division \\
\hline Illinois & Iowa \\
\hline Indiana & Kansas \\
\hline Michigan & Minnesota \\
\hline Ohio & Missouri \\
\hline Wisconsin & Nebraska \\
\hline & North Dakota \\
\hline & South Dakota \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mountain Division

\author{
Arizona \\ Colorado \\ Idaho \\ Montana \\ Nevada \\ Utah \\ Wyoming \\ New Mexico
}

Pacific Division

Alaska
California
Hawaii
Oregon
Washington
1. The Midwest Region was designated as the North Central Region until June 1964.

\section*{SOUTH REGION}

East South Central Division
Alabama
Kentucky
Mississippi
Tennessee

West South Central Division
Arkansas
Louisiana
Oklahoma
Texas

South Atlantic Division
Delaware
District of Columbia
Florida
Georgia
Maryland
North Carolina
South Carolina
Virginia
West Virginia

\title{
APPENDIX A \\ \\ INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION \\ \\ INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION \\ Industry Classification Codes for Detailed Industry (4 digit) \\ (Changes from 2000 Census Classification Noted)
}

These categories are aggregated into 52 detailed groups and 14 major groups (see page A-11). The codes in the right hand column are the 2002 NAICS equivalent. Changes from the Census 2000 classification are noted by asterisks (*).

These codes correspond to item PEIOIND in positions 168-171 of the Person record.
2002 ..... 2002
CENSUS

CODE
DESCRIPTION NAICS

\section*{CODE}

\section*{Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting}
0170 Crop production ..... 111
0180 Animal production ..... 112
0190 Forestry except logging ..... 1131, 1132
0270 Logging ..... 1133
0280 Fishing, hunting, and trapping ..... 114
0290 Support activities for agriculture and forestry ..... 115
Mining
0370 Oil and gas extraction ..... 211
0380 Coal mining ..... 2121
0390 Metal ore mining ..... 2122
0470 Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ..... 2123
\(0480 \quad\) Not specified type of mining ..... Part of 21
0490 Support activities for mining ..... 213
Utilities
0570 Electric power generation, transmission and distribution ..... Pt. 22110590
0580

Natural gas distribution

Pt. 2212

Electric and gas, and other combinations
Water, steam, air-conditioning, and irrigation systems
Sewage treatment facilities
Not specified utilities

Pts. 2211, 2212
22131, 22133
22132
Part of 22

\section*{DESCRIPTION}

\section*{Construction}

0770
** Construction
23
(Includes the cleaning of buildings and dwellings is incidental during construction and immediately after construction)

\section*{Manufacturing Nondurable Goods manufacturing}

1070 Animal food, grain and oilseed milling
3111, 3112
1080 Sugar and confectionery products 3113
\(1090 \quad\) Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing 3114
1170 Dairy product manufacturing 3115
1180 Animal slaughtering and processing 3116
1190 Retail bakeries 311811
1270 Bakeries, except retail
1280 Seafood and other miscellaneous foods, n.e.c.
1290 Not specified food industries
1370 Beverage manufacturing 3118 exc. 311811

1390
1470
Tobacco manufacturing
3117, 3119
Part of 311

Fiber, yarn, and thread mills
3131
Fabric mills, except knitting
1490 Textile and fabric finishing and coating mills
3132 exc.
31324
1570 Carpet and rug mills
3133
1590 Textile product mills, except carpets and rugs
1670 Knitting mills
1680 Cut and sew apparel manufacturing
31411

1690 Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing
314 exc. 31411

1770 Footwear manufacturing
31324, 3151

1790 Leather tanning and products, except footwear manufacturing
3152

1870 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills
3159

1880 Paperboard containers and boxes
3162

1890 Miscellaneous paper and pulp products
3161, 3169
3221

1990 Printing and related support activities
32221
32222, 32223,
32229
2070 Petroleum refining
3231
2090 Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products
32411
2170 Resin, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments manufacturing
32419
\(\begin{array}{lll}2170 & \text { Resin, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments manufacturing } & 3252 \\ 2180 & \text { Agricultural chemical manufacturing } & 3253\end{array}\)
2190 Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing 3254
2270 Paint, coating, and adhesive manufacturing B46 3255
2280 Soap, cleaning compound, and cosmetics manufacturing 3256
2290 Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals 3251, 3259
2370 Plastics product manufacturing 3261
2380 Tire manufacturing 32621
2390 Rubber products, except tires, manufacturing 32622, 32629
\begin{tabular}{l}
2002 \\
CENSUS \\
CODE \\
\\
\\
\\
\\
\end{tabular} Durable Goods Manufacturing
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 2470 & Pottery, ceramics, and related products manufacturing & 32711 \\
\hline 2480 & Structural clay product manufacturing & 32712 \\
\hline 2490 & Glass and glass product manufacturing & 3272 \\
\hline 2570 & Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum product manufacturing & 3273, 3274 \\
\hline 2590 & Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing & 3279 \\
\hline 2670 & Iron and steel mills and steel product manufacturing & 3311, 3312 \\
\hline 2680 & Aluminum production and processing & 3313 \\
\hline 2690 & Nonferrous metal, except aluminum, production and processing & 3314 \\
\hline 2770 & Foundries & 3315 \\
\hline 2780 & Metal forgings and stampings & 3321 \\
\hline 2790 & Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing & 3322 \\
\hline 2870 & Structural metals, and tank and shipping container manufacturing & 3323, 3324 \\
\hline 2880 & Machine shops; turned product; screw, nut and bolt manufacturing & 3327 \\
\hline 2890 & Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities & 3328 \\
\hline 2970 & Ordnance & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 332992 \text { to } \\
& 332995
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 2980 & Miscellaneous fabricated metal products manufacturing & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 3325, 3326, } \\
& 3329 \text { exc. } \\
& 332992 \text {, } \\
& 332993 \text {, } \\
& 332994,332995
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 2990 & Not specified metal industries & Part of 331 and 332 \\
\hline 3070 & Agricultural implement manufacturing & 33311 \\
\hline 3080 & Construction, mining and oil field machinery manufacturing & 33312, 33313 \\
\hline 3090 & Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing & 3333 \\
\hline 3170 & Metalworking machinery manufacturing & 3335 \\
\hline 3180 & Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment manufacturing & 3336 \\
\hline 3190 & Machinery manufacturing, n.e.c. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3332,3334, \\
& 3339
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3290 & Not specified machinery manufacturing & Part of 333 \\
\hline 3360 & Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing & 3341 \\
\hline 3370 & Communications, audio, and video equipment manufacturing & 3342, 3343 \\
\hline 3380 & Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing & 3345 \\
\hline 3390 & Electronic component and product manufacturing, n.e.c. & 3344, 3346 \\
\hline 3470 & Household appliance manufacturing & 3352 \\
\hline 3490 & Electrical lighting, equipment, and supplies manufacturing, n.e.c. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3351,3353, \\
& 3359
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3570 & Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment manufacturing & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3361,3362, \\
& 3363
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3580 & Aircraft and parts manufacturing & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 336411 \text { to } \\
& 336413
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3590 & Aerospace products and parts manufacturing & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 336414, \\
& 336415,336419
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3670 & Railroad rolling stock manufacturing & 3365 \\
\hline 3680 & Ship and boat building & 3366 \\
\hline 3690 & Other transportation equipment manufacturing & 3369 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DESCRIPTION}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 3770 & Sawmills and wood preservation & 3211 \\
\hline 3780 & Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood products & 3212 \\
\hline 3790 & Prefabricated wood buildings and mobile homes & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 321991, \\
& 321992
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3870 & Miscellaneous wood products & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3219 \text { exc. } \\
& 321991, \\
& 321992
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3890 & Furniture and related product manufacturing & 337 \\
\hline 3960 & Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing & 3391 \\
\hline 3970 & Toys, amusement, and sporting goods manufacturing & 33992, 33993 \\
\hline 3980 & Miscellaneous manufacturing, n.e.c. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3399 \text { exc. } \\
& 33992,33993
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 3990 & Not specified manufacturing industries & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Part of } 31 \text {, } \\
& 32,33
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & Wholesale Trade & \\
\hline & Durable Goods Wholesale & \\
\hline 4070 & ** Motor vehicles, parts and supplies, merchant wholesalers & *4231 \\
\hline 4080 & ** Furniture and home furnishing, merchant wholesalers & *4232 \\
\hline 4090 & ** Lumber and other construction materials, merchant wholesalers & *4233 \\
\hline 4170 & ** Professional and commercial equipment and supplies, merchant wholesalers & *4234 \\
\hline 4180 & ** Metals and minerals, except petroleum, merchant wholesalers & *4235 \\
\hline 4190 & ** Electrical goods, merchant wholesalers & *4236 \\
\hline 4260 & ** Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment, and supplies, merchant wholesalers & *4237 \\
\hline 4270 & ** Machinery, equipment, and supplies, merchant wholesalers & *4238 \\
\hline 4280 & ** Recyclable material, merchant wholesalers & *42393 \\
\hline 4290 & ** Miscellaneous durable goods, merchant wholesalers & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { *4239 exc. } \\
& 42393
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & Nondurable Goods Wholesale & \\
\hline 4370 & ** Paper and paper products, merchant wholesalers & *4241 \\
\hline 4380 & ** Drugs, sundries, and chemical and allied products, merchant wholesalers & *4242, 4246 \\
\hline 4390 & ** Apparel, fabrics, and notions, merchant wholesalers & *4243 \\
\hline 4470 & ** Groceries and related products, merchant wholesalers & *4244 \\
\hline 4480 & ** Farm product raw materials, merchant wholesalers & *4245 \\
\hline 4490 & ** Petroleum and petroleum products, merchant wholesalers & *4247 \\
\hline 4560 & ** Alcoholic beverages, merchant wholesalers & *4248 \\
\hline 4570 & ** Farm supplies, merchant wholesalers & *42491 \\
\hline 4580 & ** Miscellaneous nondurable goods, merchant wholesalers & \[
\begin{aligned}
& * 4249 \text { exc. } \\
& 42491
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline * 4585 & *** Wholesale electronic markets, agents and brokers & New industry
*4251 \\
\hline 4590 & **Not specified wholesale trade & Part of 42 \\
\hline & Retail Trade & \\
\hline 4670 & Automobile dealers & 4411 \\
\hline 4680 & Other motor vehicle dealers & 4412 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 2002 & & 2002 \\
\hline CENSUS & & NAICS \\
\hline CODE & DESCRIPTION & CODE \\
\hline 4690 & Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores & 4413 \\
\hline 4770 & Furniture and home furnishings stores & 442 \\
\hline 4780 & Household appliance stores & 443111 \\
\hline 4790 & Radio, TV, and computer stores & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 443112, \\
& 44312
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 4870 & Building material and supplies dealers & 4441 exc. 44413 \\
\hline 4880 & Hardware stores & 44413 \\
\hline 4890 & Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores & 4442 \\
\hline 4970 & Grocery stores & 4451 \\
\hline 4980 & Specialty food stores & 4452 \\
\hline 4990 & Beer, wine, and liquor stores & 4453 \\
\hline 5070 & Pharmacies and drug stores & 44611 \\
\hline 5080 & Health and personal care, except drug, stores & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 446 \text { exc. } \\
& 44611
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 5090 & Gasoline stations & 447 \\
\hline 5170 & Clothing and accessories, except shoe, stores & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 448 \text { exc. } \\
& 44821,4483
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 5180 & Shoe stores & 44821 \\
\hline 5190 & Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores & 4483 \\
\hline 5270 & Sporting goods, camera, and hobby and toy stores & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 44313,45111, \\
& 45112
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 5280 & Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores & 45113 \\
\hline 5290 & Music stores & 45114, 45122 \\
\hline 5370 & Book stores and news dealers & 45121 \\
\hline 5380 & ****Department stores and discount stores & 45211 \\
\hline 5390 & Miscellaneous general merchandise stores & 4529 \\
\hline 5470 & Retail florists & 4531 \\
\hline 5480 & Office supplies and stationery stores & 45321 \\
\hline 5490 & Used merchandise stores & 4533 \\
\hline 5570 & Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops & 45322 \\
\hline 5580 & Miscellaneous retail stores *** Electronic shopping & \begin{tabular}{l}
45395590 \\
New industry \\
*454111
\end{tabular} \\
\hline * 5591 & *** Electronic auctions & New industry
*454112 \\
\hline * 5592 & ** Mail order houses & *454113 \\
\hline 5670 & Vending machine operators & 4542 \\
\hline 5680 & Fuel dealers & 45431 \\
\hline 5690 & Other direct selling establishments & 45439 \\
\hline 5790 & Not specified retail trade & Part of 44, 45 \\
\hline & Transportation and Warehousing & \\
\hline 6070 & Air transportation & 481 \\
\hline 6080 & Rail transportation & 482 \\
\hline 6090 & Water transportation & 483 \\
\hline 6170 & Truck transportation & 484 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DESCRIPTION}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
6180 & Bus service and urban transit & 4851,4852, \\
& & 4854,4855, \\
6190 & Taxi and limousine service & 4859 \\
6270 & Pipeline transportation & 4853 \\
6280 & Scenic and sightseeing transportation & 486 \\
6290 & Services incidental to transportation & 487 \\
6370 & Postal Service & 488 \\
6380 & Couriers and messengers & 491 \\
6390 & Warehousing and storage & 492 \\
& Information & 493 \\
& **Newspaper publishers & \\
6470 & \(* *\) Publishing, except newspapers and software & \\
6480 & Software publishing & 51111 \\
6490 & Motion pictures and video industries & 5111 exc. \\
6570 & 51111 \\
6590 & Sound recording industries & 5112 \\
6670 & Radio and television broadcasting and cable & 5121 \\
\(* 6675\) & \(* * *\) Internet publishing and broadcasting & 5122 \\
& Wired telecommunications carriers & 5151,5152, \\
6680 & Other telecommunications services & 5175 \\
6690 & New industry \\
\(* 6692\) & \(* *\) Internet service providers & \(* 5161\) \\
\(* 6695\) & \(* * * *\) Data processing, hosting, and related services & \(* 5171\) \\
6770 & Libraries and archives & \(* 517\) exc. \\
6780 & Other information services & 5171,5175 \\
& & New industry \\
& & \(* 5181\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Finance, Insurance, Real Estate, and Rental and Leasing

Finance and Insurance
6870 Banking and related activities
6880 Savings institutions, including credit unions
6890 Non-depository credit and related activities
6970 Securities, commodities, funds, trusts, and other financial investments
6990 Insurance carriers and related activities

521,52211, 52219
52212, 52213
5222, 5223
523, 525
524
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
7070 Real estate ..... 531
7080 Automotive equipment rental and leasing ..... 5321
\(7170 \quad\) Video tape and disk rental ..... 53223
7180 Other consumer goods rental ..... 53221, 53222, ..... 53229, 5323
7190 Commercial, industrial, and other intangible assets rental and leasing ..... 5324, 533
Professional, Scientific, Management, Administrative, and Waste Management Services
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
7270 Legal services ..... 5411
7280 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services ..... 5412
7290 Architectural, engineering, and related services ..... 5413
\(7370 \quad\) Specialized design services ..... 5414
7380 Computer systems design and related services ..... 5415
7390 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services ..... 5416
\(7460 \quad\) Scientific research and development services ..... 5417
\(7470 \quad\) Advertising and related services ..... 5418
\(7480 \quad\) Veterinary services ..... 54194
7490 Other professional, scientific, and technical services ..... 5419 exc.54194
Management, Administrative and Support, and Waste Management Services
Management of companies and enterprises
7570 Management of companies and enterprises ..... 551
Administrative and support, and waste management services
7580 Employment services ..... 5613
\(7590 \quad\) Business support services ..... 5614
7670 Travel arrangements and reservation services ..... 5615
7680 Investigation and security services ..... 5616
7690 ** Services to buildings and dwellings ..... 5617 exc.56173
(except cleaning during construction and immediately after construction) ..... 7770
Landscaping services ..... 56173
7780 Other administrative and other support services ..... 5611, 5612, ..... 5619
7790 Waste management and remediation services ..... 562

\section*{DESCRIPTION}
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
& Educational Services \\
7860 & Elementary and secondary schools & 6111 \\
7870 & Colleges and universities, including junior colleges & 6112,6113 \\
7880 & Business, technical, and trade schools and training & 6114,6115 \\
7890 & Other schools, instruction, and educational services & 6116,6117 \\
& Health Care and Social Assistance & \\
& & \\
7970 & Offices of physicians & 6211 \\
7980 & Offices of dentists & 6212 \\
7990 & Offices of chiropractors & 62131 \\
8070 & Offices of optometrists & 62132 \\
8080 & Offices of other health practitioners & 6213 exc. \\
& & 62131,62132 \\
8090 & Outpatient care centers & 6214 \\
8170 & Home health care services & 6216 \\
8180 & Other health care services & 6215,6219 \\
8190 & Hospitals & 622 \\
8270 & Nursing care facilities & 6231 \\
8290 & Residential care facilities, without nursing & 6232,6233, \\
8370 & Individual and family services & 6239 \\
8380 & Community food and housing, and emergency services & 6241 \\
8390 & Vocational rehabilitation services & 6242 \\
8470 & Child day care services & 6243 \\
& & 6244
\end{tabular}

\section*{Arts, Entertainment, Recreation, Accommodation, and Food Services}

\section*{Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation}

8560 Independent artists, performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries 711
8570 Museums, art galleries, historical sites, and similar institutions 712
8580 Bowling centers 71395
8590 Other amusement, gambling, and recreation industries
713 exc.
71395

\section*{Accommodation and Food Services}

8660 Traveler accommodation
7211
8670 Recreational vehicle parks and camps, and rooming and boarding houses
7212, 7213
8680 Restaurants and other food services
8690 Drinking places, alcoholic beverages 722 exc. 7224 7224

\section*{Other Services (Except Public Administration)}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 8770 & Automotive repair and maintenance & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8111 \text { exc. } \\
& 811192
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 8780 & Car washes & 811192 \\
\hline 8790 & Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance & 8112 \\
\hline 8870 & Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance & 8113 \\
\hline 8880 & Personal and household goods repair and maintenance & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8114 \text { exc. } \\
& 81143
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 8890 & Footwear and leather goods repair & 81143 \\
\hline 8970 & Barber shops & 812111 \\
\hline 8980 & Beauty salons & 812112 \\
\hline 8990 & Nail salons and other personal care services & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 812113, \\
& 81219
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 9070 & Dry cleaning and laundry services & 8123 \\
\hline 9080 & Funeral homes, cemeteries, and crematories & 8122 \\
\hline 9090 & Other personal services & 8129 \\
\hline 9160 & Religious organizations & 8131 \\
\hline 9170 & Civic, social, advocacy organizations, and grant making and giving services & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8132,8133, \\
& 8134
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 9180 & Labor unions & 81393 \\
\hline 9190 & Business, professional, political, and similar organizations & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8139 \text { exc. } \\
& 81393
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 9290 & Private households & 814 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Public Administration} \\
\hline 9370 & Executive offices and legislative bodies & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 92111, } 92112, \\
& 92114, \mathrm{pt.} \\
& 92115
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 9380 & Public finance activities & 92113 \\
\hline 9390 & Other general government and support & 92119 \\
\hline 9470 & Justice, public order, and safety activities & 922, pt. 92115 \\
\hline 9480 & Administration of human resource programs & 923 \\
\hline 9490 & Administration of environmental quality and housing programs & 924, 925 \\
\hline 9570 & Administration of economic programs and space research & 926, 927 \\
\hline 9590 & National security and international affairs & 928 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Armed Forces} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{9890} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Armed Forces} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CPS SPECIAL CODES} \\
\hline * 9970 & Problem referral & \\
\hline * 9990 & Uncodable (Includes Refused or reported Classified) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Active Duty Military (for Census and ACS)

9670
9680
9690
9770
9780
9790
9870
* Code changed from 2000 (In addition to adding of fourth digit)
* * Industry content changed from 2000, name may have changed *** New industry
**** Industry name changed, Content did not

These codes correspond to Item A-DTIND and are located in positions 209-210 of the Person Record.

\section*{CODE}

DESCRIPTION
INDUSTRY CODE
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 1 & Agriculture & 0170-0180 \\
\hline & & 0290 \\
\hline 2 & Forestry, logging, fishing, hunting, and trapping & 0190-0280 \\
\hline 3 & Mining & 0370-0490 \\
\hline 4 & Construction & 0770 \\
\hline 5 & Nonmetallic mineral products & 2470-2590 \\
\hline 6 & Primary metals and fabricated metal products & 2670-2990 \\
\hline 7 & Machinery manufacturing & 3070-3290 \\
\hline 8 & Computer and electronic products & 3360-3390 \\
\hline 9 & Electrical equipment, appliance manufacturing & 3470, 3490 \\
\hline 10 & Transportation equipment manufacturing & 3570-3690 \\
\hline 11 & Wood products & 3770-3870 \\
\hline 12 & Furniture and fixtures manufacturing & 3890 \\
\hline 13 & Miscellaneous and not specified manufacturing & 3960-3990 \\
\hline 14 & Food manufacturing & 1070-1290 \\
\hline 15 & Beverage and tobacco products & 1370, 1390 \\
\hline 16 & Textile, apparel, and leather manufacturing & 1470-1790 \\
\hline 17 & Paper and printing & 1870-1990 \\
\hline 18 & Petroleum and coal products & 2070, 2090 \\
\hline 19 & Chemical manufacturing & 2170-2290 \\
\hline 20 & Plastics and rubber products & 2370-2390 \\
\hline 21 & Wholesale trade & 4070-4590 \\
\hline 22 & Retail trade & 4670-5790 \\
\hline 23 & Transportation and warehousing & 6070-6390 \\
\hline 24 & Utilities & 0570-0690 \\
\hline 25 & Publishing industries (except internet) & 6470-6490 \\
\hline 26 & Motion picture and sound recording industries & 6570, 6590 \\
\hline 27 & Broadcasting (except internet) & 6670 \\
\hline 28 & Internet publishing and broadcasting & 6675 \\
\hline 29 & Telecommunications & 6680, 6690 \\
\hline 30 & Internet service providers and data processing services & 6692, 6695 \\
\hline 31 & Other information services & 6770, 6780 \\
\hline 32 & Finance & 6870-6970 \\
\hline 33 & Insurance & 6990 \\
\hline 34 & Real estate & 7070 \\
\hline 35 & Rental and leasing services & 7080-7190 \\
\hline 36 & Professional and technical services & 7270-7490 \\
\hline 37 & Management of companies and enterprises & 7570 \\
\hline 38 & Administrative and support services & 7580-7780 \\
\hline 39 & Waste management and remediation services & 7790 \\
\hline 40 & Educational services & 7860-7890 \\
\hline 41 & Hospitals & 8190 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lc} 
Health care services, except hospitals & \(7970-8180\), \\
& 8270,8290 \\
Social assistance & \(8370-8470\) \\
Arts, entertainment, and recreation & \(8560-8590\) \\
Accommodation & 8660,8670 \\
Food services and drinking places & 8680,8690 \\
Repair and maintenance & \(8770-8890\) \\
Personal and laundry services & \(8970-9090\) \\
Membership associations and organizations & \(9160-9190\) \\
Private households & 9290 \\
Public administration & \(9370-9590\) \\
Armed forces & 9890
\end{tabular}

\section*{Major Industry Recodes}
(01-14)

These codes correspond to Item A-MJIND and are located in positions 207-208 of the Person Record. They also correspond to Item WEMIND in positions 289-290 of the Person Record.

\section*{CODE}

\section*{DESCRIPTION}

\section*{INDUSTRY CODE}

1

10 Educational and health services
11 Leisure and hospitality
12 Other services
13 Public administration
14 Armed Forces
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting
Construction
Manufacturing
Wholesale and retail trade
Transportation and utilities
Information
Financial activities
Professional and business services

0170-0290
0370-0490
0770
1070-3990
4070-5790
6070-6390,
0570-0690
6470-6780
6870-7190
7270-7790
7860-8470
8560-8690
8770-9290

9370-9590
9670-9890

\section*{Detailed Industry Recodes}

Supplement Field WEIND
(00-23)

These codes correspond to Item WEIND and are located in positions 208-209 of the Person Record.
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
CODE & DESCRIPTION & INDUSTRY CO \\
& & \\
1 & AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING & \(0170-0290\) \\
2 & MINING & \(0370-0490\) \\
3 & CONSTRUCTION & 0770 \\
4 & DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING & \(2470-3990\) \\
5 & NONDURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING & \(1070-2390\) \\
6 & WHOLESALE TRADE & \(4070-4590\) \\
7 & RETAIL TRADE & \(4670-5790\) \\
8 & TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING & \(6070-6390\) \\
9 & UTILITIES & \(0570-0690\) \\
10 & INFORMATION & \(6470-6780\) \\
11 & FINANCE AND INSURANCE & \(6870-6990\) \\
12 & REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING & \(7070-7190\) \\
13 & PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, \& TECHNICAL SERVICES & \(7270-7490\) \\
14 & MANAGEMENT, ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT, AND WASTE & \(7570-7790\) \\
& MANAGEMENT SERVICES & \(7860-7890\) \\
15 & EDUCATIONAL SERVICES & \(7970-8470\) \\
16 & HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE & \(8560-8590\) \\
17 & ART, ENTERTAINMENT, AND RECREATION & \(8660-8690\) \\
18 & ACCOMMODATIONS AND FOOD SERVICES & 9290 \\
19 & PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS & \(8770-9190\) \\
20 & OTHER SERVICES, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS & \(9370-9590\) \\
21 & PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION & \(9670-9890\)
\end{tabular}

\title{
Major Industry Group Recodes for Longest Job Last Year Supplement Field WEMIND (00-15)
}

\section*{CODE}

\section*{DESCRIPTION}

1 AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, \& HUNTING
2 MINING

3 CONSTRUCTION
4 MANUFACTURING
5 WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE
6 TRANSPORTATION AND UTILITIES
7 INFORMATION
8 FINANCIAL, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND RENTAL \& LEASING
9 PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, MANAGEMENT, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES
EDUCATIONAL, HEALTH, AND SOCIAL SERVICES
11 ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT, RECREATION, ACCOMMODATION, AND FOOD SERVICES
OTHER SERVICES (EXCEPT PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION) PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
ARMED FORCES AND ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY

7270-7790
7860-8470

\section*{INDUSTRY CODE}

0170-0290
0370-0490
0770
1070-3990
4070-5790
6070-6390
6470-6780
6870-7190

8560-8690
8770-9290
9370-9590
9670-9890

\section*{APPENDIX B}

\section*{OCCUPATION CLASSIFICATION}
(Beginning January 2011)

These categories are aggregated into 23 detailed groups and 11 major groups (see page B-14). The codes in the right hand column are the 2010 SOC equivalent. Changes from the Census 2000 classification are noted by an asterisk (*).

These codes correspond to Item PEIOOCC, and are located in positions 172-175 of the Persons Record.
\begin{tabular}{lll}
2010 & & 2010 \\
CENSUS & & SOC \\
CODE & DESCRIPTION & CODE
\end{tabular}

\section*{Management Occupations}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
0010 & Chief executives & \(11-1011\) \\
0020 & General and operations managers & \(11-1021\) \\
0030 & Legislators & \(11-1031\) \\
0040 & Advertising and promotions managers & \(11-2011\) \\
0050 & Marketing and sales managers & \(11-2020\) \\
0060 & Public relations managers & \(11-2031\) \\
0100 & Administrative services managers & \(11-3011\) \\
0110 & Computer and information systems managers & \(11-3021\) \\
0120 & Financial managers & \(11-3031\) \\
0135 & Compensation and benefits managers & \(11-3111\) \\
0136 & Human Resources Managers & \(11-3121\) \\
0137 & Training and Development Managers & \(11-3131\) \\
0140 & Industrial production managers & \(11-3051\) \\
0150 & Purchasing managers & \(11-3061\) \\
0160 & Transportation, storage, and distribution managers & \(11-3071\) \\
0205 & Farmers, Ranchers, and other Agricultural Managers & \(11-9013\) \\
0220 & Construction managers & \(11-9021\) \\
0230 & Education administrators & \(11-9030\) \\
0300 & Engineering managers & \(11-9041\) \\
0310 & Food service managers & \(11-9051\) \\
0325 & Funeral Service Managers & \(11-9061\) \\
0330 & Gaming managers & \(11-9071\) \\
0340 & Lodging managers & \(11-9081\) \\
0350 & Medical and health services managers & \(11-9111\) \\
0360 & Natural sciences managers & \(11-9121\) \\
0400 & Postmasters and mail superintendents & \(11-9131\) \\
0410 & Property, real estate, and community association managers & \(11-9141\) \\
0420 & Social and community service managers & \(11-9151\) \\
0425 & Emergency Management Directors & \(11-9161\) \\
0430 & Managers, all other & \(11-9199\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Business and Financial Operations Occupations}

\section*{Business Operations Specialists}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
0500 & Agents and business managers of artists, performers, and athletes & \(13-1011\) \\
0510 & Purchasing agents and buyers, farm products & \(13-1021\) \\
0520 & Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products & \(13-1022\) \\
0530 & Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products & \(13-1023\) \\
0540 & Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators & \(13-1030\) \\
0565 & Compliance Officers & \(13-1041\) \\
0600 & Cost estimators & \(13-1051\) \\
0630 & Human resources workers & \(13-1070\) \\
0640 & Compensation, benefits, and job analysis specialists & \(13-1141\) \\
0650 & Training and development specialists & \(13-1151\) \\
0700 & Logisticians & \(13-1081\) \\
0710 & Management analysts & \(13-1111\) \\
0725 & Meeting, convention, and event planners & \(13-1121\) \\
0726 & Fundraisers & \(13-1131\) \\
0735 & Market research analysts and marketing specialists & \(13-1161\) \\
0740 & Business operations specialists, all other & \(13-1199\)
\end{tabular}

Financial Specialists
0800 Accountants and auditors
0810
0820
0830
Appraisers and assessors of real estate 13-2021
13-2011

Credit analysts
13-2031

0840 Financial analysts
13-2041

0850 Personal financial advisors 13-2052
0860 Insurance underwriters 13-2053
0900 Financial examiners 13-2061
0910 Loan counselors and officers 13-2070
0930 Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents 13-2081
0940 Tax preparers 13-2082
0950 Financial specialists, all other 13-2099

\section*{Computer and Mathematical Occupations}
\(\begin{array}{lll}1060 & \text { Database administrators } & 15-1141 \\ 1105 & \text { Network and computer systems administrators } & 15-1142\end{array}\)

1000
1005
1006
1007
1010
1020
1030

1106 Computer network architects
1107 Computer occupations, all other
Computer scientists and systems analysts
Computer and information research scientists
Computer systems analysts
Information security analysts
Computer programmers
Web developers

15-10XX 15-1111 15-1121 15-1122 15-1122 15-1131
Software developers, applications and systems software 15-113X 15-1134
Computer support specialists \(\quad 15-1150\)
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Database administrators } & 15-1141 \\ \text { Network and computer systems administrators } & 15-1142\end{array}\)
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Database administrators } & 15-1141 \\ \text { Network and computer systems administrators } & 15-1142\end{array}\)15-1143

15-1199
\begin{tabular}{lll}
1200 & Actuaries & \(15-2011\) \\
1210 & Mathematicians & \(15-2021\) \\
1220 & Operations research analysts & \(15-2031\) \\
1230 & Statisticians & \(15-2041\) \\
1240 & Miscellaneous mathematical science occupations & \(15-2090\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Architecture and Engineering Occupations}
1300 Architects, except naval 17-1010

1310 Surveyors, cartographers, and photogrammetrists 17-1020
1320 Aerospace engineers 17-2011
1330 Agricultural engineers 17-2021
1340 Biomedical engineers 17-2031
1350 Chemical engineers 17-2041
1360 Civil engineers 17-2051
1400 Computer hardware engineers 17-2061
1410 Electrical and electronic engineers 17-2070
1420 Environmental engineers 17-2081
1430 Industrial engineers, including health and safety 17-2110
1440 Marine engineers and naval architects 17-2121
1450 Materials engineers 17-2131
1460 Mechanical engineers 17-2141
1500 Mining and geological engineers, including mining safety engineers 17-2151
1510 Nuclear engineers 17-2161
1520 Petroleum engineers 17-2171
1530 Engineers, all other 17-2199
1540 Drafters 17-3010
1550 Engineering technicians, except drafters 17-3020
1560 Surveying and mapping technicians 17-3031

\section*{Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations}

1600 Agricultural and food scientists 19-1010
1610 Biological scientists 19-1020
1640 Conservation scientists and foresters 19-1030
1650 Medical scientists 19-1040
1660 Life Scientists, all other 16-1099
1700 Astronomers and physicists 19-2010
1710 Atmospheric and space scientists 19-2021
1720 Chemists and materials scientists 19-2030
1740 Environmental scientists and geoscientists 19-2040
1760 Physical scientists, all other 19-2099
1800 Economists 19-3011
1815 Survey Researchers 19-3022
1820 Psychologists 19-3030
1830 Sociologists 19-3041
1840 Urban and regional planners 19-3051
1860 Miscellaneous social scientists and related workers 19-3090
1900 Agricultural and food science technicians 19-4011

\section*{DESCRIPTION}
1910 Biological technicians ..... 19-4021
1920 Chemical technicians ..... 19-4031
1930 Geological and petroleum technicians ..... 19-4041
1940 Nuclear technicians ..... 19-4051
1950 Social science research assistants ..... 19-4061
1965 Miscellaneous life, physical, and social science technicians ..... 19-4090
Community and Social Services Occupations
\[
1
\]2310 Elementary and middle school teache2320 Secondary school teachers
23-1011
Lawyers, Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers
23-1012
Judicial Law Clerks
23-1020
Judges, Magistrates, and Other Judicial Workers
23-2011
Paralegals and Legal Assistants23-2090
Education, Training, and Library Occupations2330 Special education teachers
25-1000
Postsecondary teachers25-20102340 Other teachers and instructors25-2020
2400 Archivists, curators, and museum technicians 2400 Archivists, curators, and museum technicians ..... 25-401025-203025-2050
2430 Librarians ..... 25-4021
2440 Library technicians ..... 25-4031
2540 Teacher assistants ..... 25-9041
2550 Other education, training, and library workers
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations
2600 Artists and related workers ..... 27-1010
2630 Designers ..... 27-1020
2700 Actors ..... 27-2011
2710 Producers and directors ..... 27-2012
2720 Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers ..... 27-2020
2740 Dancers and choreographers ..... 27-2030
2750 Musicians, singers, and related workers ..... 27-2040
2760 Entertainers and performers, sports and related workers, all other ..... 27-2099
2800 Announcers ..... 27-3010
2810 News analysts, reporters and correspondents ..... 27-3020
2825 Public Relations Specialists ..... 27-3031
2830 Editors ..... 27-3041
2840 Technical writers ..... 27-3042
2850 Writers and authors ..... 27-3043
2860 Miscellaneous media and communication workers ..... 27-3090
2900 Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators ..... 27-4010
2910 Photographers ..... 27-4021
2920 Television, video, and motion picture camera operators and editors ..... 27-4030
2960 Media and communication equipment workers, all other ..... 27-4099
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations
3000 Chiropractors ..... 29-1011
3010 Dentists ..... 29-1020
3030 Dietitians and nutritionists ..... 29-1031
3040 Optometrists ..... 29-1041
3050 Pharmacists ..... 29-1051
3060 Physicians and surgeons ..... 29-1060
3110 Physician assistants ..... 29-1071
3120 Podiatrists ..... 29-1081
3140 Audiologists ..... 29-1181
3150 Occupational therapists ..... 29-1122
3160 Physical therapists ..... 29-1123
3200 Radiation therapists ..... 29-1124
3210 Recreational therapists ..... 29-1125
3220 Respiratory therapists ..... 29-1126
3230 Speech-language pathologists ..... 29-1127
3235 Exercise Physiologists ..... 29-1128
3245 Therapists, all other ..... 29-1129
3250 Veterinarians ..... 29-1131
3255 Registered Nurses ..... 29-1141
3256 Nurse Anesthetists ..... 29-1151
3257 Nurse Midwives ..... 29-1161
3258 Nurse Practitioners ..... 29-1171
3260 Health diagnosing and treating practitioners, all other ..... 29-1199
3300 Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians ..... 29-2010
3310 Dental hygienists ..... 29-2021
3320 Diagnostic related technologists and technicians ..... 29-2030
3400 Emergency medical technicians and paramedics ..... 29-2041
3420 Health Practitioner Support Technologists and Technicians ..... 29-2050
3500 Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses ..... 29-2061
3510 Medical records and health information technicians ..... 29-2071
3520 Opticians, dispensing ..... 29-2081
3535 Miscellaneous Health Technologists and Technicians ..... 29-2090
3540 Other healthcare practitioners and technical occupations ..... 29-9000

\section*{Healthcare Support Occupations}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
3600 & Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides & \(31-1010\) \\
3610 & Occupational therapist assistants and aides & \(31-2010\) \\
3620 & Physical therapist assistants and aides & \(31-2020\) \\
3630 & Massage therapists & \(31-9011\) \\
3640 & Dental assistants & \(31-9091\) \\
3645 & Medical Assistants & \(31-9092\) \\
3646 & Medical Transcriptionists & \(31-9094\) \\
3647 & Pharmacy Aides & \(31-9095\) \\
3648 & Veterinary Assistants and Laboratory Animal Caretakers & \(31-9096\) \\
3649 & Phlebotomists & \(31-9097\) \\
3655 & Miscellaneous Healthcare Support Occupations, Including & \(31-909 \mathrm{X}\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Protective Service Occupations}

First-line supervisors/managers of correctional officers
33-1011
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives
33-1012
First-line supervisors/managers of fire fighting and prevention workers 33-1021
Supervisors, protective service workers, all other 33-1099
Fire fighters
33-2011
Fire inspectors
33-2020
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers 33-3010
Detectives and criminal investigators 33-3021
Fish and game wardens 33-3031
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Parking enforcement workers } & \text { 33-3041 }\end{array}\)
Police and sheriff's patrol officers 33-3051
Transit and railroad police 33-3052
Animal control workers 33-9011
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Private detectives and investigators } & 33-9021\end{array}\)
Security Guards and Gaming Surveillance Officers 33-9030
\(\begin{array}{lrl}\text { Crossing guards } & \text { 33-9091 }\end{array}\)
Transportation Security Screeners 33-9093
Lifeguards and Other Recreational, and all Other Protective Service Workers
33-909X

\section*{Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations}

Chefs and head cooks 35-1011
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers 35-1012
Cooks 35-2010
Food preparation workers 35-2021
Bartenders 35-3011
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food 35-3021
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop 35-3022
Waiters and waitresses 35-3031
Food servers, nonrestaurant 35-3041
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers 35-9011
Dishwashers 35-9021
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop 35-9031
Food preparation and serving related workers, all other

\section*{Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
4200 & First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and janitorial workers & \(37-1011\) \\
4210 & First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping & \\
& workers & \(37-1012\) \\
4220 & Janitors and building cleaners & \(31-201 \mathrm{X}\) \\
4230 & Maids and housekeeping cleaners & \(37-2012\) \\
4240 & Pest control workers & \(37-2021\) \\
4250 & Grounds maintenance workers & \(37-3010\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Personal Care and Service Occupations}

4300 First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers 39-1010
4320 First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers 39-1021
4340 Animal trainers 39-2011
4350 Nonfarm animal caretakers 39-2021
4400 Gaming services workers 39-3010
4410 Motion picture projectionists 39-3021
4420 Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket takers 39-3031
4430 Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers 39-3090
4460 Funeral service workers 39-40XX
4465 Morticians, Undertakers, and Funeral Directors 39-4031
4500 Barbers 39-5011
4510 Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists 39-5012
4520 Miscellaneous personal appearance workers 39-5090
4530 Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges 39-6010
4540 Tour and travel guides 39-7010
4600 Child care workers 39-9011
4610 Personal and home care aides 39-9021
4620 Recreation and fitness workers 39-9030
4640 Residential advisors 39-9041
4650 Personal care and service workers, all other 39-9099

\section*{Sales and Related Occupations}
\(4700 \quad\) First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers 41-1011
\(4710 \quad\) First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers 41-1012
4720 Cashiers 41-2010
4740 Counter and rental clerks 41-2021
4750 Parts salespersons 41-2022
4760 Retail salespersons 41-2031
4800 Advertising sales agents 41-3011
4810 Insurance sales agents 41-3021
4820 Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents 41-3031
4830 Travel agents 41-3041
4840 Sales representatives, services, all other 41-3099
4850 Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing 41-4010
4900 Models, demonstrators, and product promoters 41-9010
4920 Real estate brokers and sales agents 41-9020

\section*{DESCRIPTION}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
4930 & Sales engineers & \(41-9031\) \\
4940 & Telemarketers & \(41-9041\) \\
4950 & Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers & \(41-9091\) \\
4965 & Sales and Related Workers, all other & \(41-9099\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Office and Administrative Support Occupations}
5000 First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers ..... 43-1011
5010 Switchboard operators, including answering service ..... 43-2011
5020 Telephone operators ..... 43-2021
5030 Communications equipment operators, all other ..... 43-2099
5100 Bill and account collectors ..... 43-3011
5110 Billing and posting clerks and machine operators ..... 43-3021
5120 Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks ..... 43-3031
5130 Gaming cage workers ..... 43-3041
5140 Payroll and timekeeping clerks ..... 43-3051
5150 Procurement clerks ..... 43-3061
5160 Tellers ..... 43-3071
5165 Financial Clerks, all other ..... 43-3099
5200 Brokerage clerks ..... 43-4011
5210 Correspondence clerks ..... 43-4021
5220 Court, municipal, and license clerks ..... 43-4031
5230 Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks ..... 43-4041
5240 Customer service representatives ..... 43-4051
5250 Eligibility interviewers, government programs ..... 43-4061
5260 File Clerks ..... 43-4071
5300 Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks ..... 43-4081
5310 Interviewers, except eligibility and loan ..... 43-4111
5320 Library assistants, clerical ..... 43-4121
5330 Loan interviewers and clerks ..... 43-4131
5340 New accounts clerks ..... 43-4141
5350 Order clerks ..... 43-4151
5360 Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping ..... 43-4161
5400 Receptionists and information clerks ..... 43-4171
5410 Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks ..... 43-4181
5420 Information and record clerks, all other ..... 43-4199
\(5500 \quad\) Cargo and freight agents ..... 43-5011
5510 Couriers and messengers ..... 43-5021
5520 Dispatchers ..... 43-5030
5530 Meter readers, utilities ..... 43-5041
5540 Postal service clerks ..... 43-5051
5550 Postal service mail carriers ..... 43-5052
5560 Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators ..... 43-5053
5600 Production, planning, and expediting clerks ..... 43-5061
5610 Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks ..... 43-5071
5620 Stock clerks and order fillers ..... 43-5081
5630 Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping ..... 43-5111
5700 Secretaries and administrative assistants ..... 43-6010
5800 Computer operators ..... 43-9011
5810 Data entry keyers ..... 43-9021
\begin{tabular}{lll}
5820 & Word processors and typists & \(43-9022\) \\
5830 & Desktop publishers & \(43-9031\) \\
5840 & Insurance claims and policy processing clerks & \(43-9041\) \\
5850 & Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service & \(43-9051\) \\
5860 & Office clerks, general & \(43-9061\) \\
5900 & Office machine operators, except computer & \(43-9071\) \\
5910 & Proofreaders and copy markers & \(43-9081\) \\
5920 & Statistical assistants & \(43-9111\) \\
5940 & Office and Administrative Support Workers, all other & \(43-9199\)
\end{tabular}

Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations
6005 First-line supervisors of farming, fishing, and forestry workers ..... 45-1011
6010 Agricultural inspectors ..... 45-2011
6020 Animal breeders ..... 45-2021
6040 Graders and sorters, agricultural products ..... 45-2041
6050 Miscellaneous agricultural workers ..... 45-2090
6100 Fishers and related fishing workers ..... 45-3011
6110 Hunters and trappers ..... 45-3021
6120 Forest and conservation workers ..... 45-4011
6130 Logging workers ..... 45-4020
Construction Trades
6200 First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers ..... 47-1011
6210 Boilermakers ..... 47-2011
6220 Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons ..... 47-2020
6230 Carpenters ..... 47-2031
6240 Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers ..... 47-2040
6250 Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers ..... 47-2050
6260 Construction laborers ..... 47-2061
6300 Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators ..... 47-2071
6310 Pile-driver operators ..... 47-2072
6320 Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators ..... 47-2073
6330 Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers ..... 47-2080
6355 Electricians ..... 47-2111
6360 Glaziers ..... 47-2121
6400 Insulation workers ..... 47-2130
6420 Painters, construction and maintenance ..... 47-2141
6430 Paperhangers ..... 47-2142
6440 Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters ..... 47-2150
6460 Plasterers and stucco masons ..... 47-2161
6500 Reinforcing iron and rebar workers ..... 47-2171
6515 Roofers ..... 47-2181
6520 Sheet metal workers ..... 47-2211
6530 Structural iron and steel workers ..... 47-2221
6540 Solar Photovoltaic Installers ..... 47-2231
6600 Helpers, construction trades ..... 47-3010
6660 Construction and building inspectors ..... 47-4011
6700 Elevator installers and repairers ..... 47-4021

\section*{DESCRIPTION}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
6710 & Fence erectors & \(47-4031\) \\
6720 & Hazardous materials removal workers & \(47-4041\) \\
6730 & Highway maintenance workers & \(47-4051\) \\
6740 & Rail-track laying and maintenance equipment operators & \(47-4061\) \\
6750 & Septic tank servicers and sewer pipe cleaners & \(47-4071\) \\
6765 & Miscellaneous construction and related workers & \(47-4090\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Extraction Workers}

Derrick, rotary drill, and service unit operators, oil, gas, and mining
47-5010
Earth drillers, except oil and gas
47-5021
Explosives workers, ordnance handling experts, and blasters 47-5031
Mining machine operators 47-5040
Roof bolters, mining 47-5061
Roustabouts, oil and gas 47-5071
Helpers--extraction workers 47-5081
Other extraction workers 47-50XX

\section*{Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers}

First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, and repairers 49-1011
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers 49-2011
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers 49-2020
Avionics technicians 49-2091
Electric motor, power tool, and related repairers 49-2092
Electrical and electronics installers and repairers, transportation equipment 49-2093
Electrical and electronics repairers, industrial and utility 49-209X
Electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles 49-2096
Electronic home entertainment equipment installers and repairers 49-2097
Security and fire alarm systems installers 49-2098
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians 49-3011
Automotive body and related repairers 49-3021
Automotive glass installers and repairers 49-3022
Automotive service technicians and mechanics 49-3023
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists 49-3031
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and mechanics 49-3040
Small engine mechanics 49-3050
Miscellaneous vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers 49-3090
Control and valve installers and repairers 49-9010
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers 49-9021
Home appliance repairers 49-9031
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics 49-904X
Maintenance and repair workers, general 49-9071
Maintenance workers, machinery 49-9043
Millwrights 49-9044
Electrical power-line installers and repairers 49-9051
Telecommunications line installers and repairers 49-9052
Precision instrument and equipment repairers 49-9060
Wind Turbine Service Technicians 49-9081
Coin, vending, and amusement machine servicers and repairers 49-9091
7520 Commercial divers ..... 49-9092
7540 Locksmiths and safe repairers ..... 49-9094
7550 Manufactured building and mobile home installers ..... 49-9095
7560 Riggers ..... 49-9096
7600 Signal and track switch repairers ..... 49-9097
7610 Helpers--installation, maintenance, and repair workers ..... 49-9098
7630 Other installation, maintenance, and repair workers ..... 49-909X
Production Occupations
7700 First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers ..... 51-1011
7710 Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers ..... 51-2011
7720 Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers ..... 51-2020
7730 Engine and other machine assemblers ..... 51-2031
7740 Structural metal fabricators and fitters ..... 51-2041
7750 Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators ..... 51-2090
7800 Bakers ..... 51-3011
7810 Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers ..... 51-3020
7830 Food and tobacco roasting, baking, and drying machine operators and tenders ..... 51-3091
7840 Food batchmakers ..... 51-3092
7850 Food cooking machine operators and tenders ..... 51-3093
7855 Food Processing Workers, all Other ..... 51-3099
7900 Computer control programmers and operators ..... 51-4010
7920 Extruding and drawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4021
7930 Forging machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4022
7940 Rolling machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4023
7950 Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4031
7960 Drilling and boring machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4032
8000 Grinding, lapping, polishing, and buffing machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4033
8010 Lathe and turning machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4034
8020 Milling and planing machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4035
8030 Machinists ..... 51-4041
8040 Metal furnace and kiln operators and tenders ..... 51-4050
8060 Model makers and patternmakers, metal and plastic ..... 51-4060
8100 Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4070
8120 Multiple machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4081
8130 Tool and die makers ..... 51-4111
8140 Welding, soldering, and brazing workers ..... 51-4120
8150 Heat treating equipment setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4191
8160 Lay-out workers, metal and plastic ..... 51-4192
8200 Plating and coating machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic ..... 51-4193
8210 Tool grinders, filers, and sharpeners ..... 51-4194
8220 Metalworkers and plastic workers, all other ..... 51-4199
8250 Prepress technicians and workers ..... 51-5111
8255 Printing Press Operators ..... 51-5112
8256 Print Binding and Finishing Workers ..... 51-5113
8300 Laundry and dry-cleaning workers ..... 51-6011
8310 Pressers, textile, garment, and related materials ..... 51-6021
8320 Sewing machine operators ..... 51-6031

\section*{DESCRIPTION}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 8330 & Shoe and leather workers and repairers & 51-6041 \\
\hline 8340 & Shoe machine operators and tenders & 51-6042 \\
\hline 8350 & Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers & 51-6050 \\
\hline 8360 & Textile bleaching and dyeing machine operators and tenders & 51-6061 \\
\hline 8400 & Textile cutting machine setters, operators, and tenders & 51-6062 \\
\hline 8410 & Textile knitting and weaving machine setters, operators, and tenders & 51-6063 \\
\hline 8420 & Textile winding, twisting, and drawing out machine setters, operators, and tenders & 51-6064 \\
\hline 8430 & Extruding and forming machine setters, operators, and tenders, synthetic and glass fibers & 51-6091 \\
\hline 8440 & Fabric and apparel patternmakers & 51-6092 \\
\hline 8450 & Upholsterers & 51-6093 \\
\hline 8460 & Textile, apparel, and furnishings workers, all other & 51-6099 \\
\hline 8500 & Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters & 51-7011 \\
\hline 8510 & Furniture finishers & 51-7021 \\
\hline 8520 & Model makers and patternmakers, wood & 51-7030 \\
\hline 8530 & Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood & 51-7041 \\
\hline 8540 & Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing & 51-7042 \\
\hline 8550 & Woodworkers, all other & 51-7099 \\
\hline 8600 & Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers & 51-8010 \\
\hline 8610 & Stationary engineers and boiler operators & 51-8021 \\
\hline 8620 & Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators & 51-8031 \\
\hline 8630 & Miscellaneous plant and system operators & 51-8090 \\
\hline 8640 & Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders & 51-9010 \\
\hline 8650 & Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers & 51-9020 \\
\hline 8710 & Cutting workers & 51-9030 \\
\hline 8720 & Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders & 51-9041 \\
\hline 8730 & Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders & 51-9051 \\
\hline 8740 & Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers & 51-9061 \\
\hline 8750 & Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers & 51-9071 \\
\hline 8760 & Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians & 51-9080 \\
\hline 8800 & Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders & 51-9111 \\
\hline 8810 & Painting workers & 51-9120 \\
\hline 8830 & Photographic process workers and processing machine operators & 51-9151 \\
\hline 8840 & Semiconductor processors & 51-9141 \\
\hline 8850 & Cementing and gluing machine operators and tenders & 51-9191 \\
\hline 8860 & Cleaning, washing, and metal pickling equipment operators and tenders & 51-9192 \\
\hline 8900 & Cooling and freezing equipment operators and tenders & 51-9193 \\
\hline 8910 & Etchers and engravers & 51-9194 \\
\hline 8920 & Molders, shapers, and casters, except metal and plastic & 51-9195 \\
\hline 8930 & Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders & 51-9196 \\
\hline 8940 & Tire builders & 51-9197 \\
\hline 8950 & Helpers--production workers & 51-9198 \\
\hline 8965 & Production workers, all other & 51-9199 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Transportation and Material Moving Occupations}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
9110 & Ambulance drivers and attendants, except emergency medical technicians & \(53-3011\) \\
9120 & Bus drivers & \(53-3020\) \\
9130 & Driver/sales workers and truck drivers & \(53-3030\) \\
9140 & Taxi drivers and chauffeurs & \(53-3041\) \\
9150 & Motor vehicle operators, all other & \(53-3099\) \\
9200 & Locomotive engineers and operators & \(53-4010\) \\
9230 & Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators & \(53-4021\) \\
9240 & Railroad conductors and yardmasters & \(53-4031\) \\
9260 & Subway, streetcar, and other rail transportation workers & \(53-40 \mathrm{XX}\) \\
9300 & Sailors and marine oilers & \(53-5011\) \\
9310 & Ship and boat captains and operators & \(53-5020\) \\
9330 & Ship engineers & \(53-5031\) \\
9340 & Bridge and lock tenders & \(53-6011\) \\
9350 & Parking lot attendants & \(53-6021\) \\
9360 & Service station attendants & \(53-6031\) \\
9410 & Transportation inspectors & \(53-6051\) \\
9415 & Transportation Attendants, Except Flight Attendants & \(53-6061\) \\
9420 & Other transportation workers & \(53-60 X X\) \\
9500 & Conveyor operators and tenders & \(53-7011\) \\
9510 & Crane and tower operators & \(53-7021\) \\
9520 & Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators & \(53-7030\) \\
9560 & Hoist and winch operators & \(53-7041\) \\
9600 & Industrial truck and tractor operators & \(53-7051\) \\
9610 & Cleaners of vehicles and equipment & \(53-7061\) \\
9620 & Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand & \(53-7062\) \\
9630 & Machine feeders and offbearers & \(53-7063\) \\
9640 & Packers and packagers, hand & \(53-7064\) \\
9650 & Pumping station operators & \(53-7070\) \\
9720 & Refuse and recyclable material collectors & \(53-7081\) \\
9730 & Shuttle car operators & \(53-7111\) \\
9740 & Tank car, truck, and ship loaders & \(53-7121\) \\
9750 & Material moving workers, all other & \(53-7199\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Armed Forces}
*9840 Armed Forces

\section*{CPS SPECIAL CODES}
*9970 Problem referral
*9990 Not reported (Includes Refused, Classified, blank and all other noncodable entries)
Military Specific Occupations (for CPS and ACS)
9800 Military officer special and tactical operations leaders/managers 55-1010
9810 First-line enlisted military supervisors/managers 55-2010
9820 Military enlisted tactical operations and air/weapons specialists and crew members 55-3010
9830 Military, rank not specified
99-9999
* Code change from 2000

\section*{Detailed Occupation Recodes} (01-53)

These codes correspond to Item POCCU2, located in positions 283-284 of the Persons Record.

\section*{CODE CODE DESCRIPTION}

1 Chief executives, General/Operations/Advertising/Promotions/
Marketing/Sales/Public Relations/Administrative/Computer/ Information Systems/And Financial Managers
2 Compensation and Benefits/Human Resources/Industrial Production/
Purchasing/Transportation/Storage/Distribution/Farm/Ranch/
Other Agricultural Managers, Farmers, Ranchers, And Construction Managers
3 Education Administrators, Engineering/Food Service/ \(\quad 0230-0430\)
4 Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes
0500
5 Business Operations Specialists 0510-0740
6 Accountants and Auditors 0800
7 Financial Specialists 0810-0950
8 Computer scientist, Systems Analysts, Information Security Analysts, 1005-1107
Computer Programmers, Computer Software Engineers, Support Specialist, Database/Network/Computer Systems Administrators, Network Systems, Data Communication Analysts, Network Architects
9 Actuaries, Mathematicians, Operations Research Analysts, 1200-1240 Statisticians, Misc. Mathematical Science occupations
10 Architects, except Naval 1300
11 Surveyors, Cartographer, and Photogrammetrists 1310
12 Aerospace/Agricultural// Electical/Electronic/Environmental/Industrial/Marine/ Material/Mechanical/Mining/Geological/Nuclear/ Petroleum/and all other Engineers, Naval Architects, Drafters, Engineering/Surveying/Mapping Technicians
13 Agricultural/Food/Biological/Conservation/Medical/
All other Scientists, Astronomers, Physicists, Chemists, and Geoscientists
14 Economists, Market and Survey Researchers
1800-1815
15 Psychologists, Sociologists, Urban and Regional Planners, 1820-1860 and misc. Social Scientists and misc. Social Scientists
16 Agricultural/Food Science/Biological/Chemical/
1900-1960
Geological/Petroleum/Nuclear/Other Life/Physical/ Social Science Technicians
17 Community and Social Services Occupations
2000-2060
18 Lawyers, Judges, Magistrates, and Other Judicial Workers

2100-2110
19 Paralegals \& Legal Assistants, Miscellaneous Legal Support ..... 2145-2160
Workers
20 Post-secondary Teachers ..... 2200
21 Preschool \& Kindergarten/Elementary \& Middle School/ ..... 2300-2340
Secondary School/Special Education Teachers and Other Teachers \& Instructors
22 Archivists, Curators, Museum Technicians, Librarians, ..... 2400-2550
Library Technicians, Teacher Assistants, and Other Education, Training, \& Library Workers
23 Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations ..... 2600-2960
24 Chiropractors, Dentists, Dietitians, Nutritionist, ..... 3000-3120Optometrists, Pharmacists, Physicians, Surgeons,Physician Assistants, And Podiatrists
25 Registered Nurses/anesthetists/midwives/practitioners, ..... 3140-3245,
Audiologists, Occupational/Physical/Radiation/Recreational/ ..... 3255-3258
Respiratory/All Other Therapists, Speech-Language Pathologists
26 Veterinarians ..... 3250
27 Health Diagnosing/Treating/All Other Practitioners, ..... 3260-3540
Clinical Lab/Diagnostic Related/Misc. Health Technologists \& Technicians, Dental Hygienists, Emergency/Medical Records/Health Info.
Technicians, Paramedics, Licensed Practical \&
Vocational Nurses, Opticians, and Other Healthcare Practitioners
28 Nursing, Psychiatric, \& Home Health Aides, Occupational ..... 3600-3655
Therapist Assistants \& Aides, Physical Therapists, Dental/ Medical Assistants, and Other Healthcare Support Occupations
29 First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Correctional
29 First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Correctional ..... 3700-3730 ..... 3700-3730
Officers/Of Police \& Detectives/Of Fire Fighting \&
Prevention Workers, Supervisors, Protective Service Workers, and All Other ..... 3740-3860
30 Fire Fighters \& Inspectors, Bailiffs, Correctional
30 Fire Fighters \& Inspectors, Bailiffs, Correctional
Officers, Detectives \& Criminal Investigators, Fish \&Game Wardens, Parking Enforcement Workers, Police \&Sheriff's Patrol Officers, And Transit \& Railroad Police31 Animal Control Workers, Private Detectives And3900-3955Investigators, Security Guards \& GamingSurveillance Officers, Crossing Guards, Lifeguards,And Other Protective Service
32 Chefs and Head Cooks, First Line Supervisors/Managers Of ..... 4000-4020
Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Cook
33 Food Preparation/Server Workers, Bartenders, Counter ..... 4030-4160
Attendants, Waiters/Waitresses, Food Servers, Dishwashers, Hosts \& Hostesses
34 First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Housekeeping And Janitors ..... 4200-4210Workers/Of Landscaping, Lawn Service, \& Grounds keeping Workers
35 Janitors/Building/Maid/Housekeeping Cleaners, ..... 4220-4250
Pest Control and Grounds Maintenance Workers
36 First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Gaming Workers ..... 4300-4320
And Of Personal Service Workers
37 Animal Trainers, Non-farm Animal Caretakers, Gaming \& ..... 4340-4650
Funeral Services/Child Care/Recreation/Fitness/Personal Care Workers, Motion Picture Projectionists, Ushers, Lobby Attendants, Ticket Takers, Barbers, Hairdressers, Hairstylists, Cosmetologists, Baggage Porters, Bellhops, Concierges, Personal \& Home Care Aides, Residential Advisor, And Other Personal Care/Service
38 First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Retail/Non-Retail Sales Workers ..... 4700-4710
39 Cashiers, Counter and Rental Clerks, Parts \& ..... 4720-4965Retail Salespersons, Advertising/Insurance/FinancialServices Sales Agents, Sales Representatives,Travel Agents, Models, Demonstrators, \& Product Promoters,Real Estate Brokers \& Sales Agent, Sales Engineers,Tele-marketers, An All Other Sales \& Related Workers
40 Office \& Admin. Support Occupations ..... 5000-5940
41 Farming, Fishing, \& Forestry Occupations ..... 6005-6130
42 First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Construction Trades \& ..... 6200-6220
Extraction Workers, Boiler makers, Brick masons, Block masons, And Stonemasons
43 Carpenters ..... 6230
44 Carpet, Floor, \& Tile Installers and Finishers, Cement Masons, ..... 6240-6330
Concrete Finishers, \& Terrazzo Workers, Paving, Surfacing, \& Tamping Equipment Operators, Construction Laborers, Drywall Installers, Ceiling Tile Installers, and Tapers
45 Electricians ..... 6355
46 Glaziers, Insulation Workers, Painter, Construction \& ..... 6360-6765Maintenance, Paperhangers, Painters, Roofers, Plumbers,Sheet Metal/Structural Iron/Steel Workers, Elevator Installer \&Repairers, Fence Erector, Hazardous Materials RemovalWorkers, Highway Maintenance/Misc. Construction AndRelated Workers
47 Extraction Workers ..... 6800-6940
48 Installation, Maintenance, \& Repair Workers ..... 7000-7630
49 Production Occupations ..... 7700-8965
50 Supervisors, Transportation \& Material Moving Workers, ..... 9000-9050Aircraft Pilots \& Flight Engineers, Air Traffic Controllers \&Airfield Operations Specialists \& Flight Attendants51 Ambulance Drivers \& Attendants, Bus/Taxi Drivers, Motor Vehicle/9110-9750
Railroad Operators, Sailors, Ship \& Boat Captains, Ship Engineers,Transportation Inspectors, Crane \& Tower Operators,Tank Car/Truck/Ship Loaders, And All Other Transportation \&Material Moving Occupations
52 Armed Forces \& Military Specific Occupations9800-9840
53 Never Worked

\section*{Detailed Occupation Recodes}
(01-23)

These codes correspond to two (2) items in the Person Record. Item A-DTOCC, located in positions 213214, refers to the current job; item WEMOCG, located in positions 285-286, refers to the longest job held last year.

\section*{CODE}

CODE DESCRIPTION

\section*{OCCUPATION CODE}
18 Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations 6005-6130
19 Construction and extraction occupations 6200-6940

20 Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations 7000-7630
21 Production occupations 7700-8965
22 Transportation and material moving occupations 9000-9750
23 Armed Forces 9840

\section*{Major Occupation Group Recodes \\ (01-11)}

These codes correspond to Item A-MJOCC and are located in positions 211-212 of the Person Record.

\section*{CODE CODE DESCRIPTION}

1 Management, business, and financial occupations
2 Professional and related occupations
3 Service occupations
4 Sales and related occupations
5 Office and administrative support occupations
6 Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations
7 Construction and extraction occupations
8 Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations
9 Production occupations
10 Transportation and material moving occupations
11 Armed Forces

OCCUPATION CODE
0010-0950
1000-3540
3600-4650
4700-4960
5000-5930
6000-6130
6200-6940
7000-7620
7700-8960
9000-9750
9840

\section*{APPENDIX C}

Selected Tables from the Current Population Survey, 2012 Annual Social and Economic Supplement

TABLE 1. POPULATION BY AGE, RACE, SEX, ORIGIN, AND POPULATION STATUS, MARCH 2010

TABLE 2. POPULATION BY RACE, SEX, ORIGIN, AND RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD, MARCH 2010

TABLE 3. WEIGHTED AND UNWEIGHTED COUNTS OF MARCH 2010
TABLE 4. PERSONS 15+ YEARS OLD BY RACE, SEX, AND TYPE OF INCOME, MARCH 2010

TABLE 5. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 15+ BY RACE AND SEX OF HEAD AND TYPE OF INCOME, MARCH \(201 \square\)

TABLE 6. HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY UNITS BY RACE, AND ORIGIN, MARCH 2010
TABLE 7. PERSONS 15 YEARS OLD AND OLDER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, RACE, AND SEX, MARCH 2000

TABLE 8. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 15+ BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, MARCH 2010

TABLE 9. WORK EXPERIENCE OF PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY RACE, SEX, AND WORK EXPERIENCE MARCH 2010

TABLE 10. MOBILITY BY SEX, RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND RESIDENCE - MARCH 2010

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{TABLE 1. POPULATI ON BY AGE, RACE, SEX, ORI GIN, A POPULATI ON STATUS, MARCH 2012
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { CI VI LI ANS } \\
& \text { MARCH SUPPLEMENT - WEI GHTED COUNT }
\end{aligned}
\]}} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & - - - & L RACE & & & & \\
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & WHI TEMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
TOTAL \\
LESS THAN 15 YEARS OLD \\
15+ YEARS OLD
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
307892 \\
61131 \\
246761
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
150336 \\
31229 \\
119107
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1575555 \\
29902 \\
127654
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
240807 \\
44833 \\
195975
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
118683 \\
22960 \\
95723
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
122124 \\
21872 \\
100252
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{TABLE 1. POPULATI ON BY AGE, RACE, SEX, ORI GIN, AND POPULATI ON STATUS, MARCH 2012} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Cl VI LI ANS \\
MARCH SUPPLEMENT - WEI GTTED COUNT
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & TOTAL & BLACKMALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & OTHERMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
TOTAL \\
LESS THAN 15 YEARS OLD \\
15+ YEARS OLD
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
39603 \\
9191 \\
30412
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
18429 \\
4668 \\
13761
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
21174 \\
4523 \\
16650
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
27481 \\
7107 \\
20375
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
13223 \\
3600 \\
9623
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
14258 \\
3506 \\
10752
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{TABLE 1. POPULATI ON BY AGE, RACE, SEX, ORI GIN, AND POPULATI ON STATUS, MARCH 2012} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
CI VI LI ANS \\
MARCH SUPPLEMENT - UNI T COUNT
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & ---- & L RACE & ---- - & & & \\
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & WHI TE- & FEMALE \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
TOTAL \\
LESS THAN 15 YEARS OLD \\
15+ YEARS OLD
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
200719 \\
46751 \\
153968
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 97190 \\
& 23950 \\
& 73240
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
103529 \\
22801 \\
80728
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
156813 \\
36178 \\
120635
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 76764 \\
& 18622 \\
& 58142
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 80049 \\
& 17556 \\
& 62493
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{TABLE 1. POPULATI ON BY AGE, RACE, SEX, ORI GI N, AND POPULATI ON STATUS, MARCH 2012} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Cl VI LI ANS \\
MARCH SUPPLEMENT - UNI T COUNT
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & TOTAL & BLACKMALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & OTHERMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
TOTAL \\
LESS THAN 15 YEARS OLD \\
15+ YEARS OLD
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
23748 \\
5396 \\
18352
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10835 \\
2741 \\
8094
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
12913 \\
2655 \\
10258
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
20158 \\
5177 \\
14981
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9591 \\
& 2587 \\
& 7004
\end{aligned}
\] & 10567
2590
7977 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



TABLE 2. POPULATI ON BY RACE, SEX, ORI GI N, AND RELATI ONSHI P
TO HEAD, MARCH 2012
ALL PERSONS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & RACE
MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & WHI TEMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{HH RELATI ONSH P} \\
\hline TOTAL PERSONS & 308827 & 151175 & 157653 & 241586 & 119383 & 122203 \\
\hline FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 80529 & 41902 & 38627 & 64625 & 34939 & 29687 \\
\hline NON- FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 40578 & 19195 & 21383 & 32350 & 15393 & 16957 \\
\hline SPOUSE & 58963 & 22950 & 36014 & 49921 & 19534 & 30387 \\
\hline CHIL & 92716 & 49038 & 43678 & 68864 & 36490 & 32374 \\
\hline OTHER RELATI VE & 20108 & 9570 & 10538 & 13299 & 6377 & 6922 \\
\hline NONRELATI VE & 15933 & 8520 & 7413 & 12526 & 6650 & 5876 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 2. POPULATI ON BY RACE, SEX, ORI GI N, AND RELATI ONSHI P TO HEAD, MARCH 2012

ALL PERSONS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & BLACKMALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & OTHERMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{HH RELATI ONSH P} \\
\hline TOTAL PERSONS & 39696 & 18510 & 21186 & 27546 & 13282 & 14264 \\
\hline FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 9656 & 3539 & 6117 & 6248 & 3424 & 2823 \\
\hline NON- FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 5933 & 2661 & 3271 & 2296 & 1141 & 1155 \\
\hline SPOUSE & 4350 & 1906 & 2444 & 4692 & 1510 & 3183 \\
\hline CHI LD & 13858 & 7332 & 6526 & 9995 & 5217 & 4778 \\
\hline OTHER RELATI VE & 3937 & 1898 & 2039 & 2872 & 1295 & 1577 \\
\hline NONRELATI VE & 1963 & 1175 & 788 & 1443 & 695 & 748 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 2. POPULATI ON BY RACE, SEX, ORI GI N, AND RELATI ONSHI P
TO HEAD, MARCH 2012
HI SPANI C ORI G N
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { RACE- } \\
& \text { MALE }
\end{aligned}
\] & FEMALE & TOTAL & WHI TEMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{HH RELATI ONSH P} \\
\hline TOTAL PERSONS & 52358 & 26441 & 25917 & 46438 & 23535 & 22903 \\
\hline FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 11589 & 5674 & 5915 & 10471 & 5188 & 5283 \\
\hline NON- FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 3353 & 1818 & 1535 & 2924 & 1601 & 1322 \\
\hline SPOUSE & 7433 & 2814 & 4619 & 6798 & 2594 & 4204 \\
\hline CHI LD & 20420 & 10805 & 9615 & 17830 & 9461 & 8369 \\
\hline OTHER RELATI VE & 6340 & 3306 & 3034 & 5628 & 2954 & 2675 \\
\hline NONRELATI VE & 3224 & 2025 & 1199 & 2787 & 1736 & 1050 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 2. POPULATI ON BY RACE, SEX, ORI GI N, AND RELATI ONSHI P
TO HEAD, MARCH 2012
HI SPANI C ORI G N
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & BLACKMALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & THERMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{HH RELATI ONSH P} \\
\hline TOTAL PERSONS & 2592 & 1224 & 1368 & 3329 & 1683 & 1646 \\
\hline FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 515 & 188 & 327 & 602 & 297 & 305 \\
\hline NON-FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 184 & 84 & 100 & 246 & 132 & 113 \\
\hline SPOUSE & 275 & 81 & 194 & 359 & 138 & 221 \\
\hline CHI LD & 1112 & 581 & 531 & 1478 & 763 & 715 \\
\hline OTHER RELATI VE & 281 & 138 & 143 & 430 & 215 & 216 \\
\hline NONRELATI VE & 224 & 151 & 73 & 213 & 138 & 76 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 3. WEI GHTED AND UNMEI GHTED COUNTS OF MARCH 2012

\begin{tabular}{rr} 
WEI GHTED & UNNEI GHTED \\
308827 & 201398 \\
85555 & 56124 \\
121166 & 96659 \\
121166 & 74383 \\
121084 & 74339 \\
140342 & 86280 \\
85532 & 56110 \\
76501 & 49720 \\
4004 & 2874 \\
671 & 500 \\
4355 & 3016 \\
54810 & 30170 \\
40578 & 21745 \\
14232 & 8425 \\
308668 & 201314 \\
246637 & 153900 \\
61095 & 46735 \\
936 & 679 \\
82 & 44 \\
101 & 54 \\
159 & 84 \\
124 & 68 \\
36 & 16 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 22276 \\
0 & 7190 \\
0 & 15086
\end{tabular}

TABLE 4. PERSONS 15+ YEARS OLD BY RACE, SEX, AND TYPE OF I NCOME, MARCH 2012
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WHI TE- } \\
& \text { MALE }
\end{aligned}
\] & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 247696 & 119946 & 127751 & 196753 & 96423 & 100331 \\
\hline W TH I NCOME & 214559 & 106228 & 108332 & 173075 & 87083 & 85993 \\
\hline WAGE AND SALARY & 145678 & 75927 & 69751 & 117024 & 62218 & 54806 \\
\hline NON-FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 11578 & 6881 & 4697 & 9812 & 5874 & 3938 \\
\hline FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 1853 & 1190 & 663 & 1629 & 1080 & 549 \\
\hline SOCI AL SECURI TY & 46931 & 20830 & 26101 & 39971 & 17931 & 22039 \\
\hline UNEMPLOYMENT COMP & 10226 & 5718 & 4508 & 7929 & 4604 & 3325 \\
\hline WORKMEN S COMP & 1185 & 692 & 493 & 933 & 563 & 369 \\
\hline SUPPLEMENTAL SECURI TY & 6118 & 2571 & 3547 & 3911 & 1659 & 2252 \\
\hline PUBLI C ASSI STANCE & 2156 & 408 & 1748 & 1376 & 293 & 1083 \\
\hline VETERANS BENEFI TS & 3200 & 2673 & 527 & 2613 & 2188 & 425 \\
\hline SURVI VOR S I NC & 2776 & 619 & 2157 & 2495 & 561 & 1934 \\
\hline DI SABI LI TY I NC & 1730 & 941 & 789 & 1328 & 735 & 594 \\
\hline RETI REMENT & 18365 & 10664 & 7700 & 16056 & 9458 & 6598 \\
\hline 1 NTEREST & 87331 & 43077 & 44254 & 75869 & 37733 & 38137 \\
\hline DI VI DENDS' & 29531 & 15833 & 13698 & 26469 & 14210 & 12260 \\
\hline RENTAL I NCOME & 10780 & 5753 & 5027 & 9373 & 5020 & 4353 \\
\hline EDUCATI ONAL ASSI ST & 9735 & 4027 & 5708 & 7055 & 2981 & 4073 \\
\hline CHI LD SUPPORT & 4756 & 366 & 4390 & 3546 & 291 & 3255 \\
\hline ALI MDNY & 422 & 18 & 403 & 366 & 18 & 348 \\
\hline FI NANCI AL ASSI ST & 2468 & 1006 & 1462 & 1746 & 737 & 1008 \\
\hline OTHER MDNEY I NCOME & 1421 & 632 & 789 & 1107 & 525 & 582 \\
\hline W TH NO I NCOME & 33137 & 13718 & 19419 & 23678 & 9340 & 14338 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 4. PERSONS 15+ YEARS OLD BY RACE, SEX, AND TYPE OF I NCOME, MARCH 2012
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & BLACKMALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & OTHERMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 30504 & 13842 & 16662 & 20439 & 9681 & 10758 \\
\hline W TH I NCOME & 24932 & 11082 & 13850 & 16552 & 8063 & 8489 \\
\hline WAGE AND SALARY & 16824 & 7648 & 9176 & 11830 & 6061 & 5769 \\
\hline NON-FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 884 & 488 & 397 & 882 & 519 & 362 \\
\hline FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 110 & 45 & 65 & 113 & 65 & 48 \\
\hline SOCI AL SECURI TY & 4734 & 1929 & 2805 & 2227 & 970 & 1257 \\
\hline UNEMPLOYMENT COMP & 1501 & 693 & 808 & 796 & 421 & 374 \\
\hline WORKMEN S COMP & 157 & 75 & 81 & 96 & 53 & 42 \\
\hline SUPPLEMENTAL SECURI TY & 1590 & 684 & 905 & 617 & 227 & 390 \\
\hline PUBLI C ASSI STANCE & 591 & 75 & 516 & 189 & 40 & 149 \\
\hline VETERANS BENEFI TS & 434 & 360 & 74 & 153 & 125 & 28 \\
\hline SURVI VOR S I NC & 183 & 38 & 145 & 98 & 21 & 78 \\
\hline DI SABI LI TY I NC & 270 & 137 & 133 & 131 & 69 & 62 \\
\hline RETI REMENT & 1631 & 809 & 822 & 678 & 397 & 280 \\
\hline 1 NTEREST & 5385 & 2459 & 2927 & 6076 & 2886 & 3190 \\
\hline DI VI DENDS' & 1147 & 593 & 555 & 1914 & 1030 & 884 \\
\hline RENTAL I NCOME & 630 & 308 & 323 & 776 & 426 & 351 \\
\hline EDUCATI ONAL ASSI ST & 1679 & 612 & 1068 & 1001 & 434 & 567 \\
\hline CHI LD SUPPORT & 910 & 48 & 863 & 299 & 27 & 272 \\
\hline ALI MDNY & 24 & 0 & 24 & 32 & 1 & 31 \\
\hline FI NANCI AL ASSI ST & 390 & 139 & 250 & 333 & 129 & 203 \\
\hline OTHER MDNEY I NCOME & 162 & 43 & 119 & 152 & 64 & 88 \\
\hline W TH NO I NCOME & 5573 & 2760 & 2813 & 3887 & 1618 & 2269 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & RACE & & & & \\
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & WHI TEMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & & & & & & \\
\hline & 80529 & 41902 & 38627 & 64625 & 34939 & 29687 \\
\hline W TH I NCOME & 79477 & 41559 & 37918 & 63913 & 34703 & 29211 \\
\hline WAGE AND SALARY & 65191 & 33909 & 31282 & 52089 & 27986 & 24103 \\
\hline NON- FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 8023 & 4512 & 3511 & 6836 & 3900 & 2936 \\
\hline FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 1311 & 793 & 518 & 1157 & 719 & 437 \\
\hline SOCI AL SECURI TY & 21071 & 11590 & 9481 & 17742 & 10089 & 7653 \\
\hline UNEMPLOYMENT COMP & 6802 & 3428 & 3374 & 5342 & 2815 & 2527 \\
\hline WDRKMEN S COMP & 855 & 437 & 418 & 668 & 363 & 305 \\
\hline SUPPLEMENTAL SECURI TY & 3170 & 1259 & 1911 & 2048 & 887 & 1161 \\
\hline PUBLI C ASSI STANCE & 1659 & 370 & 1288 & 1049 & 280 & 769 \\
\hline VETERANS BENEFITS & 2166 & 1405 & 761 & 1807 & 1191 & 616 \\
\hline SURVI VOR S I NC & 1044 & 422 & 622 & 906 & 383 & 523 \\
\hline DI SABI LI TY I NC & 1114 & 546 & 569 & 835 & 426 & 409 \\
\hline RETI REMENT & 10988 & 6845 & 4143 & 9573 & 6067 & 3506 \\
\hline 1 NTEREST & 38715 & 22202 & 16513 & 33330 & 19332 & 13998 \\
\hline D VI DENDS' & 15143 & 9323 & 5821 & 13512 & 8361 & 5151 \\
\hline RENTAL I NCOME & 6119 & 3578 & 2541 & 5269 & 3093 & 2176 \\
\hline EDUCATI ONAL ASSI ST & 6031 & 2739 & 3292 & 4427 & 2122 & 2305 \\
\hline CHI LD SUPPORT & 4237 & 793 & 3444 & 3125 & 669 & 2456 \\
\hline ALI MDNY & 204 & 23 & 180 & 173 & 20 & 152 \\
\hline FI NANCI AL ASSI ST & 848 & 300 & 548 & 598 & 225 & 373 \\
\hline OTHER MONEY I NCOME & 899 & 469 & 430 & 702 & 390 & 312 \\
\hline W TH NO I NCOME & 1052 & 343 & 709 & 712 & 236 & 476 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{TABLE 5. FAM LI ES AND UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS 15+ BY RACE AND OF HEAD AND TYPE OF I NCOME, MARCH 2012} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{SEX} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

FAM LI ES


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{TOTAL} \\
\hline & 54006 & 26638 & 27367 & 42905 & 21203 & 21702 \\
\hline W TH I NCOME & 51036 & 25258 & 25778 & 40850 & 20302 & 20549 \\
\hline WAGE AND SALARY & 31973 & 17499 & 14474 & 25520 & 14171 & 11349 \\
\hline NON- FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 2599 & 1636 & 964 & 2198 & 1396 & 802 \\
\hline FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 362 & 219 & 142 & 308 & 195 & 113 \\
\hline SOCI AL SECURI TY & 14687 & 4979 & 9708 & 12395 & 4127 & 8268 \\
\hline UNEMPLOYMENT COMP & 2758 & 1657 & 1101 & 2121 & 1318 & 803 \\
\hline WORKMEN S COMP & 289 & 181 & 107 & 242 & 156 & 86 \\
\hline SUPPLEMENTAL SECURI TY & 2348 & 998 & 1350 & 1501 & 613 & 887 \\
\hline PUBLI C ASSI STANCE & 345 & 143 & 201 & 225 & 94 & 130 \\
\hline VETERANS BENEFI TS & 981 & 712 & 269 & 762 & 537 & 225 \\
\hline SURVI VOR S I NC & 1650 & 226 & 1424 & 1508 & 209 & 1300 \\
\hline D SABI LI TY I NC & 540 & 283 & 257 & 439 & 234 & 204 \\
\hline RETI REMENT & 5341 & 2240 & 3101 & 4647 & 1945 & 2702 \\
\hline I NTEREST & 19785 & 9194 & 10591 & 17205 & 8025 & 9180 \\
\hline D VI DENDS' & 6336 & 3186 & 3150 & 5666 & 2822 & 2844 \\
\hline RENTAL I NCOME & 2528 & 1247 & 1280 & 2256 & 1129 & 1127 \\
\hline EDUCATI ONAL ASSI ST & 2399 & 1132 & 1267 & 1738 & 832 & 907 \\
\hline CHI LD SUPPORT & 291 & 46 & 245 & 220 & 41 & 179 \\
\hline ALI MDNY & 218 & 13 & 206 & 194 & 12 & 182 \\
\hline FI NANCI AL ASSI ST & 1438 & 646 & 792 & 1011 & 466 & 545 \\
\hline OTHER MDNEY I NCOME & 351 & 169 & 181 & 284 & 145 & 140 \\
\hline W TH NO I NCOME & 2969 & 1380 & 1589 & 2054 & 902 & 1153 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 5. FAM LI ES AND UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS 15+ BY RACE AND SEX OF HEAD AND TYPE OF I NCOME, MARCH 2012

UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & BLACK-
MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & OTHER-
MALE & FEMALE \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{TOTAL} \\
\hline & 7604 & 3697 & 3907 & 3497 & 1738 & 1759 \\
\hline W TH I NCOME & 7016 & 3400 & 3616 & 3170 & 1556 & 1614 \\
\hline WAGE AND SALARY & 4221 & 2176 & 2046 & 2232 & 1152 & 1079 \\
\hline NON- FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 257 & 153 & 104 & 145 & 87 & 58 \\
\hline FARM SELF EMPLOYMENT & 29 & 12 & 18 & 24 & 12 & 12 \\
\hline SOCI AL SECURI TY & 1818 & 690 & 1128 & 475 & 162 & 313 \\
\hline UNEMPLOYMENT COMP & 464 & 237 & 226 & 174 & 102 & 72 \\
\hline UDRKMEN S COMP & 39 & 21 & 18 & 8 & 5 & 4 \\
\hline SUPPLEMENTAL SECURI TY & 698 & 334 & 364 & 149 & 51 & 98 \\
\hline PUBLI C ASSI STANCE & 90 & 39 & 51 & 30 & 10 & 20 \\
\hline VETERANS BENEFI TS & 165 & 134 & 31 & 54 & 41 & 13 \\
\hline SURVI VOR S I NC & 99 & 14 & 86 & 42 & 3 & 39 \\
\hline DI SABI LI TY I NC & 83 & 42 & 41 & 18 & 7 & 11 \\
\hline RETI REMENT & 549 & 224 & 325 & 145 & 71 & 74 \\
\hline 1 NTEREST & 1479 & 683 & 796 & 1101 & 486 & 615 \\
\hline D VII DENDS' & 347 & 197 & 150 & 323 & 167 & 156 \\
\hline RENTAL I NCOME & 146 & 58 & 88 & 126 & 60 & 66 \\
\hline EDUCATI ONAL ASSI ST & 415 & 175 & 240 & 246 & 126 & 120 \\
\hline CHI LD SUPPORT & 47 & 4 & 43 & 24 & 1 & 23 \\
\hline ALI MDNY & 11 & 0 & 11 & 14 & 0 & 13 \\
\hline FI NANCI AL ASSI ST & 211 & 90 & 121 & 216 & 90 & 126 \\
\hline OTHER MDNEY I NCOME & 31 & 13 & 18 & 35 & 12 & 23 \\
\hline W TH NO I NCOME & 588 & 297 & 291 & 327 & 182 & 146 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 6. HOUSEHOLD AND FAM LY UNI TS BY RACE, AND ORI GI N,
MARCH 2012
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & WHI TE & BLACK & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Hil SPANI C} \\
\hline TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS & 121166 & 97021 & 15596 & 8548 & 14947 \\
\hline FAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 80529 & 64625 & 9656 & 6248 & 11589 \\
\hline MARRI ED COUPLE & 58963 & 50061 & 4362 & 4541 & 7222 \\
\hline OTHER FAM LY, MALE HHLDR & 5888 & 4348 & 956 & 584 & 1277 \\
\hline OTHER FAM LY, FEMALE HHLDR & 15678 & 10216 & 4338 & 1123 & 3090 \\
\hline NONFAM LY HOUSEHOLDER & 40637 & 32396 & 5941 & 2300 & 3358 \\
\hline MALE & 19225 & 15416 & 2667 & 1142 & 1820 \\
\hline FEMALE & 21412 & 16980 & 3274 & 1158 & 1538 \\
\hline TOTAL FAM LY HHLDRS & 81129 & 65128 & 9710 & 6292 & 11700 \\
\hline MARRI ED COUPLE & 59057 & 50133 & 4367 & 4557 & 7251 \\
\hline OTHER FAM LY, MALE HHLDR & 5970 & 4416 & 968 & 587 & 1286 \\
\hline OTHER FAM LY, FEMALE HHLDR & 16102 & 10579 & 4375 & 1148 & 3163 \\
\hline TOTAL RELATED SUBFAM LI ES & 3950 & 2687 & 701 & 562 & 1156 \\
\hline MARRI ED COUPLE & 1859 & 1314 & 149 & 395 & 568 \\
\hline FATHER-CHI LD & 269 & 188 & 59 & 21 & 74 \\
\hline MOTHER- CHI LD & 1823 & 1185 & 493 & 145 & 514 \\
\hline TOTAL UNRELATED FAM LI ES & 600 & 502 & 54 & 44 & 112 \\
\hline MARRI ED-COUPLE & 94 & 72 & 5 & 16 & 29 \\
\hline OTHER FAM LY, MALE HHLDR & 82 & 67 & 12 & 2 & 9 \\
\hline OTHER FAM LY, FEMALE HHLDR & 425 & 363 & 37 & 25 & 73 \\
\hline UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS & 54302 & 43105 & 7672 & 3524 & 5960 \\
\hline MALE & 26779 & 21305 & 3731 & 1743 & 3538 \\
\hline FEMALE & 27522 & 21800 & 3942 & 1781 & 2422 \\
\hline OTHER PERSONS LI VI NG & & & & & \\
\hline MALE & 13655 & 10709 & 1732 & 1224 & 1718 \\
\hline FEMALE & 6111 & 4820 & 668 & 623 & 884 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 6. HOUSEHOLD AND FAM LY UNI TS BY RACE, AND ORI GI N, MARCH 2012
\begin{tabular}{lrrrrr} 
& & & & HI SPANI C \\
TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS & & & & WHI TE & BLACK
\end{tabular} OTHER \begin{tabular}{rlr} 
ORI G N
\end{tabular}

TABLE 7. PERSONS 15 YEARS OLD AND OLDER BY TOTAL MDNEY I NCOME, RACE, AND SEX, MARCH 2012
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 247696 & 119946 & 127751 & 196753 & 96423 & 100331 \\
\hline NO I NCOME & 33437 & 13873 & 19565 & 23929 & 9471 & 14459 \\
\hline TOTAL & 214259 & 106073 & 108186 & 172824 & 86952 & 85872 \\
\hline 1 TO 1999 OR LESS & 10322 & 3546 & 6776 & 8182 & 2754 & 5429 \\
\hline 2, 000 TO 2, 999 & 3291 & 1260 & 2031 & 2517 & 971 & 1546 \\
\hline 3, 000 TO 3, 999 & 2875 & 1094 & 1781 & 2151 & 823 & 1328 \\
\hline 4, 000 TO 4, 999 & 2774 & 1036 & 1739 & 2141 & 769 & 1372 \\
\hline 5, 000 TO 5, 999 & 3601 & 1290 & 2311 & 2701 & 934 & 1767 \\
\hline 6, 000 TO 6, 999 & 3493 & 1273 & 2220 & 2668 & 911 & 1757 \\
\hline 7, 000 TO 8, 499 & 8132 & 2661 & 5471 & 6013 & 1831 & 4181 \\
\hline 8,500 TO 9, 999 & 6485 & 2217 & 4268 & 4867 & 1578 & 3289 \\
\hline 10, 000 TO 12, 499 & 13529 & 5280 & 8249 & 10517 & 4054 & 6462 \\
\hline 12, 500 TO 14, 999 & 9534 & 3740 & 5794 & 7633 & 2947 & 4687 \\
\hline 15, 000 TO 17, 499 & 11033 & 4751 & 6282 & 8740 & 3797 & 4944 \\
\hline 17, 500 TO 19, 999 & 8366 & 3786 & 4580 & 6803 & 3163 & 3640 \\
\hline 20, 000 TO 24, 999 & 17745 & 8522 & 9223 & 14087 & 6823 & 7264 \\
\hline 25, 000 TO 29, 999 & 14403 & 7056 & 7347 & 11701 & 5832 & 5869 \\
\hline 30, 000 TO 34, 999 & 13927 & 7017 & 6911 & 11211 & 5772 & 5439 \\
\hline 35, 000 TO 49, 999 & 30382 & 16256 & 14126 & 25030 & 13625 & 11405 \\
\hline 50, 000 TO 74, 999 & 27657 & 16397 & 11260 & 23179 & 14005 & 9175 \\
\hline 75, 000 AND OVER & 26711 & 18892 & 7819 & 22681 & 16363 & 6318 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 7. PERSONS 15 YEARS OLD AND OLDER BY TOTAL MDNEY I NCOME, RACE, AND SEX, MARCH 2012
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 30504 & 13842 & 16662 & 20439 & 9681 & 10758 \\
\hline NO I NCOME & 5592 & 2767 & 2825 & 3916 & 1635 & 2281 \\
\hline TOTAL & 24913 & 11075 & 13837 & 16523 & 8046 & 8477 \\
\hline 1 TO 1999 OR LESS & 1100 & 458 & 642 & 1039 & 335 & 704 \\
\hline 2, 000 TO 2, 999 & 495 & 210 & 285 & 279 & 79 & 201 \\
\hline 3, 000 TO 3, 999 & 457 & 171 & 286 & 266 & 100 & 167 \\
\hline 4, 000 TO 4, 999 & 397 & 157 & 240 & 237 & 110 & 127 \\
\hline 5, 000 TO 5, 999 & 513 & 211 & 302 & 386 & 145 & 241 \\
\hline 6, 000 TO 6, 999 & 463 & 209 & 254 & 361 & 152 & 209 \\
\hline 7, 000 TO 8, 499 & 1413 & 572 & 841 & 707 & 258 & 448 \\
\hline 8,500 TO 9, 999 & 1115 & 447 & 668 & 503 & 192 & 311 \\
\hline 10, 000 TO 12, 499 & 1977 & 799 & 1178 & 1035 & 426 & 609 \\
\hline 12, 500 TO 14, 999 & 1282 & 545 & 737 & 618 & 248 & 370 \\
\hline 15, 000 TO 17, 499 & 1509 & 613 & 897 & 783 & 342 & 441 \\
\hline 17, 500 TO 19, 999 & 995 & 351 & 644 & 567 & 272 & 295 \\
\hline 20, 000 TO 24, 999 & 2243 & 1006 & 1236 & 1415 & 693 & 722 \\
\hline 25, 000 TO 29, 999 & 1719 & 760 & 959 & 982 & 464 & 519 \\
\hline 30, 000 TO 34, 999 & 1666 & 722 & 944 & 1050 & 523 & 527 \\
\hline 35, 000 TO 49, 999 & 3339 & 1603 & 1735 & 2014 & 1028 & 986 \\
\hline 50, 000 TO 74, 999 & 2565 & 1292 & 1273 & 1913 & 1100 & 813 \\
\hline 75, 000 AND OVER & 1663 & 949 & 714 & 2367 & 1580 & 787 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 8. FAM LI ES AND UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS 15+ BY TOTAL MDNEY I NCOME, MARCH 2012

FAM LI ES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & RACES MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & TE- - & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 80529 & 41902 & 38627 & 64625 & 34939 & 29687 \\
\hline NO I NCOME OR LOSS & 1096 & 364 & 733 & 748 & 253 & 495 \\
\hline TOTAL & 79433 & 41538 & 37895 & 63877 & 34686 & 29192 \\
\hline 1 TO 2, 499 & 649 & 161 & 487 & 445 & 127 & 318 \\
\hline 2,500 TO 4, 999 & 637 & 167 & 470 & 386 & 118 & 268 \\
\hline 5, 000 TO 7, 499 & 822 & 239 & 583 & 504 & 178 & 327 \\
\hline 7,500 TO 9, 999 & 1072 & 270 & 802 & 684 & 195 & 489 \\
\hline 10, 000 TO 12, 499 & 1352 & 475 & 877 & 943 & 374 & 569 \\
\hline 12, 500 TO 14, 999 & 1278 & 453 & 825 & 845 & 328 & 517 \\
\hline 15, 000 TO 17, 499 & 1617 & 595 & 1022 & 1133 & 450 & 683 \\
\hline 17, 500 TO 19, 999 & 1630 & 657 & 973 & 1164 & 541 & 623 \\
\hline 20, 000 TO 24, 999 & 3913 & 1670 & 2243 & 2970 & 1316 & 1654 \\
\hline 25, 000 TO 29, 999 & 3873 & 1830 & 2043 & 3003 & 1499 & 1504 \\
\hline 30, 000 TO 34, 999 & 4026 & 1955 & 2071 & 3180 & 1652 & 1528 \\
\hline 35, 000 TO 39, 999 & 3972 & 1964 & 2008 & 3154 & 1618 & 1536 \\
\hline 40, 000 TO 49, 999 & 7053 & 3627 & 3425 & 5706 & 3065 & 2641 \\
\hline 50, 000 TO 59, 999 & 6548 & 3533 & 3016 & 5279 & 2914 & 2365 \\
\hline 60, 000 TO 74, 999 & 8546 & 4698 & 3848 & 6998 & 3916 & 3083 \\
\hline 75, 000 AND OVER & 32444 & 19243 & 13201 & 27483 & 16396 & 11087 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 8. FAM LI ES AND UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS 15+ BY TOTAL MDNEY I NCOME, MARCH 2012

FAM LI ES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 9656 & 3539 & 6117 & 6248 & 3424 & 2823 \\
\hline NO I NCOME OR LOSS & 253 & 67 & 186 & 96 & 44 & 51 \\
\hline TOTAL & 9403 & 3472 & 5931 & 6152 & 3380 & 2772 \\
\hline 1 TO 2, 499 & 150 & 18 & 133 & 54 & 17 & 37 \\
\hline 2,500 TO 4, 999 & 198 & 34 & 163 & 53 & 15 & 38 \\
\hline 5, 000 TO 7, 499 & 236 & 38 & 199 & 81 & 23 & 58 \\
\hline 7,500 TO 9, 999 & 315 & 49 & 266 & 74 & 26 & 47 \\
\hline 10, 000 TO 12, 499 & 309 & 67 & 242 & 100 & 34 & 67 \\
\hline 12,500 TO 14, 999 & 314 & 73 & 241 & 119 & 53 & 67 \\
\hline 15, 000 TO 17, 499 & 330 & 78 & 252 & 155 & 68 & 87 \\
\hline 17, 500 TO 19, 999 & 329 & 67 & 262 & 136 & 48 & 88 \\
\hline 20, 000 TO 24, 999 & 645 & 201 & 445 & 297 & 153 & 144 \\
\hline 25, 000 TO 29, 999 & 595 & 179 & 416 & 276 & 152 & 124 \\
\hline 30, 000 TO 34, 999 & 557 & 171 & 386 & 290 & 132 & 158 \\
\hline 35, 000 TO 39, 999 & 542 & 187 & 355 & 276 & 160 & 117 \\
\hline 40, 000 TO 49, 999 & 831 & 295 & 537 & 515 & 268 & 247 \\
\hline 50, 000 TO 59, 999 & 785 & 335 & 450 & 484 & 284 & 200 \\
\hline 60, 000 TO 74, 999 & 920 & 412 & 508 & 628 & 370 & 257 \\
\hline 75, 000 AND OVER & 2346 & 1268 & 1078 & 2614 & 1578 & 1035 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 8. FAM LI ES AND UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS 15+ BY TOTAL MDNEY I NCOME, MARCH 2012

UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { RACES } \\
& \text { MALE }
\end{aligned}
\] & FEMALE & TOTAL & TE-- & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 54006 & 26638 & 27367 & 42905 & 21203 & 21702 \\
\hline NO I NCOME OR LOSS & 3006 & 1405 & 1601 & 2087 & 927 & 1161 \\
\hline TOTAL & 51000 & 25233 & 25766 & 40817 & 20277 & 20541 \\
\hline 1 TO 2, 499 & 1423 & 687 & 736 & 1009 & 503 & 506 \\
\hline 2,500 TO 4, 999 & 1032 & 444 & 587 & 739 & 320 & 420 \\
\hline 5, 000 TO 7, 499 & 1736 & 789 & 947 & 1253 & 564 & 689 \\
\hline 7, 500 TO 9, 999 & 3200 & 1223 & 1977 & 2216 & 793 & 1423 \\
\hline 10, 000 TO 12, 499 & 3529 & 1473 & 2056 & 2627 & 1065 & 1562 \\
\hline 12, 500 TO 14, 999 & 2962 & 1166 & 1796 & 2408 & 918 & 1490 \\
\hline 15, 000 TO 17, 499 & 3015 & 1314 & 1701 & 2430 & 1055 & 1375 \\
\hline 17, 500 TO 19, 999 & 2456 & 1063 & 1393 & 2025 & 868 & 1157 \\
\hline 20, 000 TO 24, 999 & 4711 & 2415 & 2297 & 3730 & 1870 & 1861 \\
\hline 25, 000 TO 29, 999 & 3945 & 2007 & 1938 & 3229 & 1650 & 1579 \\
\hline 30, 000 TO 34, 999 & 3761 & 1909 & 1853 & 3033 & 1591 & 1442 \\
\hline 35, 000 TO 39, 999 & 3038 & 1526 & 1512 & 2530 & 1287 & 1243 \\
\hline 40, 000 TO 49, 999 & 4613 & 2451 & 2162 & 3846 & 2025 & 1821 \\
\hline 50, 000 TO 59, 999 & 3263 & 1824 & 1439 & 2672 & 1510 & 1162 \\
\hline 60, 000 TO 74, 999 & 3229 & 1758 & 1471 & 2756 & 1516 & 1240 \\
\hline 75, 000 AND OVER & 5086 & 3186 & 1900 & 4314 & 2741 & 1572 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 8. FAM LI ES AND UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS 15+ BY TOTAL MDNEY I NCOME, MARCH 2012

UNRELATED I NDI VI DUALS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL & 7604 & 3697 & 3907 & 3497 & 1738 & 1759 \\
\hline NO I NCOME OR LOSS & 589 & 297 & 292 & 329 & 182 & 148 \\
\hline TOTAL & 7015 & 3400 & 3614 & 3167 & 1556 & 1612 \\
\hline 1 TO 2, 499 & 248 & 119 & 129 & 166 & 65 & 101 \\
\hline 2,500 TO 4, 999 & 184 & 82 & 102 & 108 & 42 & 65 \\
\hline 5, 000 TO 7, 499 & 332 & 174 & 159 & 150 & 51 & 99 \\
\hline 7, 500 TO 9, 999 & 836 & 367 & 469 & 148 & 63 & 85 \\
\hline 10, 000 TO 12, 499 & 664 & 292 & 372 & 238 & 116 & 122 \\
\hline 12, 500 TO 14, 999 & 424 & 198 & 226 & 130 & 50 & 81 \\
\hline 15, 000 TO 17, 499 & 437 & 185 & 252 & 148 & 74 & 74 \\
\hline 17, 500 TO 19, 999 & 300 & 119 & 181 & 131 & 76 & 55 \\
\hline 20, 000 TO 24, 999 & 690 & 375 & 315 & 291 & 170 & 121 \\
\hline 25, 000 TO 29, 999 & 489 & 237 & 252 & 226 & 119 & 107 \\
\hline 30, 000 TO 34, 999 & 485 & 212 & 273 & 243 & 106 & 138 \\
\hline 35, 000 TO 39, 999 & 338 & 159 & 179 & 170 & 80 & 90 \\
\hline 40, 000 TO 49, 999 & 538 & 311 & 228 & 229 & 116 & 113 \\
\hline 50, 000 TO 59, 999 & 398 & 212 & 186 & 193 & 102 & 91 \\
\hline 60, 000 TO 74, 999 & 269 & 149 & 120 & 204 & 93 & 111 \\
\hline 75, 000 AND OVER & 381 & 211 & 170 & 391 & 233 & 158 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 9. WORK EXPERI ENCE OF PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY RACE, SEX, AND WORK EXPERI ENCE MARCH 2012

ALL PERSONS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(\begin{array}{ll}------A L L & \text { RACE } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { MALE }\end{array}\)} & FEMALE & TOTAL & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WHI TE-- } \\
& \text { MALE }
\end{aligned}
\] & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ & 243538 & 117822 & 125716 & 193677 & 94846 & 98831 \\
\hline NO WORK EXPERI ENCE & 89208 & 36550 & 52658 & 69250 & 28023 & 41227 \\
\hline W TH WORK EXPERI ENCE & 154330 & 81272 & 73058 & 124427 & 66823 & 57604 \\
\hline WORKED FULL-TI ME & 121400 & 69029 & 52371 & 97635 & 56942 & 40693 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 101700 & 58004 & 43696 & 82043 & 48035 & 34009 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 6561 & 3618 & 2942 & 5384 & 3013 & 2371 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 9779 & 5512 & 4267 & 7653 & 4419 & 3234 \\
\hline 1-13 WEEKS & 3361 & 1895 & 1466 & 2556 & 1476 & 1080 \\
\hline WORKED PART-TI ME & 32929 & 12243 & 20687 & 26791 & 9881 & 16911 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 17261 & 5797 & 11464 & 14141 & 4657 & 9484 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 3428 & 1283 & 2144 & 2857 & 1090 & 1767 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 7596 & 3141 & 4455 & 6150 & 2549 & 3601 \\
\hline 1-13 WEEKS & 4645 & 2022 & 2623 & 3644 & 1585 & 2059 \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ W TH UNEMPLOYMENT & 23752 & 13273 & 10479 & 17490 & 10035 & 7455 \\
\hline WORKED 50-52 WEEKS & 417 & 271 & 147 & 352 & 239 & 113 \\
\hline WORKED LESS THAN 50 WEEKS & 17119 & 9788 & 7331 & 13046 & 7671 & 5375 \\
\hline NO WORK EXPERI ENCE & 6216 & 3214 & 3002 & 4092 & 2124 & 1968 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 9. WORK EXPERI ENCE OF PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY RACE, SEX, AND WORK EXPERI ENCE MARCH 2012

ALL PERSONS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & BLACKMALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & OTHERMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ & 29882 & 13528 & 16355 & 19979 & 9449 & 10530 \\
\hline NO WORK EXPERI ENCE & 12469 & 5523 & 6946 & 7489 & 3005 & 4485 \\
\hline W TH WORK EXPERI ENCE & 17414 & 8005 & 9409 & 12490 & 6444 & 6046 \\
\hline WORKED FULL-TI ME & 13841 & 6591 & 7251 & 9924 & 5496 & 4428 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 11336 & 5309 & 6027 & 8320 & 4660 & 3660 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 707 & 358 & 349 & 470 & 247 & 223 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 1320 & 689 & 631 & 807 & 404 & 402 \\
\hline 1-13 WEEKS & 478 & 235 & 243 & 327 & 184 & 142 \\
\hline WORKED PART-TI ME & 3572 & 1414 & 2158 & 2566 & 948 & 1618 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 1729 & 662 & 1066 & 1391 & 478 & 913 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 344 & 126 & 218 & 227 & 67 & 160 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 873 & 349 & 524 & 573 & 242 & 330 \\
\hline 1-13 WEEKS & 627 & 277 & 350 & 374 & 160 & 214 \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ W TH UNEMPLOYMENT & 4182 & 2126 & 2056 & 2081 & 1112 & 968 \\
\hline WORKED 50-52 WEEKS & 47 & 24 & 23 & 19 & 8 & 11 \\
\hline WORKED LESS THAN 50 WEEKS & 2643 & 1347 & 1295 & 1431 & 770 & 661 \\
\hline NO WORK EXPERI ENCE & 1493 & 755 & 737 & 631 & 335 & 297 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 9. WORK EXPERI ENCE OF PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY RACE, SEX, AND WORK EXPERI ENCE MARCH 2012

HI SPANI C ORI GIN
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & RACE
MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & WHI TEMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ & 36584 & 18388 & 18196 & 32758 & 16559 & 16199 \\
\hline NO WORK EXPERI ENCE & 13350 & 5161 & 8188 & 11895 & 4569 & 7326 \\
\hline W TH WORK EXPERI ENCE & 23234 & 13227 & 10007 & 20863 & 11990 & 8873 \\
\hline WORKED FULL-TI ME & 18413 & 11198 & 7215 & 16495 & 10122 & 6373 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 14980 & 9097 & 5883 & 13460 & 8260 & 5200 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 1075 & 706 & 369 & 974 & 636 & 338 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 1797 & 1068 & 729 & 1585 & 951 & 634 \\
\hline 1 - 13 WEEKS & 560 & 327 & 233 & 476 & 275 & 201 \\
\hline WORKED PART-TI ME & 4821 & 2029 & 2792 & 4368 & 1868 & 2500 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 2620 & 1024 & 1595 & 2371 & 929 & 1441 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 446 & 196 & 250 & 403 & 188 & 215 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 1180 & 552 & 629 & 1077 & 513 & 564 \\
\hline 1 - 13 WEEKS & 575 & 257 & 318 & 517 & 238 & 279 \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ W TH UNEMPLOYMENT & 4427 & 2630 & 1798 & 3932 & 2368 & 1564 \\
\hline WORKED 50-52 WEEKS & 81 & 59 & 22 & 73 & 54 & 19 \\
\hline WORKED LESS THAN 50 WEEKS & 3254 & 2014 & 1239 & 2900 & 1817 & 1083 \\
\hline NO WORK EXPERI ENCE & 1093 & 556 & 536 & 959 & 496 & 462 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 9. WORK EXPERI ENCE OF PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER by RACE, SEX, AND WORK EXPERI ENCE MARCH 2012

HI SPANI C ORI Gl N
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & TOTAL & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { BLACK-- } \\
\text { MALE }
\end{gathered}
\] & FEMALE & TOTAL & OTHERMALE & FEMALE \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ & 1687 & 760 & 927 & 2139 & 1069 & 1070 \\
\hline NO WVRK EXPERI ENCE & 632 & 254 & 378 & 822 & 339 & 484 \\
\hline W TH WDRK EXPERI ENCE & 1055 & 506 & 548 & 1316 & 730 & 586 \\
\hline WORKED FULL-TI ME & 862 & 436 & 425 & 1056 & 639 & 417 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 702 & 350 & 352 & 817 & 486 & 331 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 48 & 31 & 17 & 53 & 39 & 14 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 86 & 43 & 43 & 126 & 74 & 52 \\
\hline 1-13WEEKS & 26 & 12 & 13 & 59 & 40 & 19 \\
\hline WORKED PART-TI ME & 193 & 70 & 123 & 261 & 91 & 170 \\
\hline 50-52 WEEKS & 105 & 37 & 68 & 145 & 59 & 86 \\
\hline 40-49 WEEKS & 17 & 4 & 13 & 26 & 4 & 22 \\
\hline 14-39 WEEKS & 44 & 18 & 25 & 60 & 20 & 40 \\
\hline 1-13 WEEKS & 28 & 11 & 17 & 30 & 8 & 22 \\
\hline TOTAL 16+ W TH UNEMPLOYMENT & 181 & 75 & 106 & 314 & 187 & 127 \\
\hline WORKED 50-52 WEEKS & 1 & 1 & 0 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline WORKED LESS THAN 50 WEEKS & 143 & 64 & 78 & 211 & 132 & 79 \\
\hline NO WORK EXPERI ENCE & 37 & 9 & 28 & 97 & 51 & 46 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 10. MOBI LI TY BY SEX, RACE, HI SPANI C ORI GIN, AND RESI DENCE - MARCH 2012
UNI VERSE: PERSONS 1 YEAR OLD AND OVER
\begin{tabular}{lrrrrrr} 
& TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE \\
& & & & & & \\
TOTAL M G MTR3 & 308827 & 151175 & 157653 & 241586 & 119383 & 122203 \\
NONMMVERS & 268436 & 131284 & 137152 & 212353 & 104697 & 107656 \\
MOVERS & 36488 & 17901 & 18587 & 26369 & 13221 & 13149 \\
NOT I N M GRATI ON SAMPLE & 3903 & 1990 & 1914 & 2864 & 1465 & 1399 \\
TOTAL M G- MTR4 & 308827 & 151175 & 157653 & 241586 & 119383 & 122203 \\
NONMDVERS & 268436 & 131284 & 137152 & 212353 & 104697 & 107656 \\
MVERS & 36488 & 17901 & 18587 & 26369 & 13221 & 13149 \\
NOT IN M GRATI ON SAMPLE & 3903 & 1990 & 1914 & 2864 & 1465 & 1399
\end{tabular}

TABLE 10. MOBI LI TY BY SEX, RACE, HI SPANI C ORI GIN, AND RESI DENCE - MARCH 2012 UNI VERSE: PERSONS 1 YEAR OLD AND OVER
\begin{tabular}{lrrrrrr} 
& TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE & TOTAL & MALE & FEMALE \\
& & & & & & \\
TOOAL M G- MTR3 & 39696 & 18510 & 21186 & 27546 & 13282 & 14264 \\
NONMDVERS & 33090 & 15533 & 17557 & 22993 & 11053 & 11939 \\
MDVERS & 6033 & 2686 & 3347 & 4086 & 1994 & 2091 \\
NOT I N M GRATI ON SAMPLE & 573 & 291 & 282 & 467 & 234 & 233 \\
TOTAL M G MTR4 & 39696 & 18510 & 21186 & 27546 & 13282 & 14264 \\
NONMOVERS & 33090 & 15533 & 17557 & 22993 & 11053 & 11939 \\
MDVERS & 6033 & 2686 & 3347 & 4086 & 1994 & 2091 \\
NOT I N M GRATI ON SAMPLE & 573 & 291 & 282 & 467 & 234 & 233
\end{tabular}

\section*{APPENDIX D}

Facsimile of 2012 Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement Questionnaire

2012 Annual Social and Economic Supplement Items Booklet - Feb/March/April 2012

\title{
2012 ANNUAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SUPPLEMENT CPS FIELD REPRESENTATIVE / CATI INTERVIEWER \\ ITEMS BOOKLET
}
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U.S. Census Bureau

This document does not contain any Title 13 data or other Personally Identifiable Information. All data are fictitious and any resemblance to actual data is coincidental. Consistent with Field Division Policy, any names referenced in practice interviews or other exercises are not meant to refer to any actual businesses, schools, group quarters, or persons, especially any current or former Census Bureau employees.

\section*{MOVER ITEMS}

\section*{HH32b}

Did (you/name of reference person) live at this address during the week of November 19, 2011 ?

1 Yes
2 No

HH32d
Did any of the following household members live here during the week of November 19, 2011?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{FAMILY INCOME}

\section*{S_FAMINC}

Which category represents the total combined income of all members of this FAMILY during the past 12 months?

This includes money from jobs, net income from business, farm or rent, pensions, dividends, interest, social security payments and any other money income received by members of this family who are \(\mathbf{1 5}\) years of age or older?
\begin{tabular}{llll}
1 & Less than \(\$ 5,000\) & 9 & 30,000 to 34,999 \\
2 & 5,000 to 7,499 & 10 & 35,000 to 39,999 \\
3 & 7,500 to 9,999 & 11 & 40,000 to 49,999 \\
4 & 10,000 to 12,499 & 12 & 50,000 to 59,999 \\
5 & 12,500 to 14,999 & 13 & 60,000 to 74,999 \\
6 & 15,000 to 19,999 & 14 & 75,000 to 99,999 \\
7 & 20,000 to 24,999 & 15 & 100,000 to 149,000 \\
8 & 25,000 to 29,999 & 16 & 150,000 to more
\end{tabular}

\section*{INCDKR}

Is the combined income of all members of this FAMILY during the past 12 months above or below \(\$ 75,000\) ?

1 Above
2 Below

\section*{INTRODUCTION}

Pr_incom
?[F1] Importance of responding
* Wording of introduction is optional.

The questions you just answered were about your job and economic status last week. The next set of questions ask about your job and economic status last year.

1 Enter 1 to Continue

\section*{WORK EXPERIENCE}

Q29a
Did (name/you) work at a job or business at any time during 2011?
1 Yes
2 No

Q29b
Did (you/he/she) do any temporary, part-time, or seasonal work even for a few days during 2011?

1 Yes
2 No

Even though (name/you) did not work in 2011, did (you/he/she) spend any time trying to find a job or on layoff?

1 Yes
2 No
Q31
How many different weeks (was/were) (name/you) looking for work or on layoff from a job?
* (01-52) Number of weeks

Q32
What was the main reason (you/he/she) did not work in 2011?
* Read categories if necessary

1 Ill, or disabled and unable to work
2 Retired
3 Taking care of home or family
4 Going to school
5 Could not find work
\(6 \quad\) Doing something else
Q33
During 2011 in how many weeks did (name/you) work even for a few hours? Include paid vacation and sick leave as work.
* (01-52) Number of weeks
* Enter 97 if respondent can only answer in months

\section*{Q33mon}
- Enter number of months worked (1-12)

\section*{Q33ver}

Then (name/you) worked about (number) weeks. Is that correct?
1 Yes
2 No - back to Q33 and obtain estimate

Q35
Did (name/you) lose any full weeks of work in 2011 because (you/he/she) (were/was) on layoff from a job or lost a job?
- Number of weeks worked in 2011: (number)

1 Yes
2 No
7 Mistake made in number of weeks worked last year - Specify in Q35SP

\section*{Q35SP}
* Specify mistake made in number of weeks worked last year

Q36
You said (name/you) worked about (number) (week/weeks).
How many OF THE REMAINING (number) WEEKS (was/were) (you/he/she) looking for work or on layoff from a job?
* Enter 0 for none

Q37
Were the (number) weeks (name/you) (was/were) looking for work or on layoff all in one stretch?

1 Yes - one stretch
2 No - two stretches
3 No - 3 or more stretches

What was the main reason (name/you) (was/were) not working or looking for work in the remaining weeks of 2011?
- Read list only if respondent is having difficulty answering the question

1 Ill, or disabled and unable to work
2 Taking care of home or family
3 Going to school
4 Retired
5 No work available
6 Other (Specify - Q38sp)

\section*{Q38sp}
* Enter verbatim response

\section*{Q39}

For how many employers did (name/you) work in 2011?
If more than one at the same time, only count it as one employer.
1 One
2 Two
3 Three or more
Q41
In the (one week/weeks) that (name/you) worked, how many hours did (you/he/she) (work that week?/usually work per week?)
* Enter number of hours

\section*{Q43}

During 2011, were there one or more weeks in which (name/you) worked less than 35 hours?

Exclude time off with pay because of holidays, vacation, days off, or sickness.
1 Yes
2 No

In the weeks that (name/you) worked, how many weeks did (name/you) work less than 35 hours in 2011?
* Number of weeks worked in 2011: (number)
(Number of weeks was reported in item Q33)
(1-52)

\section*{\(\underline{\text { Q45 }}\)}

What was the main reason (name/you) worked less than 35 hours per week?
* Read list only if respondent is having difficulty answering the question

1 Could not find a full time job
2 Wanted to work part time or only able to work part time
3 Slack work or material shortage
4 Other reason
Q46
What was (name's/your) longest job during 2011?
Was it:
(IO1NAM:) (name of employer)
(IO1IND:) (kind of business or industry)
(IO1OCC:) (occupation)
(IO1DT:) (duties)
- CLASS OF WORKER: (PRIVATE/FEDERAL GOVERNMENT/STATE GOVERNMENT/LOCAL GOVERNMENT/WORKING WITHOUT PAY IN FAMILY BUS./SELF EMPLOYED--INCORPORATED/SELF EMPLOYED-UNINCORPORATED)

1 Same as listed
2 Different job

\section*{Q47a}

For whom did (name/you) work (?/at) (blank/(your/his/her) (blank/longest job during 2011?))
* Name of Company, business, organization or other employer
(blank/( IO1NAM:) (entry)
The current employer is pre-filled in the Form Pane below. Press ENTER if Same)
(blank/* If longest job last year is military job, enter Armed Forces)
(blank/ Enter N for no work done at all during 2011)

\section*{Q47b}

\section*{What kind of business or industry is this?}

For example: TV and radio manufacturing, retail shoe store, farm
(blank/( \({ }^{\text {IO1IND:) (entry) }}\)
The current business or industry type is pre-filled in the Form Pane below. Press ENTER if Same)
(blank/* If longest job last year is military job, enter NA)

\section*{Q47b1}

Is this business or organization mainly manufacturing, retail trade, wholesale trade, or something else?
(blank/(*IO1MFG:) (entry)
The current business or organization type is pre-filled in the Form Pane below. Press ENTER if Same)
(blank/* If longest job last year is military job, enter 4)

1 Manufacturing
2 Retail
3 Wholesale trade
4 Something else

\section*{Q47c}

\section*{What kind of work (was/were) (you/he/she) doing?}

For example: Electrical Engineer, Stock Clerk, Typist
(blank/( IO1OCC:) (entry)
The current occupation is pre-filled in the Form Pane below. Press ENTER if Same)
(blank/* If longest job last year is military job, enter Armed Forces)

\section*{Q47d1}

What were (your/his/her) most important activities or duties?
For example: Types, keeps account books, files, sells cars, operates printing press, finishes concrete.
(blank/( IO1DT:) (entry)
The current job description is pre-filled in the Form Pane below. Press ENTER if Same)
(blank/* If longest job last year is military job, enter NA)

\section*{Q47d2}

What were (your/his/her) most important activities or duties?
For example: Types, keeps account books, files, sells cars, operates printing press, finishes concrete.
(blank/( IO1DT:) (entry)
The current job description is pre-filled in the Form Pane below. Press ENTER if Same)
(blank/* If longest job last year is military job, enter NA)

\section*{Q47E1}
* Ask Only If Necessary
(Were/Was) (you/he/she) employed by government, by a PRIVATE company, a nonprofit organization, or (was/were) (you/he/she) self-employed or working in a family business?

1 Government
2 Private for profit company
3 Non profit organization including tax exempt and charitable organizations
4 Self employed
5 Working in family business

\section*{Q47E1a}

Would that be the federal, state, or local government?
1 Federal
2 State
3 Local (county, city, township)

\section*{Q47E1b}

Was this business incorporated?
1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q47E1c}
(Were/Was) (you/name) the owner of the business?
1 Yes
2 No

\section*{\(\underline{Q 4788}\)}

Counting all locations where (this employer/(name/you)) (operates/operate), what is the total number of persons who work for ((name's/your) employer)/name/you))?
*Read categories if necessary
1 under 10
2 10-49
3 50-99
4 100-499
5 500-999
6 1,000+

\section*{EARNED INCOME}

\section*{Q48aa}

How much did (name/you) earn from this employer before taxes and other deductions during 2011?
* Enter dollar amount
- Enter 0 for none

\section*{Q48aap}
* Read if necessary

Is this a weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly amount?
1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q48a1}

For how many (weekly/every other week/twice a month/monthly) pay periods did (name/you) earn (fill from Q48aa) from this employer in 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

\section*{Q48aC2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total annual earnings entered is (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q48aV}

According to my calculations (name/you) earned (total) altogether from this employer in 2011 before deductions. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q48a2}

What is your best estimate of (name's/your) correct total amount of earnings from this employer during 2011 before deductions?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q48aa: (amount)

Q48aap: (periodicity)
Q48a1: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)
Q48a3
Does this amount include all tips, bonuses, overtime pay, or commissions (name/you) may have received from this employer in 2011?
1 Yes

2 No

\section*{Q48aad}

How much did (name/you) earn in tips, bonuses, overtime pay, or commissions from this employer in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q48b}

What were (name's/your) net earnings from this business/farm after expenses during 2011?
* If response is "Broke Even" then enter 1
* Enter "0" for None
* If response is "Lost Money" press enter
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q48b_char}
* Enter "L" for Lost Money

\section*{Q48BL}
* Enter amount of money lost in 2011
* Enter annual amount only

\section*{Q48bp}

Is this a weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, quarterly, or yearly amount?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q48B1A}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total annual business loss entered is (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q48B1B}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total annual business income entered is (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q48b2}

What is your best estimate of (name's/your) ANNUAL net earnings from this business/farm after expenses in 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q48b: (amount)

Q48bp: (periodicity)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q48b2L}

What is your best estimate of (name's/your) ANNUAL net LOSS from this business/farm after expenses in 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q48bL: (amount)

Q48bp: (periodicity)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q48b3}

What were (name's/your) net earnings from this business/farm during the FIRST quarter of 2011?
* If response is "Broke Even" then enter 1
* Enter "0" for None
* If response is "Lost Money" press enter
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q48b3_char}
* Enter "L" for Lost Money

\section*{Q48B3L}
* Enter amount of money lost in the first quarter of 2011.

\section*{Q48b4}

What were (name's/your) net earnings from this business/farm during the SECOND quarter of 2011?
* If response is "Broke Even" then enter 1
* Enter "0" for None
* If response is "Lost Money" press enter
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q48b4_char}
* Enter "L" for Lost Money

\section*{Q48B4L}
* Enter amount of money lost in the second quarter of 2011.

\section*{Q48b5}

What were (name's/your) net earnings from this business/farm during the THIRD quarter of 2011?
* If response is "Broke Even" then enter 1
* Enter "0" for None
* If response is "Lost Money" press enter
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q48b5_char}
* Enter "L" for Lost Money

\section*{Q48B5L}
* Enter amount of money lost in the third quarter of 2011.

\section*{Q48b6}

What were (name's/your) net earnings from this business/farm during the FOURTH quarter of 2011?
* If response is "Broke Even" then enter 1
* Enter "0" for None
* If response is "Lost Money" press enter
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q48b6_char}
* Enter "L" for Lost Money

\section*{Q48B6L}
* Enter amount of money lost in the fourth quarter of 2011.
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q48b7}

Does this amount include all tips, bonuses, overtime pay, or commissions (name/you) may have received from this business in 2011?
1 Yes

2 No

\section*{Q48bad}

How much did (name/you) earn in tips, bonuses, overtime pay, or commissions in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q49a}

Did (name/you) earn money from any other work (you/he/she) did during 2011?
1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q49b1d}

How much did (name/you) earn from all other employers before taxes and other deductions during 2011?
* Enter dollar amount
* Enter "0" for None

\section*{Q49b1p}
- Read if necessary

Is this a weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly amount?
1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q49B11}

For how many (weekly/every other week/twice a month/monthly) pay periods did (name/you) earn (fill from Q49b1d) from all other employers in 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

\section*{Q49B1C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The total annual earnings entered from all other employers is (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q49B1V}

According to my calculations (name/you) earned (total) altogether from all other employers in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

Q49B12
What is your best estimate of (name's/your) correct total amount of earnings from all other employers during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q49b1d: (amount)

Q49b1p: (periodicity)
Q49b11: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)
Q49b13
Does this amount include all tips, bonuses, overtime pay, or commissions (name/you) may have received from all other employers in 2011?

1 Yes
2 No

Q49B1A
How much did (name/you) earn in tips, bonuses, overtime pay, or commissions from all other employers in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

How much did (name/you) earn from (blank/any other businesses of) (your/his/her) (own/own business) after expenses?
* If response is "Broke Even" then enter 1
* Enter "0" for None
* If response is "Lost Money" press enter
* Enter annual amount only

\section*{Q49b2_char}
* Enter "L" for Lost Money

\section*{Q49b3}
* Enter annual amount lost only

\section*{Q49b4}

How much did (name/you) earn from (your/his/her) farm after expenses?
* If response is "Broke Even" then enter 1
* Enter "0" for None
* If response is "Lost money" press enter
* Enter annual amount only

\section*{Q49b4_char}
- Enter "L" for Lost Money

\section*{Q49b5}
* Enter annual amount lost only

\section*{UNEMPLOYMENT AND WORKERS COMPENSATION}

Q51A1

At any time during 2011 did (name/you) receive any State or Federal unemployment compensation?

1 Yes
2 No
Q51A1p
What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) State or Federal unemployment compensation; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q51A11
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/monthly/ ) in State or Federal unemployment compensation during 2011?
- Enter dollar amount

Q51A1C
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total State or Federal unemployment compensation received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q51A12
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/monthly) payments did (name/you) receive from State or Federal unemployment compensation during 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

Q51A13
According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from State or Federal unemployment compensation during 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q51A14}

What is your best estimate of the correct total amount (name/you) received from State or Federal unemployment compensation during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q51A11: (amount)

Q51A1p: (periodicity)
Q51A12: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

Q51A2
At any time during 2011 did (name/you) receive any Supplemental Unemployment Benefits (SUB)?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q51A2p}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) Supplemental Unemployment Benefits; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q51A21
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/twice a month/ monthly/ ) in Supplemental Unemployment Benefits during 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q51A2C}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total Supplemental Unemployment Benefits received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.
Q51A22
How many (weekly/every other week/twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive from Supplemental Unemployment Benefits during 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

Q51A23
According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from Supplemental Unemployment Benefits during 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q51A24}

What is your best estimate of the correct total amount (name/you) received from Supplemental Unemployment Benefits during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q51A21: (amount)

Q51A2p: (periodicity)
Q51A22: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

Q51A3
At any time during 2011 did (name/you) receive any Union Unemployment or Strike Benefits?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q51A3p}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) Union Unemployment or Strike Benefits; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
8 Yearly
Q51A31
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in Union Unemployment or Strike Benefits during 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{C251A3}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total Union Unemployment or Strike Benefits received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q51A32
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive from Union Unemployment or Strike Benefits during 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q51A33}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from Union Unemployment or Strike Benefits during 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q51A34}

What is your best estimate of the correct total amount (name/you) received from Union Unemployment or Strike Benefits during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q51A31: (amount)

Q51A3p: (periodicity)
Q51A32: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

Q52a
During 2011 did (name/you) receive any Worker's Compensation payments or other payments as a result of a job related injury or illness?
* Exclude sick pay and disability retirement.

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q52b}

What was the source of these payments?
1 State Worker's Compensation
2 Employer or employer's insurance
3 Own insurance
4 Other
Q52cp
What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your)Worker's Compensation; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q52c1
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in Worker's Compensation during 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q52cC2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total worker's compensation received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q52c2
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive from Worker's Compensation during 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

Q52c3
Then (name/you) received (total) altogether from Worker's Compensation during 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No
Q52c4
What is your best estimate of the correct total amount (name/you) received from Worker's Compensation during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q52c1: (amount)

Q52cp: (periodicity)
Q52c2: (number of pay periods)
- Enter dollar amount

\section*{SOCIAL SECURITY}

Q56a
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive any Social Security payments from the U.S. Government?

1 Yes
2 No
Q56b
- Read only if necessary

Who received Social Security payments either for themselves or as combined payments with other family members?
*Enter Line Number Of Parent Or Guardian For Payments Made To
Children Under Age 15
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.

Enter persons line number (1-16)

Q56dp
What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) Social Security payment; monthly, quarterly, or yearly?

4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
7 Yearly
Q56d
How much did (name/you) receive (monthly/quarterly/ ) in Social Security payments in 2011?
- Enter dollar amount
- If already included in amount reported for another household member, press Enter

\section*{Q56d_Char}
* Enter < A > for Already included
\(\qquad\)
Q56d1
What is the amount of the Social Security payment (name/you) received last month?
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)
Q56d2
For how many (months/quarters) did (name/you) receive Social Security in 2011?
* (1-4; 1-12)
\(\qquad\)

Is this \$(amount from Q56d/amount from Q56d1) before or after the Medicare part \(B\) monthly deduction?

1 After Deduction
2 Before Deduction

Q56d4
Were there any changes since last year in your monthly payments?
1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q56dC2}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total Social Security received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q56d5
According to my calculations (name/you) received \$(total) altogether from Social Security in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No
Q56d6
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in Social Security during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: (amount)

Q56dp: (periodicity)
Q56d2: (number of pay periods)
Q56d3: (amount added per month)
Q56d4: (cost of living subtracted per month)
Enter dollar amount

What were the reasons (name/you) (was/were) getting Social Security in 2011?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Any Other Reason?

1 Retired
2 Disabled
3 Widowed
4 Spouse
5 Surviving child
6 Dependent child
7 On behalf of surviving, dependent, or disabled children
8 Other

\section*{SSRs}
* Specify other reason

\section*{SSC}

\section*{Which children under age 15 were receiving Social Security in 2011?}
- Probe: Anyone Else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Enter 0 if none listed
* Enter 96 for All persons

Enter persons line number (1-16)
SSCR
What were the reasons (Child's name/the children) (was/were) getting Social Security in 2011?
- Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Any Other Reason?

1 Disabled child/children
2 Surviving child/children
3 Dependent child/children
4 Other

\section*{SOCIAL SECURITY FOR CHILDREN}

Q56f
Did anyone in this household receive any Social Security income in 2011 that we have not already counted on behalf of children in this household?
- Includes all children under 19 years of age
* Social Security Income previously reported will appear here

LN Name Amount reported in Q56d amount
1 Yes
2 No

Q56g
*Read only if necessary
Who received these Social Security payments?
* Enter line number of parent or guardian
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q56ip}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) Social Security payment for children in this household; monthly, quarterly, or yearly?

4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
7 Yearly
Q56i
How much did (name/you) receive (monthly/quarterly/ ) in Social Security payments for children in this household in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount
* If already included in amount reported for another household member, press Enter

\section*{Q56i_Char}
- Enter A for Already included

\section*{Q56i1}

What is the amount of the Social Security payment (name/you) received for children in this household last month?
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)
Q56i2
For how many (months/quarters) did (name/you) receive Social Security in 2011?
* (1-4; 1-12)

Q56i3
Was the cost of living increase the only change which occurred in monthly payments for children in this household?

1 Yes
2 No

Q56iC2
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total Social Security received for children in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q56i4

According to my calculations (name/you) received \$(total) altogether for children in this household from Social Security in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in Social Security for children in this household during 2011?
- Previous entries: (amount)

Q56ip: (periodicity)
Q56i2: (number of pay periods)
Q56i3: (cost of living subtracted per month)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{CSS}

Which children under age 19 were receiving Social Security in 2011?
- Probe: Anyone Else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Enter 0 if none listed
- Enter 96 for All persons

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{CRSS}

What were the reasons (Child's name/the children) (was/were) getting Social Security in 2011?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Any Other Reason?

1 Disabled child/children
2 Surviving child/children
3 Dependent child/children
4 Other

\section*{SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)}

Q57a
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive: any SSI payments, that is, Supplemental Security Income?
* Note: SSI are assistance payments to low-income aged, blind and disabled persons, and come from state or local welfare offices, the Federal government, or both.

1 Yes
2 No

Q57b
* Read only if necessary

Who received SSI?
* Supplemental Security Income
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q57cp
What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) Supplemental Security Income payment; monthly, quarterly, or yearly?

4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
7 Yearly
Q57c
How much did (name/you) receive (monthly/ quarterly/ ) in Supplemental Security Income payments in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

Q57c1
What is the amount of the Supplemental Security Income payment (name/you) received last month?
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)
Q57c2
For how many (months/quarters) did (name/you) receive Supplemental Security Income in 2011?
* (1-4; 1-12)

Q57c3
Was the cost of living increase the only change which occurred in monthly payments?

1 Yes
2 No

Q57cC2
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total Supplemental Security Income received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q57c4
According to my calculations (name/you) received \$(total) altogether from Supplemental Security Income in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in Supplemental Security Income during 2011?
- Previous entries: (amount)

Q57cp: (periodicity)
Q57c2: (number of pay periods)
Q57c3: (amount subtracted per month)
- Enter Dollar Amount

\section*{SSIR}

What were the reasons (name/you) (was/were) getting Supplemental Security Income in 2011?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Any Other Reason?

1 Disabled
2 Blind
3 On behalf of a disabled child
4 On behalf of a blind child
5 Other
SSIC
Which children under age 15 were receiving Supplemental Security Income in 2011?
* Probe: Anyone Else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Enter 0 if none listed
- Enter 96 for All persons

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME FOR CHILDREN}

Q57d
Did anyone in this household receive any Supplemental Security Income in 2011 that we have not already counted on behalf of children in this household?
- Includes all children under 18 years of age
* SSI previously reported will appear here

LN Name Amount for Q57C amount
1 Yes
2 No

Q57e
* Read only if necessary

Who received these Supplemental Security Income payments?
* Enter line number of parent or guardian
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q57ip
What is the easiest way for you to tell us the Supplemental Security Income (name/you) received on behalf of children?

4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
7 Yearly
Q57i
How much did (name/you) receive (monthly/ quarterly/ ) in Supplemental Security Income on behalf of children in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

What is the amount of the Supplemental Security Income payment (name/you) received on behalf of children last month?
- Enter dollar amount

Q57i2
For how many (months/quarters) did (name/you) receive Supplemental Security Income on behalf of children in 2011?
* (1-4;1-12)

Q57i3
Was the cost of living increase the only change which occurred in monthly payments?

1 Yes
2 No

Q57iC2
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total Supplemental Security Income received on behalf of children in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q57i4
According to my calculations (name/you) received \$(total) altogether from Supplemental Security Income on behalf of children in 2011.
Does that sound about right?
\begin{tabular}{ll}
1 & Yes \\
2 & No
\end{tabular}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in Supplemental Security Income on behalf of children during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: (amount)

Q57ip: (periodicity)
Q57i2: (number of pay periods)
Q57i3: (amount subtracted per month)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{RSSI}

What were the reasons (name/you) (was/were) getting Supplemental Security Income on behalf of children in 2011?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Any Other Reason?

1 On behalf of a disabled child/children
2 On behalf of a blind child/children
3 Other

\section*{CSSI}

Which children under age 18 were receiving Supplemental Security Income in 2011?
* Probe: Anyone Else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Enter 0 if none listed
- Enter 96 for All persons

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{PUBLIC ASSISTANCE}

Q59A88
At any time during 2011, even for one month, did (you/ anyone in this household) receive any CASH assistance from a state or county welfare program such as (State Program Name)?
* Include cash payments from:
welfare or welfare-to-work programs, (State Program Name and/or acronyms),
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program (TANF), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), General Assistance/Emergency Assistance program, Diversion Payments,
Refugee Cash and Medical Assistance program, General Assistance from Bureau of Indian Affairs, or Tribal Administered General Assistance.

Do not include food stamps/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits, SSI, energy assistance, WIC, School meals, or transportation, childcare, rental, or education assistance.

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q59A89}

Just to be sure, in 2011, did anyone receive CASH assistance from a state or county welfare program, on behalf of CHILDREN in the household?

1 Yes
2 No

Q59b 88
Who received this CASH assistance?
* Enter line number
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q59C8}

From what type of program did (name/you) receive the CASH assistance? Was it a welfare or welfare-to-work program such as (State Program Name), General Assistance, Emergency Assistance, or some other program?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Any Other Program?

1 (State Program Name)/welfare/AFDC
2 General Assistance
3 Emergency Assistance/short-term cash assistance
4 Some other program (specify)
Q59C8s
What type of program?

\section*{Q59ep}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) CASH assistance payments; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q59e
During 2011, how much CASH assistance did (name/you) receive (per week/every other week/twice a month/ monthly/ )?
- Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q59e2}

How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) cash assistance payments did (name/you) receive in 2011?
* (1-12; 1-52)

\section*{Q57eC2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total cash assistance received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q59e3
According to my calculations (name/you) received \$(total) altogether in cash assistance from a state or county program in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

Q59e4
What is your best estimate of the correct amount of cash assistance (name/you) received during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q59e: (amount)

Q59ep: (periodicity)
Q59e2: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q59f}

Was the cash assistance for adults AND children, or JUST children?

1 Both adults AND children
2 Children only
3 Adults only
Q59g
(Who/Which children) in your household was the cash assistance for?
* Probe: Anyone Else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Enter 0 if none listed
* Enter 96 for All persons

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{VETERANS PAYMENTS}

Q60A88
At any time during 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive:
Any Veterans' (VA) payments?
* Include assistance received by children of veterans

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q60b_88}
* Read only if necessary

Who received Veterans' (VA) payments either for themselves or as combined payments with other family members?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q60C8}

What type of Veterans' payment did (name/you) receive?
* Read list only if respondent is having difficulty answering the question.
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Any Other Payments?

1 Service-connected disability compensation
2 Survivor Benefits
3 Veterans’ Pension
4 Educational assistance (including assistance received by children of veterans)
5 Other Veterans' payments
Q60D88
(Are/Is) (name/you) required to fill out an annual income questionnaire for the Department of Veterans' Affairs?
\begin{tabular}{ll}
1 & Yes \\
2 & No
\end{tabular}

\section*{Q60V1P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (fill from first answer in Q60c8); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

Q60V1
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/monthly/ ) before deductions in (fill from first answer in Q60c8) in 2011?
- Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q60V12}

How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (fill from first answer in Q60c8) in 2011?
* (1-52)

\section*{Q60V1C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from first answer in Q60c8) received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q60V13
According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from (fill from first answer in Q60c8) in 2011. Does that sound about right?
\begin{tabular}{ll}
1 & Yes \\
2 & No
\end{tabular}

\section*{Q60V14}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in Veteran's benefits during 2011?
- PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q60V1: (amount)

Q60V1P: (periodicity)
Q60V12: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q60V2P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (fill from second answer in Q60c8); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q60V2}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/monthly/ ) before deductions in (fill from second answer in Q60c8) in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

Q60V22
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (fill from second answer in Q60c8) in 2011?
* (1-52)

\section*{Q60V2C}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from second answer in Q60c8) received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from (fill from second answer in Q60c8) in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

Q60V24
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in (fill from second answer in Q60c8) during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q60V2: (amount)

Q60V2P: (periodicity)
Q60V22: (number of pay periods)
- Enter dollar amount

\section*{SURVIVOR BENEFITS}

Q58A
Did (you/ anyone in this household) receive any survivor benefits in 2011 such as widow's pensions, estates, trusts, insurance annuities, or any other survivor benefits (other than Social Security/ other than VA benefits/ other than Social Security or VA benefits)?

1 Yes
2 No
Q58b
- Read only if necessary

Who received this income?
- Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

Q58C

\section*{What was the source of this income?}
* Asking About: (name/name- -CURRENT RESPONDENT)
* Read list if respondent is having difficulty answering the question
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Any Other Source?

2 Company or union survivor pension (INCLUDE PROFIT SHARING)
3 Federal Government survivor (CIVIL SERVICE) pension
4 U.S. Military retirement survivor pension
5 State or Local government survivor pension
\(6 \quad\) U.S. Railroad retirement survivor pension
\(7 \quad\) Worker's compensation survivor pension
8 Black Lung survivor pension
9 Regular payments from estates or trusts
10 Regular payments from annuities or paid-up insurance policies
11 Other or don't know (SPECIFY) - ENTER LAST

\section*{Q58Cs1}
- Specify other source of income as survivor or widow
- Enter "Survivor Benefits" if the answer is "Don't Know"

\section*{Q58E1P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (fill from first answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q58E1}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/twice a month/ monthly/ ) in (fill from first answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

How many (weekly/every other week/twice a month/monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (fill from first answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011?
* (1-52)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q58E1C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from first answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q58E13}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from (fill from first answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q58E14}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from (fill from first answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q58E1: (amount)

Q58E1P: (periodicity)
Q58E12: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q58E2P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (fill from second answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

Q58E2
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/twice a month/ monthly/ ) in (fill from second answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011?
- Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q58E22}

How many (weekly/every other week/twice a month/monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (fill from second answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011?
* (1-52)

\section*{Q58E2C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from second answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q58E23}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from (fill from second answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011.

\section*{Does that sound about right?}
\begin{tabular}{ll}
1 & Yes \\
2 & No
\end{tabular}

\section*{Q58E24}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from (fill from second answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q58E2: (amount)

Q58E2P: (periodicity)
Q58E22: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q58E3P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (fill from third answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q58E3}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/twice a month/ monthly/ ) in (fill from third answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

Q58E32
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (fill from third answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011?
* (1-52)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q58E3C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from third answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q58E33
According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from (fill from third answer in Q58C or Q58Cs1) in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

Q58E34
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from (fill from third answer in Q58C3 or Q58Cs1) during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q58E3: (amount)

Q58E3P: (periodicity)
Q58E32: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{DISABILITY INCOME}

Q59A
(Do you/Does anyone in the household) have a health problem or disability which prevents (you/them) from working or which limits the kind or amount of work (you/they) can do?

1 Yes
2 No

Q59b
* Read only if necessary

Who is that?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q60a
(Did you/Is there anyone in this household who) ever (retire or leave/ retired or left) a job for health reasons?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q60b}
* Read only if necessary

\section*{Who is that?}
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q61b}

Did (name/you) receive any income in 2011 as a result of (your/his/her) health problem (other than Social Security/ other than VA benefits/ other than Social Security or VA benefits) ?
* (blank/If amount was reported previously as compensation from a job related injury or illness, then enter precode 2)
* (blank/Amount previously reported in (Q52CT) was \$(amount))

1 Yes
2 No

Q61c

\section*{What was the source of this income?}
* Asking About: (name) (blank/- -CURRENT RESPONDENT)
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Any Other Reason?

2 Worker's compensation
3 Company or union disability
4 Federal Government (CIVIL SERVICE) disability
5 U.S. Military retirement disability
6 State or Local government employee disability
7 U.S. Railroad retirement disability
8 Accident or disability insurance
9 Black Lung miner's disability
10 State temporary sickness
11 Other or don't know - Specify - Enter last

\section*{Q61Cs1}
* Specify other source from health problem or disability
* Enter "Other Health Problem/Disability" if the answer is "Don't Know"

\section*{Q61E1P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (first answer from Q61c or
Q61cs1) payments; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?
1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q61E1}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/ every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) before deductions in (first answer from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

Q61E12
How many (weekly/ every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (first answer from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments in 2011?
* Disability income source \#1 (1-12; 1-52)

\section*{Q61E1C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from first answer in Q61c or Q61cs1) payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q61E13}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from (first answer from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q61E14}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from (first answer from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q61E1: (amount)

Q61E1P: (periodicity)
Q61E12: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q61E2P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (second fill from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q61E2
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) before deductions in (second answer from Q61c or Q61cs1)
payments in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (second answer from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments in 2011?
- Disability income payment source \#2 (1-12; 1-52)

\section*{Q61E2C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from second answer in Q61c or Q61cs1) payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q61E23}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from (second answer from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q61E24}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from (second fill from Q61c or Q61cs1) payments during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q61E2: (amount)

Q61E2P: (periodicity)
Q61E22: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{RETIREMENT AND PENSIONS}

Q62A
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive any pension or retirement income from a previous employer or union, or any other type of retirement income (other than Social Security/ other than VA benefits/ other than Social Security or VA benefits) ?

1 Yes
2 No
Q62b
* Read only if necessary

Who received pension or retirement income?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q62C
What was the source of (name's/your) income?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Any Other pension or retirement income?

1 Company or union pension (INCLUDE PROFIT SHARING)
2 Federal Government (CIVIL SERVICE) retirement
3 U.S. Military retirement
\(4 \quad\) State or Local government pension
5 U.S. Railroad Retirement
6 Regular payments from annuities or paid up insurance policies
7 Regular payments from IRA, KEOGH, 401(k), 403(b), and 457(b) and (f) accounts
8 Other sources or don’t know - Specify - Enter last

\section*{Q62Cs1}
* Enter other source of pension or retirement income
* Enter "Other Pension Or Retirement" if the answer is "Don't Know"

\section*{Q62E1P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (first answer from Q62c or Q62cs1); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q62E1}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in (first answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q62E12}

How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (first answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011?
* Pension/Retirement \#1 (1-12; 1-52)

\section*{Q62E1C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from first answer in Q62c or Q62cs1) payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from (first answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q62E14}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in (first answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) during 2011?
*PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q62E1: (amount)
Q62E1P: (periodicity)
Q62E12: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q62E2P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (second answer from Q62c or Q62cs1); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q62E2}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in (second answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (second answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011?
* Pension/Retirement \#2 (1-12; 1-52)

\section*{Q62E2C}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from second answer in Q62c or Q62cs1) payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q62E23}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from (second answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q62E24}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in (second answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q62E2: (amount)

Q62E2P: (periodicity) Q62E22: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q62E3P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (third answer from Q62c or Q62cs1); weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q62E3}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/) in (third answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q62E32}

How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in (third answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) in 2011?
* Pension/Retirement \#3 (1-12; 1-52)

\section*{Q62E3C}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total (fill from third answer in Q62c or Q62cs1) payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q62E33}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from (third answer fromQ62c or Q62cs1) in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q62E34}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in (third answer from Q62c or Q62cs1) during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q62E3: (amount)

Q62E3P: (periodicity)
Q62E32: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{INTEREST}

Q63A1
At anytime during 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household):
Have money in any kind of money market fund, interest earning checking account, or savings account?

1 Yes
2 No
Q63A2
At anytime during 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household):
Have any savings bonds?
1 Yes
2 No

Q63A3
At anytime during 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household):
Have any treasury notes, IRAs, certificates of deposit, or any other investments which pay interest?

1 Yes
2 No

Q63b
* Ask only if necessary

Which members of this household ages 15 and over had (interest earning accounts or money market funds/savings bonds/treasury notes, IRAs, CDs, or any other investments which pay interest)?
- Include each person in cases of joint accounts or ownership
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q63c}

How much did (name/you) receive in interest from these sources during 2011, including even small amounts reinvested or credited to accounts?
* Only include interest received from U.S. Savings Bonds cashed during 2011
* Separate amounts for joint ownership
* If already included in amount reported for another household member, press Enter
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q63c_Char}
-Enter A for "Already Included"

\section*{Q63cp}
*Read if necessary
Is this a weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, quarterly, every 6 months, or yearly amount?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
6 Every 6 months
7 Yearly
Q63c2
How many (weekly/ every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ quarterly/ every 6 months) payments did (name/you) receive in interest income in 2011?
* (1-2; 1-52)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q63cC2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total interest income received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q63c3}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from interest income in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

Q63c4
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from interest payments during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q63c: (amount)

Q63cp: (periodicity)
Q63c2: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{DIVIDENDS}

Q64A
At anytime during 2011 did (anyone in this household ages 15 and over/you) own any shares of stock in corporations (PAUSE) or any mutual fund shares?

1 Yes
2 No

Q64b
* Ask only if necessary

\section*{Which members of this household?}
* Include each person in case of joint accounts or ownership
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q64c
How much did (name/you) receive in dividends from stocks (or mutual funds) during 2011, including dividends that were reinvested?
* Separate amounts for joint ownership
* If already included in amount reported for another household member, press Enter
* Enter "0" for None
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q64c_Char}
- Enter < A > for Already included

\section*{Q64cp}
* Read if necessary

Is this a weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, quarterly, every 6 months, or yearly amount?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
6 Every 6 months
7 Yearly

Q64c2
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ quarterly/ every 6 months) payments did (name's/your) receive in dividends from stocks (or mutual funds) in 2011?
* (1-2; 1-52)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Q64cC2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total dividend payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q64c3
According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) dollars altogether from dividend payments in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No
Q64c4
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from dividend payments during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q64c: (amount)

Q64cp: (periodicity)
Q64c2: (number of pay periods)
- Enter dollar amount

\section*{PROPERTY INCOME}

Q65A1
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household):
Own any land, business property, apartments, or houses which were rented to others?

1 Yes
2 No

Q65A2
At anytime during 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household):
Receive income from royalties or from roomers or boarders? (exclude amounts paid by relatives)

1 Yes
2 No

Q65A3
At anytime during 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household):
Receive income from estates or trusts? (exclude estates or trusts already reported)
1 Yes
2 No

Q65b
* Ask only if necessary

Who received this (income/rent) ?
* Include each in cases of joint ownership. For self-employed persons, determine if income was already included
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

Q65c
How much did (name/you) receive in income from rent (blank/, roomers or boarders, estates, trusts, or royalties/, roomers or boarders, or royalties/, estates or trusts) AFTER EXPENSES during 2011?
* Separate amounts for joint ownership if response is "Broke Even" then enter 1.
* Enter dollar amount
* If already included in amount reported for another household member, or if response is "None", or if response is "Lost Money" press <Enter> key

\section*{Q65c_Char}
* Enter "A" for Already included
* Enter "L" for Lost Money
* Enter "X" for None

\section*{Q65cL}
* Enter amount of money lost in 2011.

\section*{Q65cp}

Is this a weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, quarterly, or yearly amount?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
5 Quarterly
7 Yearly

What is your best estimate of (name's/your) ANNUAL net income from rent (blank/, roomers or boarders, estates, trusts, or royalties/, roomers or boarders, or royalties/, estates or trusts) AFTER EXPENSES in 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q65c: (amount) Q65cp: (periodicity)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q65cC2}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total income received from rent (/roomers or boarders, estates, trusts, or royalties) was (amount) in 2011. Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q65c2L}

What is your best estimate of (name's/your) ANNUAL LOSS from rent (blank/, roomers or boarders, estates, trusts, or royalties/, roomers or boarders, or royalties/, estates or trusts) AFTER EXPENSES in 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q65cL: (amount)

Q65cp: (periodicity)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{EDUCATION ASSISTANCE}

Q66a
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) attend school beyond the high school level including a college, university, or other schools?
(include vocational, business, or trade schools)
1 Yes
2 No

Q66b
Did (you/ anyone in this household) receive any educational assistance for tuition, fees, books, or living expenses during 2011?
* Exclude loans, assistance from household members, and VA educational benefits

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q66c}
* Ask only if necessary

\section*{Which member received assistance?}
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q66d}

\section*{What type of assistance did (name/you) receive?}
- Exclude assistance from household members
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Any other assistance?

2 Pell Grant
3 Assistance from a welfare or social service office
4 Some other government assistance
5 Scholarships, grants, etc.
\(6 \quad\) Other assistance (employers, friends, etc.)

\section*{Q69F88}

How much did (name/you) receive in Pell Grants during 2011?
* Enter annual amount only

\section*{Q66HP}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) (other/blank) educational assistance during 2011; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q66H}
(blank/Aside from the Pell Grant assistance,) (How/how) much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in educational assistance during 2011?
- Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q66H2}

How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in educational assistance in 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

\section*{Q66hC2}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total educational assistance received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q66H3

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from educational assistance in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from educational assistance during 2011?
* Previous entries: Q66h: (amount)

Q66hp: (periodicity)
Q66h2: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{CHILD SUPPORT AND ALIMONY}

Q70a
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive:
Any child support payments?
1 Yes
2 No
Q70b
* Read only if necessary

Who received these payments?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q70cp
What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) child support payments; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/ every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in child support payments in 2011?
- Enter dollar amount

Q70c2
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) child support payments did (name/you) receive in 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

\section*{Q70cC2}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total child support payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q70c3
According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from child support payments in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No
Q70c4
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from child support payments during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q70c: (amount)

Q70cp: (periodicity)
Q70c2: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{Q71a}

During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive:
Any alimony payments?
1 Yes
2 No
Q71b
- Read only if necessary

Who received these payments during 2011?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q71cp
What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) alimony payments; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q71c
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in alimony payments in 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

Q71c2
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) alimony payments did (name/you) receive in 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

\section*{Q71cC2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total alimony payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

\section*{Q71c3}

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from alimony payments in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

Q71c4
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from alimony payments during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q71c: (amount)

Q71cp: (periodicity)
Q71c2: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{REGULAR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE}

Q72a
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive: (Any other/Any) regular financial assistance from friends or relatives not living in this household?
- Do not include loans

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q72b}
* Read only if necessary

Who received this assistance?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q72cp}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) regular financial assistance; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q72c
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/ every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in regular financial assistance in 2011?
- Enter dollar amount

Q72c2
How many (weekly/every other week/twice a month/monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in regular financial assistance in 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

\section*{Q72cC2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total regular financial assistance payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from regular financial assistance in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No
Q72c4
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received from regular financial assistance during 2011?
*PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q72c: (amount)
Q72cp: (periodicity)
Q72c2: (number of pay periods)

\section*{OTHER MONEY INCOME}

Q73A1
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive income from:
Hobbies, home businesses, farms, or business interests not already covered?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q73A1b}
* Ask only if necessary

Who received this income?
- Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q73A1c}

What was the source of this income?
* Asking about: (name/you) (name/name- -CURRENT RESPONDENT)

\section*{Q731P}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) income from hobbies, home businesses, farms, or business interests not already covered during 2011; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{Q731}

How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/ every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in income from hobbies, home businesses, farms, or business interests not already covered during 2011?
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

Q7312
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/ monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in income from hobbies, home businesses, farms, or business interests not already covered in 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)

\section*{Q731C2}
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total income from hobbies, home businesses, farms, or business interests not already covered in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from hobbies, home businesses, farms, or business interests not already covered in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No
\(\underline{\text { Q7314 }}\)
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in income from hobbies, home businesses, farms, or business interests not already covered during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q731: (amount)

Q731P: (periodicity)
Q7312: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

Q73A2
During 2011 did (you/ anyone in this household) receive income from:
Any severance pay, welfare, emergency assistance, other short-term cash assistance, foster child care payments, or any other money income not already covered?

1 Yes
2 No
Q73A2b
* Ask only if necessary

Who received this income?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{Q73A2c}

What was the source of this income?
* Asking about: (name/you) (name/name- -CURRENT RESPONDENT)

Q732P
What is the easiest way for you to tell us (name's/your) income from any severance pay, welfare, emergency assistance, other short-term cash assistance, foster child care payments, or any other money income not already covered during 2011; weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week (bi-weekly)
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly
Q732
How much did (name/you) receive (weekly/ every other week/ twice a month/ monthly/ ) in income from any severance pay, welfare, emergency assistance, other short-term cash assistance, foster child care payments, or any other money I income not already covered during 2011?
* Enter dollar amount

Q7322
How many (weekly/every other week/ twice a month/monthly) payments did (name/you) receive in income from any severance pay, welfare, emergency assistance, other short-term cash assistance, foster child care payments, or any other money income not already covered during 2011?
* (1-12/1-24/1-26/1-52)
- Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total income from any severance pay, welfare, emergency assistance, other short-term cash assistance, foster child care payments, or any other money not already covered in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.
\(\underline{\text { Q7323 }}\)
According to my calculations (name/you) received (total) altogether from any severance pay, welfare, emergency assistance, other short-term cash assistance, foster child care payments, or any other money income not already covered during 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No
Q7324
What is your best estimate of the correct amount (name/you) received in income from any severance pay, welfare, emergency assistance, other short-term cash assistance, foster child care payments, or any other money income not already covered during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q732: (amount)

Q732P: (periodicity)
Q7322: (number of pay periods)
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{HEALTH INSURANCE}

SHI1
These next questions are about health insurance coverage during the calendar year 2011. The questions apply to ALL persons of ALL ages.

Enter 1 to Continue

At any time in 2011, (was/were) (you/ anyone in this household) covered by a health insurance plan provided through (their/your) current or former employer or union?
- Military health insurance will be covered later in another question.

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHI3}

Who in this household were policyholders?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHI4}

In addition to (name/you) who else in this household was covered by (name's/your) plan?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Enter 0 if no one listed
* Enter 96 for All persons
* Probe: Anyone else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
SHI5
Did (name's/your) plan cover anyone living outside this household?
1 Yes
2 No

Did (name's/your) former or current employer or union pay for all, part, or none of the health insurance premium?
* NOTE: Report here employer's contribution to employee's health insurance premiums, not the employee's medical bills.

1 All
2 Part
3 None
SHI7
At any time during 2011, (was/were) (you/ anyone in this household) covered by a health insurance plan that (you/they) PURCHASED DIRECTLY FROM AN INSURANCE COMPANY, that is, not related to current or past employment?

1 Yes
2 No
SHI8
Who in this household were policyholders?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
SHI9
In addition to (name/you) who else in this household was covered by (name's/your) plan?
- Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Enter 0 if None listed
* Enter 96 for All persons
* Probe: Anyone else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHI10}

Did (name's/your) plan cover anyone living outside this household?
1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHI11}

At any time in 2011, (was/were) (you/ anyone in this household) covered by the health insurance plan of someone who does not live in this household?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHI12}

Who was that?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHI13}

At any time in 2011, (was/were) (you/ anyone in this household) covered by Medicare?
*Read if necessary: Medicare is the health insurance for persons 65 years old and over OR persons with disabilities.

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHI14}

Who was that?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHI15}

At any time in 2011, (was/were) (you/ anyone in this household) covered by Medicaid / (fill state name)?
* Read if necessary: Medicaid / (fill state name) is the Government Assistance Program that pays for health care.

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHI16}

Who was that?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{\(\underline{\text { SHI17 }}\)}

How many months during 2011, (was/were) (name/you) covered by Medicaid/(fill state name)?
* Enter number of months (1-12)

\section*{SHI21}

In (state), the (fill state CHIP program name) helps families get health insurance for CHILDREN. (Just to be sure,) Were any of the children in this household covered by that program?
* Read if necessary: (fill state CHIP program name) is the name of your state's CHIP program. It is the same as the Children's Health Insurance Program, which helps pay for children's health care.

1 Yes
2 No

Who was that?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHI18}

At any time in, 2011 (was/were) (you/ anyone in this household) covered by TRICARE, CHAMPVA, VA, military health care, or Indian Health Service?
- NOTE: CHAMPVA is the Civilian Health And Medical Program of the Department of Veteran's Affairs.

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHI19}

Who was that?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHI20}

What plan (was/were) (name/you) covered by?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Any Other Plan?

1 TRICARE
2 CHAMPVA
3 VA
4 Indian Health Service
5 Other

\section*{SHI20s}
* Enter other type of plan

\section*{SHIC1}

Other than the plans I have already talked about, during 2011, was anyone in this household covered by a health insurance plan [such as the (state-specific name plan) or any other type of plan/of any other type]?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHIC2}

Who has insurance?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHIC3}

What type of health insurance (was/were) (name/you) covered by in 2011?
- Up to six entries allowed
* Probe: Any Other Type Of Plan?

1 Medicare
2 Medicaid
3 TRICARE
4 CHAMPVA (CHAMPVA IS THE CIVILIAN HEALTH AND MEDICAL PROGRAM OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERAN'S AFFAIRS)
5 VA
6 Military Health Care
\(7 \quad\) Children\'s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
8 Indian Health Service
9 Other government health care
10 Employer/union provided (policyholder)
11 Employer/union provided (as dependent)
12 Privately purchased (policyholder)
13 Privately purchased (as dependent)
14 Plan of someone outside the household
15 Other

\section*{SHIC3s}
* Enter other type of plan

\section*{SHIC4}

I have recorded that (you/read list of names) (were/was) not covered by a health plan at any time during 2011. Is that correct?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SHIC4A}

\section*{Who should be marked as covered?}
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{SHIC6}

\section*{What type of health insurance (was/were) (name/you) covered by in 2011?}
* Up to six entries allowed
* Probe: Any other type of plan?

1 Medicare
2 Medicaid
3 TRICARE
4 CHAMPVA (CHAMPVA IS THE CIVILIAN HEALTH AND MEDICAL PROGRAM OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERAN'S AFFAIRS)
5 VA
6 Military Health Care
\(7 \quad\) Children\'s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
8 Indian Health Service
9 Other government health care
10 Employer/union provided (policyholder)
11 Employer/union provided (as dependent)
12 Privately purchased (policyholder)
13 Privately purchased (as dependent)
14 Plan of someone outside the household
15 Other

\section*{SHIC6s}
* Enter other type of health insurance covered by in 2011

\section*{SHI24}

An important factor in evaluating a person's or family's health insurance situation is their current health status and/or the current health status of other family members.

Enter 1 to Continue

\section*{SHI25}

Would you say (name's/your) health in general is excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor?

1 Excellent
2 Very good
3 Good
4 Fair
5 Poor

\section*{MEDICAL EXPENDITURES}

\section*{HIPREM}

During 2011, about how much did (name/you) pay for health insurance premiums for (yourself/himself/herself) or others in the household, after any reimbursements?

Please include premiums paid for HMOs, Fee for Service Plans, Commercial Medicare Supplements, or other special purpose plans, such as vision or dental plans. Include prescription drug insurance such as medicare Part D premiums, and Medicare Advantage premiums. DO NOT include Medicare Part B premiums.
* Enter dollar amount
\(\qquad\)

\section*{OTCMEDAMT}

During 2011, about how much was paid for (name/you) for over-the-counter health related products such as aspirin, cold remedies, bandages, first aid supplies, and other items?

Include any amount paid on (your/his/her) behalf by anyone in this household, that was not reimbursed.
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{MEDAMT}

Aside from over-the-counter items, during 2011, about how much was paid for (name's/your) own medical care, including payments and co-payments for hospital visits, medical providers, dental services, prescription medicine, vision aids, and medical supplies?

Include any amount paid on (your/his/her) behalf by anyone in this household, that was not reimbursed.
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{COTCAMT}

How about (name)?
During 2011, about how much was paid for (name) for over-the-counter health related products such as aspirin, cold remedies, bandages, first aid supplies, and other items?

Include only amounts paid that were not reimbursed.
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{CMEDAMT}

Aside from over-the-counter items, during 2011, about how much was paid for (name's) own medical care, including payments and co-payments for hospital visits, medical providers, dental services, prescription medicine, vision aids, and medical supplies?

Include only amounts paid that were not reimbursed.
* Enter dollar amount

\section*{EMPLOYER'S PENSION PLAN}

Q74a
Other than Social Security did (ANY) employer or union that (name/you) worked for in 2011 have a pension or other type of retirement plan for any of its employees?

1 Yes
2 No

Q74b
(Were/Was) (name/you) included in that plan?
1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SCHOOL LUNCHES}

Q80
During 2011 which of the children ages 5 to 18 in this household usually ate a complete lunch offered at school?
* Probe: Anyone else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Enter 96 for All
- Enter 0 for None

Enter persons line number (1-16)

During 2011 which of the children in this household received free or reduced priced lunches because they qualified for the Federal School Lunch Program?
* Probe: Anyone else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Enter 96 for All
- Enter 0 for None

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{PUBLIC HOUSING}

Q85
Is this public housing, that is, is it owned by a local housing authority or other public agency?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q86}

Are you paying lower rent because the Federal, State, or local government is paying part of the cost?

1 Yes
2 No
SPHS8
Is this through Section 8 or through some other government program?
1 Section 8
2 Some other government program
3 Not sure

\section*{FOOD STAMPS/SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE} PROGRAM (SNAP)
\(\underline{\text { Q87 }}\)
Did (you/ anyone in this household) get SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program), food stamps or a food stamp benefit card at any time during 2011?
* Do not include WIC benefits.

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{Q87a}

At any time during 2011, even for one month, did (you/ anyone in this household) receive any food assistance from (State Program name) or a food assistance benefit card (such as State EBT card name)?
* Do not include WIC benefits.

3 Yes
4 No
Q88
Which of the people now living here were covered by that food assistance during 2011?
* List all household members covered by food assistance regardless of age
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
- Enter 96 for All
- Enter 0 for None
- Probe: Anyone else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)
Q90p
What is the easiest way for you to tell us the value of the food assistance: monthly or yearly?

1 Monthly
2 Yearly
3 Already included with TANF/AFDC payment

What is the (monthly/ ) value of the food assistance received in 2011 ?
* Enter dollar amount

Q902
How many months was food assistance received in 2011?
* (1-12)

\section*{Q90C2}
* Do not read to the respondent.
* The annual rate appears out of range. The total food assistance payments received in 2011 was (amount). Is this a correct entry? If Yes, enter "S" to Suppress. If No, press enter and correct entry.

Q903
According to my calculations (total) was received altogether from food assistance in 2011. Does that sound about right?

1 Yes
2 No

Q904
What is your best estimate of the correct amount of food assistance received during 2011?
* PREVIOUS ENTRIES: Q90: (amount)

Q90p: (periodicity)
Q902: (number of pay periods)
- Enter dollar amount

\section*{SWRWIC}

At any time during 2011, (was/were) (you/ anyone in this household) on WIC, the Women, Infants, and Children Nutrition Program?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SWRW}

Who received WIC for themselves or on behalf of a child?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{ENERGY ASSISTANCE}

Q93
The government has an energy assistance program which helps pay heating and cooling costs. This assistance can be received directly by the household or it can be paid directly to the electric company, gas company, or fuel dealer.

In 2011, (have you/has this household) received assistance of this type from the federal, state, or local government?

1 Yes
2 No
Q93pr1
Do you remember receiving an additional or unexpected check that was sent during the year to help pay heating or cooling costs?

1 Yes
2 No

Q93pr2
Was it used to pay heating or cooling costs?
1 Yes
2 No

Q94
Altogether, how much energy assistance has been received in 2011?
* Enter annual amount only

\section*{MIGRATION}

\section*{MIGSAM}
(Were/Was) (reference person's name/you) living in this house (or apartment) one year ago?

1 Yes, this house (apt)
2 No, different house in U.S.
3 No, outside the U.S.

\section*{MIGPLC}

Where did (reference person's name/you) live one year ago?
- Name of city/town/post office
- Current: (city)
* Enter correct city/town/post office or press ENTER for SAME

\section*{MIGSTA}
?[F1]
Where did (reference person's name/you) live one year ago?
- Name of State
- Current: (state)
* Enter W for person living on a ship at sea
* Enter correct State or press ENTER for SAME

\section*{MIGZIP}

Where did (reference person's name/you) live one year ago?
* Zip Code
- Current: (zip)
* Enter correct Zip Code or press ENTER for SAME

\section*{MIGCLM}

Did (reference person's name/you) live inside the city limits of (place name)?
\(1 \quad\) Yes, inside city limits
2 No, outside city limits or post office name only

\section*{MIGCOU}

What (county/parish) is (place name) in?
* Enter "IND CITY" if an independent city, not a county

\section*{S_MIGCN1}

What country did (reference person's name/you) live in one year ago?

\section*{MI1RES}

What was [your/name's] main reason for moving to this house (apartment)?
*The answer categories are separated into the following groups:
FAMILY-RELATED REASONS 1-3
EMPLOYMENT-RELATED REASONS 4-8
HOUSING-RELATED REASONS 9-13
OTHER REASONS 14-18
1 change in marital status
2 to establish own household
3 other family reason
4 new job or job transfer
5 to look for work or lost job
6 to be closer to work/easier commute
7 retired
8 other job-related reason
9 wanted to own home, not rent
10 wanted new or better house/ apartment
11 wanted better neighborhood/less crime
        wanted cheaper housing
        foreclosure/eviction
        other housing reason
        to attend or leave college
        change of climate
        health reasons
        natural disaster (hurricane, tornado, etc.)
        other reason (specify)
MI1s
What was the reason for moving?

\section*{MIGALL}
(There are (number) other persons in this household ages 1 year or over/)
Did (all of these persons/this person) live with (reference person's name/you) (in this house/in City, State/outside the U.S.) one year ago?

1 Yes, all lived with (reference person's name/you)
2 No, some or all did not live with (reference person's name/you)

\section*{MIGM}

Which of the other members of this household did NOT live with (reference person's name/you) one year ago?
* PROBE: Anyone else?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{NXTSAM}

Did (name/you) live in this house (apartment) one year ago?
1 Yes, this house
2 No, different house in U.S.
3 No, outside the U.S.

\section*{NXTPLC}

Where did (name/you) live one year ago?
- Name of city/town/post office
* Current: (city) Enter correct city/town/post office or
* Press ENTER for SAME

\section*{NXTSTA}
?[F1]
Where did (name/you) live one year ago?
* Name of State
* Current: (state)
* Enter correct State or press ENTER for SAME

\section*{NXTZIP}

Where did (name/you) live one year ago?
* Zip Code Current: (zip)
- Enter correct zip code or
- Press ENTER for SAME

\section*{NXTCLM}

\section*{Did (name/you) live inside the city limits of (place name)?}

1 Yes, inside city limits
2 No, outside city limits or post office name only

\section*{NXTCOU}

What (county/parish) is (place name) in?
*Enter "IND CITY" if an independent city, not a county

\section*{S_NXTCN1}

What country did (name/you) live in one year ago?

\section*{NX1RES}

What was (name's/your) main reason for moving to this house (apartment)?
*The answer categories are separated into the following groups:
FAMILY-RELATED REASONS 1-3
EMPLOYMENT-RELATED REASONS 4-8
HOUSING-RELATED REASONS 9-13
OTHER REASONS 14-18
1 change in marital status
2 to establish own household
3 other family reason
4 new job or job transfer
5 to look for work or lost job
6 to be closer to work/easier commute
7 retired
8 other job-related reason
9 wanted to own home, not rent
10 wanted new or better house/ apartment
11 wanted better neighborhood/less crime
12 wanted cheaper housing
13 foreclosure/eviction
14 other housing reason
15 to attend or leave college
16 change of climate
17 health reasons
18 natural disaster (hurricane, tornado, etc.)
19 other reason (specify)

\section*{NX1OTH}

What was the reason for moving?

\section*{SUNITS}
- Ask if necessary

How many housing units are in your building?

1 Only one
2 Two
3 Three or four
\(4 \quad\) Five to nine
5 Ten or more

\section*{PROPERTY VALUE/PRESENCE OF MORTGAGE}

\section*{VALPROP}

About how much do you think this (house and lot/apartment/mobile home) would sell for if it were for sale?
- Enter dollar amount

\section*{MORTYN}

Not counting home equity loans, do you or any other member of this household have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{SMORTYN}

Do you or any member of this household have a second mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?

1 Yes, home equity loan.
2 Yes, second mortgage.
3 Yes, second mortgage and home equity loan.
4 No

\section*{CHILD CARE}

\section*{Q95}

Now we want to ask about some of your expenses for children.
Did (you/ anyone in this household) PAY for the care of (your/their) (child/children) while (you/they) worked in 2011?
* Include: All child care expenses including preschool and nursery school expenses, before and after school care, and summer care.
* Do not include: cost of kindergarten or grade/elementary school.

1 Yes
2 No

Q95A
Which children needed care while their parents worked?
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone else?
* Enter 96 for All persons

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{CCFREQ}

What is the easiest way for you to tell us how much (you/you and others in this household) paid for child care while (you/they) worked in 2011: weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, or yearly?

1 Weekly
2 Every other week
3 Twice a month
4 Monthly
7 Yearly

\section*{CCAMT}

How much did (you/they) pay for child care?
* Include child care payments made for all children in the household.
* For example, if there are two adults in the household with childcare expenses use the total paid by both adults. Do not try to separate the payments. Record one total for the entire household.

\section*{CCNUMPAY}

How many (weekly/every other week/twice a month/monthly) payments did (you/they) make during 2011?

\section*{CCTOT}

Then (you/they) paid (total dollar amount) altogether in child care while (you/they) worked during 2011. Does that sound about right?
```

1 Yes
2 No

```

\section*{CCEST}

What is your best estimate of the correct amount (you/they) paid for child care while (you/they) worked in 2011?

\section*{CHILD SUPPORT PAID}

\section*{CSPCHILD}

Does anyone in this household have any children who lived elsewhere with their other parent or guardian at anytime during 2011?
\begin{tabular}{cc}
1 & Yes \\
2 & No \\
FACSIMILE OF ASEC SUPPLEMENT QUESTIONNAIRE
\end{tabular}

\section*{CSPWHO}

Who had children who lived elsewhere? Anyone else?
* Enter line number
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.

\section*{CSPREQ}

In 2011, (were/was) (name/you) required to pay child support?

1 Yes
2 No

\section*{CSPAMT}

How much child support did (name/you) pay in 2011?
- Enter dollar amount
- COUNT ALL FORMS OF CHILD SUPPORTS PAYMENTS, INCLUDING:
...PAYMETNS MADE DIRECTLY TO THE OTHER PARENT/GUARDIAN;
...PAYMENTS MADE THROUGH A COURT OR AGENCY; AND
...PAYMENTS WITHHELD FROM THIS PERSON'S PAYCHECK

\section*{Q96_INTRO}

Now, for the last few questions, we would like to get some CURRENT information.
Enter 1 to continue

You said earlier that (no one in your household/someone in your household/you) received cash assistance from a state or county welfare program in 2011. WITHIN THE LAST 30 DAYS, did (you/ anyone in this household) receive any CASH assistance from a state or county welfare program such as (State Program Name)?
* Include cash payments from:
welfare or welfare-to-work programs, (State Program Name)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program (TANF), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), General Assistance/Emergency Assistance program, Diversion Payments, Refugee Cash and Medical Assistance program, General Assistance from Bureau of Indian Affairs, or Tribal Administered General Assistance.

Do not include food stamps/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits, SSI, energy assistance, WIC, School meals, or transportation, child care, rental, or education assistance.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
1 & Yes \\
2 & No
\end{tabular}

Q97
Just to be sure, WITHIN THE LAST 30 DAYS, did anyone receive CASH assistance from a state or county welfare program, on behalf of CHILDREN in the household?
1 Yes

2 No
Q96A
Who received this CASH assistance?
- Enter line number
* Enter all that apply, separate using the space bar or a comma.
* Probe: Anyone Else?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

\section*{APPENDIX E}

\author{
Specific Metropolitan Identifiers \\ (Beginning August 2005)
}

List 1. FIPS Metropolitan Area (CBSA) Codes
List 2. FIPS Consolidated Statistical Area (CSA) Codes
List 3. Individual Principal Cities
List 4. FIPS County Codes

Unless otherwise noted, all definitions for geographic areas on these lists reflect the June 30, 2003 Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) definitions.

LIST 1: FIPS METROPOLITAN AREA (CBSA) CODES
FIPS CODE
(GTCBSA)

\section*{METROPOLITAN (CBSA) TITLE}

10420
10500
10580
10740
10900
11020
11100
11300
11340
11460
11500
11540
11700
12020
12060
12100
12260
12420
12540
12580
12940
13140
13380
13460
13740
13780
13820
14020
14060
14260
14500
14540
14740
15180
15380
15940
15980
16300
16580
16620
16700
16740
16860
16980

Akron, OH
Albany, GA (Baker, Terrell, and Worth Counties not in sample)
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY
Albuquerque, NM
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ
Altoona, PA
Amarillo, TX (Armstrong and Carson Counties not in sample)
Anderson, IN
Anderson, SC
Ann Arbor, MI
Anniston-Oxford, AL
Appleton, WI
Asheville, NC (Haywood and Madison Counties not in sample)
Athens-Clarke County, GA (Oglethorpe County not in sample)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA (Haralson, Heard, Jasper,
Meriwether and Spalding Counties not in sample)
Atlantic City, NJ
Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC
Austin-Round Rock, TX
Bakersfield, CA
Baltimore-Towson, MD
Baton Rouge, LA
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX
Bellingham, WA
Bend, OR
Billings, MT (Carbon County not in sample)
Binghamton, NY
Birmingham-Hoover, AL
Bloomington, IN (Owen County not in sample)
Bloomington-Normal IL
Boise City-Nampa, ID (Owyhee County not in sample)
Boulder, CO
Bowling Green, KY
Bremerton-Silverdale, WA
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY
Canton-Massillon, OH
Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL
Cedar Rapids, IA (Benton and Jones Counties not in sample)
Champaign-Urbana, IL (Ford County not in sample)
Charleston, WV (Clay County not in sample)
Charleston-North Charleston, SC
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC (Anson County, NC not in sample)
Chattanooga, TN-GA
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI (DeKalb, IL; Jasper, IN; and Kenosha, WI Counties not in sample)

\section*{METROPOLITAN (CBSA) TITLE}

17020
17140
17460
17660
17820
17860
17900
17980
18140
18580
19100
19340
19380
19460
19500
19660
19740
19780
19820
20100
20260
20500
20740
20940
21340
21500
21660
21780
22020
22140
22180
22220
22420
22460
22660
22900
23020
23060
23420
23540
24340
24540
24580
24660
24860

Chico, CA
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN (Franklin County , IN not in sample; Dearborn and Ohio Counties, IN not identified)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH
Coeur d'Alene, ID
Colorado Springs, CO
Columbia, MO (Howard County not in sample)
Columbia, SC
Columbus, GA-AL (Harris County, GA and Russell County, AL not in sample)
Columbus, OH (Morrow County not in sample)
Corpus Christi, TX
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX (Delta and Hunt Counties not in sample)
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL
Dayton, OH
Decatur, Al
Decatur, IL
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL
Denver-Aurora, CO
Des Moines, IA
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI
Dover, DE
Duluth, MN-WI (Carlton County, MN not in sample, WI portion not identified)
Durham, NC
Eau Claire, WI
El Centro, CA
El Paso, TX
Erie, PA
Eugene-Springfield, OR
Evansville, IN-KY (Gibson County, IN and Kentucky portion not in sample)
Fargo, ND-MN (MN portion not identified)
Farmington, NM
Fayetteville, NC
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO (Madison County, AR and Missouri portion not in sample)
Flint, MI
Florence, AL
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO
Fort Smith, AR-OK (Oklahoma portion not in sample)
Fort Walton Beach-Crestview-Destin, FL
Fort Wayne, IN
Fresno, CA
Gainesville, FL (Gilchrist County not in sample)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI
Greeley, CO
Green Bay, WI (Oconto County not in sample)
Greensboro-High Point, NC
Greenville, SC (Laurens and Pickens Counties not in sample)

\section*{METROPOLITAN (CBSA) TITLE}

25060
25180

25420
25500
25860
26100
26180
26420
26580
26620
26900
26980
27100
27140
27260
27340
27500
27740
27780
27900
28020
28100
28140

28660
28700
28740
28940
29100
29180
29340
29460
29540
29620
29700
29740
29820
29940
30020
30460
30780
30980
31100
31140

31180
31340

31420

Gulfport-Biloxi, MS (Stone County not in sample)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV (Berkeley County, WV not identified and Morgan County, WV not in sample)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA
Harrisonburg, VA
Hickory-Morganton-Lenoir, NC (Caldwell County not in sample)
Holland-Grand Haven, MI
Honolulu, HI
Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (Kentucky and Ohio portions not identified)
Huntsville, AL
Indianapolis, IN
Iowa City, IA (Washington County not in sample)
Jackson, MI
Jackson, MS
Jacksonville, FL
Jacksonville, NC
Janesville, WI
Johnson City, TN
Johnstown, PA
Joplin, MO
Kalamazoo-Portage, MI
Kankakee-Bradley, IL
Kansas City, MO-KS (Franklin, KS; Leavenworth, KS; Linn, KS; Bates, MO; and Caldwell, MO Counties not in sample)
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX
Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA (Virginia portion not identified)
Kingston, NY
Knoxville, TN (Anderson County not in sample)
La Crosse, WI-MN (Houston County, MN not in sample)
Lafayette, LA
Lake Charles, LA (Cameron Parish not in sample)
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL
Lancaster, PA
Lansing-East Lansing, MI
Laredo, TX
Las Cruces, NM
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV
Lawrence, KS
Lawton, OK
Lexington-Fayette, KY
Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR (Perry County not in sample)
Longview, TX (Rusk and Upshur Counties not in sample)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA
Louisville, KY-IN (Washington, IN; Henry, KY; Nelson, KY; Shelby, KY; and Trimble, KY Counties not in sample)
Lubbock, TX (Crosby County not in sample)
Lynchburg, VA (Appomattox and Bedford Counties and Bedford City not in sample)
Macon,, GA (Crawford, Monroe, and Twiggs Counties not in sample)

31460
31540
32580
32780
32820

32900
33100
33140
33260
33340
33460

33660
33700
33740
33780
33860
34740
34820
34900
34940
34980

35380
35620

35660
36100
36140
36260
36420
36500
36540
36740
36780
37100
37340
37460
37860
37900
37980
38060
38300
38900
38940
39100
39140
39340

Madera, CA
Madison, WI (Madison County not in sample)
McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX
Medford, OR
Memphis, TN-MS-AR (Arkansas portion not identified and Tunica
County, MS not in sample)
Merced, CA
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL
Michigan City-La Porte, IN
Midland, TX
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI
Minneapolis-St Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI (Wisconsin portion not identified)
Mobile, AL
Modesto, CA
Monroe, LA
Monroe, MI
Montgomery, AL
Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC
Napa, CA
Naples-Marco Island, FL
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro, TN (Cannon, Hickman and Macon Counties not in sample)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA (Pennsylvania portion not in sample. White Plains central city recoded to balance of metropolitan)
Niles-Benton Harbor, MI
Ocala, FL
Ocean City, NJ
Ogden-Clearfield, UT
Oklahoma City, OK
Olympia, WA
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA
Orlando, FL
Oshkosh-Neenah, WI
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL
Panama City-Lynn Haven, FL
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL
Peoria, IL
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ
Pittsburgh, PA
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA (Yamhill County, OR not in sample)
Port St. Lucie-Fort Pierce, FL
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY
Prescott, AZ
Provo-Orem, UT (Juab County not in sample)

\section*{METROPOLITAN (CBSA) TITLE}

Pueblo, CO
Punta Gorda, FL
Racine, WI
Raleigh-Cary, NC
Reading, PA
Reno-Sparks, NV
Richmond, VA (Cumberland County not in sample)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA
Roanoke, VA (Craig and Franklin Counties not in sample)
Rochester, NY
Rockford, IL
Sacramento--Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI
St. Cloud, MN
St. Louis, MO-IL (Calhoun County, IL not in sample)
Salem, OR
Salinas, CA
Salisbury, MD
Salt Lake City, UT (Toole County not in sample)
San Antonio, TX
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA
Santa Fe, NM
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL
Savannah, GA
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA
Sioux Falls, SD
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI (Michigan portion not identified)
Spartanburg, SC
Spokane, WA
Springfield, IL
Springfield, MO (Dallas and Polk Counties not in sample)
Springfield, OH
Stockton, CA
Syracuse, NY
Tallahassee, FL
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL
Toledo, OH (Ottawa County not in sample)
Topeka, KS (Jackson and Jefferson Counties not in sample)
Trenton-Ewing, NJ
Tucson, AZ
Tulsa, OK (Okmulgee County not in sample)
Tuscaloosa, AL (Greene and Hale Counties not in sample)

\section*{METROPOLITAN (CBSA) TITLE}
\begin{tabular}{ll}
46540 & Utica-Rome, NY \\
46660 & Valdosta, GA (Lanier County not in sample) \\
46700 & Vallejo-Fairfield, CA \\
46940 & Vero Beach, FL \\
47020 & Victoria, TX \\
47220 & Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ \\
47260 & Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC (North Carolina portion \\
47300 & not identified) \\
47380 & Visalia-Porterville, CA \\
47580 & Waco, TX \\
47900 & Warner Robins, GA \\
& Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV (West Virginia portion \\
47940 & not identified. Reston central city recoded to balance of metropolitan.) \\
48140 & Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA (Grundy County not in sample) \\
48620 & Wausau, WI \\
49180 & Wichita, KS \\
49420 & Winston-Salem, NC \\
49620 & Yakima, WA \\
49660 & York-Hanover, PA \\
70750 & Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA (PA portion not in sample) \\
70900 & Bangor, ME \\
71650 & Barnstable Town, MA \\
71950 & Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH \\
72400 & Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT \\
72850 & Burlington-South Burlington, VT \\
73450 & Danbury, CT \\
74500 & Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT \\
75700 & Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner, MA \\
76450 & New Haven, CT \\
76750 & Norwich-New London, CT-RI (RI portion recoded to Providence NECTA) \\
77200 & Portland-South Portland, ME \\
77350 & Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA \\
78100 & Rochester-Dover, NH-ME (Maine portion not identified) \\
78700 & Springfield, MA-CT (Connecticut portion not identified) \\
79600 & Waterbury, CT \\
& Worcester, MA-CT (Connecticut portion not identified) \\
&
\end{tabular}

\section*{LIST 2: FIPS CONSOLIDATED STATISTICAL AREA (CSA) CODES (GTCSA)}

The following CSA's (Combined Statistical Areas) contain 2 or more Metropolitan Statistical Areas that are in the CPS sample and are individually identified on the public use files. Micropolitan Statistical Areas are not specifically identified in the CPS and are not used to identify CSA's nor are parts of such areas coded as belonging to CSA's. The component CBSA's identified on the CPS Public Use Files are listed for each CSA. See the component CBSA listing for any notes concerning the areas in sample and identified on the files.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline CSA & CBSA & CSA Title \\
\hline Code & Code & Component Parts (CBSA's) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{118} & & Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI \\
\hline & 11540 & Appleton, WI \\
\hline & 36780 & Oshkosh-Neenah, WI \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{176} & & Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City, IL-IN-WI (part) \\
\hline & 16980 & Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI \\
\hline & 28100 & Kankakee-Bradley, IL \\
\hline & 33140 & Michigan City-LaPorte, IN \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{184} & & Cleveland-Akron-Elyria, OH (part) \\
\hline & 10420 & Akron, OH \\
\hline & 17460 & Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{212} & & Dayton-Springfield-Greenville, OH (part) \\
\hline & 19380 & Dayton, OH \\
\hline & 44220 & Springfield, OH \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{216} & & Denver-Aurora-Boulder, CO \\
\hline & 14500 & Boulder, CO \\
\hline & 19740 & Denver-Aurora, CO \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{220} & & Detroit-Warren-Flint, MI \\
\hline & 11460 & Ann Arbor, MI \\
\hline & 19820 & Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI \\
\hline & 22420 & Flint, MI \\
\hline & 33780 & Monroe, MI \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{260} & & Fresno-Madera, CA \\
\hline & 23420 & Fresno, CA \\
\hline & 31460 & Madera, CA \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{266} & & Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI (part) \\
\hline & 24340 & Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI \\
\hline & 26100 & Holland-Grand Haven, MI \\
\hline & 34740 & Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline CSA & CBSA & CSA Title \\
\hline Code & Code & Component Parts (CBSA's) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{268} & & Greensboro--Winston-Salem-High Point, NC (part) \\
\hline & 24660 & Greensboro-High Point, NC \\
\hline & 49180 & Winston-Salem, NC \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{272} & & Greenville-Anderson-Seneca, SC (part) \\
\hline & 11340 & Anderson, SC \\
\hline & 24860 & Greenville, SC \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{290} & & Huntsville-Decatur, AL \\
\hline & 19460 & Decatur, AL, \\
\hline & 26620 & Huntsville, AL \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{294} & & Indianapolis-Anderson-Columbus, IN (part) \\
\hline & 11300 & Anderson, IN \\
\hline & 26900 & Indianapolis, IN \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{304} & & Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA (part) \\
\hline & 27740 & Johnson City, TN \\
\hline & 28700 & Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{348} & & Los Angeles-Long Beach-Riverside, CA \\
\hline & 31100 & Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA \\
\hline & 37100 & Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA \\
\hline & 40140 & Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{356} & & Macon-Warner Robins-Fort Valley, GA (part) \\
\hline & 31420 & Macon, GA \\
\hline & 47580 & Warner Robins, GA \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{376} & & Milwaukee-Racine-Waukesha, WI \\
\hline & 33340 & Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI \\
\hline & 39540 & Racine, WI \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{378} & & Minneapolis-St. Paul-St. Cloud, MN-WI (part) \\
\hline & 33460 & Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI \\
\hline & 41060 & St. Cloud, MN \\
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{408} & & New York-Newark-Bridgeport, NY-NJ-CT-PA (part) \\
\hline & 71950 & Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT NECTA* \\
\hline & 28740 & Kingston, NY \\
\hline & 75700 & New Haven, CT NECTA* \\
\hline & 35620 & New York-Newark-Edison, NY-NJ-PA \\
\hline & 39100 & Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY \\
\hline & 45940 & Trenton-Ewing, NJ \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{428} & & Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland, PA-NJ-DE-MD (part) \\
\hline & 37980 & Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD \\
\hline & 47220 & Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline CSA & CBSA & CSA Title \\
\hline Code & Code & Component Parts (CBSA's) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{450} & & Raleigh-Durham-Cary, NC (part) \\
\hline & 20500 & Durham, NC \\
\hline & 39580 & Raleigh-Cary, NC \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{482} & & Salt Lake City-Ogden-Clearfield, UT (part) \\
\hline & 36260 & Ogden-Clearfield, UT \\
\hline & 41620 & Salt Lake City, UT \\
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{488} & & San Jose-San Francisco-Oakland, CA \\
\hline & 34900 & Napa, CA \\
\hline & 41860 & San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA \\
\hline & 41949 & San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA \\
\hline & 42100 & Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA \\
\hline & 42220 & Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA \\
\hline & 46700 & Vallejo-Fairfield, CA \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{500} & & Seattle-Tacoma-Olympia, WA part \\
\hline & 14740 & Bremerton-Silverdale, WA \\
\hline & 36500 & Olympia, WA \\
\hline & 42660 & Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{548} & & Washington-Baltimore-Northern Virginia, DC-MD-VA-WV (part) \\
\hline & 12580 & Baltimore-Towson, MD \\
\hline & 47900 & Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV \\
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{715} & & Boston-Worcester-Manchester, MA-NH-CT-ME (part) (The \\
\hline & & Manchester, NH and Portsmouth, NH-ME NECTA's are not individually identified on the files, but these records are coded as being in the \\
\hline & & Combined New England City and Town Areas (CNECTA). The \\
\hline & & Connecticut and Maine portions of this CNECTA are not identified.) \\
\hline & 71650 & Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH NECTA \\
\hline & 74500 & Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner, MA NECTA \\
\hline & 79600 & Worcester, MA-CT NECTA \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{720} & & Bridgeport-New Haven-Stamford, CT \\
\hline & 71950 & Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT NECTA* \\
\hline & 72850 & Danbury, CT NECTA \\
\hline & 75700 & New Haven, CT NECTA* \\
\hline & 78700 & Waterbury, CT NECTA \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* These 2 NECTA's appear in both the New York City CSA (using the county based CBSA definitions) and the Bridgeport-New Haven-Stamford CNECTA (using the NECTA definitions). They are coded on the public use file in the GTCSA field as being in the Bridgeport-New Haven-Stamford CNECTA. If you want to add them to the New York City CSA, you'll need to add them in using the appropriate GTCBSA codes.
}

\section*{LIST 3: INDIVIDUAL PRINCIPAL CITIES}

Please Note: You must use the CBSA code in combination with the city code to uniquely identify principal cities. If a county name is provided, you must incorporate the county code into any algorithm used to tabulate a specific city's characteristics. The same applies to state codes for multi-state CBSA's.

CBSA
Code

38060

31100

37100

40140

40900

41740

Title
City
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ
Phoenix 1
Mesa 2
Scottsdale 3
Tempe 4

Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA
Los Angeles County
Los Angeles 1
Long Beach 2
Glendale 3
Pomona 4
Torrance 5
Pasadena 6
Burbank 7
Orange County
Santa Ana 1
Anaheim 2
Irvine 3
Orange 4
Fullerton 5
Costa Mesa 6
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA
Oxnard
1
Thousand Oaks 2
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA
Riverside
San Bernardino 2
Ontario
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA Sacramento

San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA
San Diego
1

CBSA Code

Title
City

\section*{GTINDVPC}

San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA
San Francisco County
San Francisco Alameda County Oakland 1 Fremont 2 Hayward 3 Berkeley 4

San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA
San Jose
1
Sunnyvale 2
Santa Clara
3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT
Bridgeport 1
Stamford 2
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT Hartford

Denver-Aurora, CO
Denver
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL
Broward County
Fort Lauderdale 1
Miami-Dade County Miami

Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL
Pinellas County
St. Petersburg
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA
Atlanta
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI
Chicago
Naperville 2
Joliet 3
Kansas City, MO-KS
Kansas portion
Kansas City

New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA
New Orleans

CBSA Code

Title
City
GTINDVPC
\(\begin{array}{cr}\text { Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH } \\ \text { Massachusetts portion } & \\ \text { Boston } & 1 \\ \text { Cambridge } & 2\end{array}\)

Macomb County
Warren
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Minneapolis

Las Vegas-Paradise, NV
Las Vegas
Paradise
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA New Jersey portion Newark

Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY
Buffalo
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC
Charlotte
Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA
Rhode Island portion
Providence
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX
Dallas
Fort Worth 2
Carrollton
Plano 4
Irving 5
Arlington 6
Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX
Houston
McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX
McAllen

1
2

1
2

1 3

CBSA Code

Title
City
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC Virginia portion Virginia Beach 1 Norfolk 2
Newport News 3
Hampton 4
Portsmouth 5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV
Virginia portion only
Arlington
1
Alexandria 2
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA
Seattle
1
Tacoma 2
Bellevue 3
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI
Milwaukee
1

\section*{LIST 4: FIPS COUNTY CODES}

Please note that these county codes must be used in conjunction with state codes to create unique county identifiers as county codes start with 001 in each state.

FIPS

County Code
1
003
015
073
097
117

\section*{County}

Name
State

\section*{Alabama}

Baldwin*
Calhoun
Jefferson
Mobile
Shelby

Cochise*
Maricopa
Mohave*
Pima
Pinal
Yavapai

\section*{Arkansas}

Pulaski

\section*{California}

Alameda
Butte
El Dorado
Fresno
Imperial
Kern
Los Angeles
Madera
Merced
Monterey
Napa
Orange
Placer
Riverside
Sacramento
San Bernardino
San Diego
San Francisco
San Joaquin
San Luis Obispo

\section*{Arizona}
-

County
Code

081
083
087
095
097
099
107
111
113

District of Columbia

\section*{Florida}

Alachua
Bay
Brevard
Broward
Charlotte
Clay
Collier
Escambia
Hernando
Hillsborough
Indian River
Lake
Lee
Marion
Miami-Dade
Okaloosa
Orange

\section*{Colorado}

Boulder
Denver
Douglas
Jefferson
Larimer
Pueblo
Weld

\section*{Delaware}

Kent
New Castle
Sussex*

\section*{District of Columbia}


County
Name State

San Mateo
Santa Barbara
Santa Cruz
Solano
Sonoma
Stanislaus
Tulare
Ventura
Yolo

County
Code

097
099
101
103
105
109
113
117
127

057
063
135
151
153

001

County
Name

Osceola
Palm Beach
Pasco
Pinellas
Polk
St. Johns
Santa Rosa
Seminole
Volusia

\section*{Georgia}

Cherokee
Clayton
Gwinnett
Henry
Houston
Hawaii
Hawaii*
Honolulu

\section*{Idaho \\ Idaho}

Kootenai

\section*{Illinois}

Kankakee
LaSalle
McHenry
McLean
Macon
Madison
St. Clair
Tazewell
Indiana
Hamilton
Hendricks
Johnson
Kosciusko
Lake
LaPorte
Madison
St. Joseph
State
\(\square\)

County
Name

Iowa
Johnson
Linn
Polk
Scott

\section*{Kansas}

Douglas
Sedgwick

\section*{Kentucky \\ Kentucky}

Fayette
Jefferson
Kenton

\section*{Louisiana}

Calcasieu
East Baton Rouge
Jefferson
Orleans
St. Tammany

\section*{Maine}

Kennebec

\section*{Maryland}

Anne Arundel
Carroll
Charles
Harford
Howard
Prince Georges
Washington
Michigan
Allegan*
Berrien
Genesee
Jackson
Kent
Macomb
Monroe
Muskegon
State

正

Michigan

County
Code

County
Name

Oakland
Ottawa
Saginaw
St. Clair
Washtenaw
Wayne

\section*{Minnesota}

Anoka
Dakota
Ramsey
St. Louis
Washington

\section*{Missouri}

Boone
Jefferson
St. Louis

\section*{Montana}

Yellowstone

\section*{Nebraska}

Sarpy

\section*{Nevada \\ Nevada}

Clark

\section*{New Jersey}

Atlantic
Bergen
Burlington
Camden
Cape May
Cumberland
Essex
Hudson
Hunterdon
Mercer
Monmouth
Morris
Ocean
Somerset
State

品
-

County
Code

037
041

001
013
045
049

005
013
027
047
055
059
061
067
069
071
081
085
103
111

County
Name

Sussex
Warren

\section*{New Mexico}

Bernalillo
Dona Ana
San Juan
Santa Fe

\section*{New York}

Bronx
Chautauqua*
Dutchess
Kings
Monroe
Nassau
New York
Onondaga
Ontario
Orange
Queens
Richmond
Suffolk
Ulster
Westchester

\section*{North Carolina}

Davidson*
Forsyth
Iredell*
Mecklenburg
Onslow
Robeson*
Union
Wake

\section*{North Dakota}

Cass

\section*{Ohio}

Clark
Clermont
Columbiana*
Cuyahoga
State

\section*{Nor}

County
Code

041
045
049
089
095
103
133
153
165
169

County
Name

Delaware
Fairfield
Franklin
Licking
Lucas
Medina
Portage
Summit
Warren
Wayne*

\section*{Oklahoma}

Comanche

\section*{Oregon}

Deschutes
Jackson
Lane
Linn*

\section*{Pennsylvania}

Allegheny
Beaver
Blair
Berks
Bucks
Butler
Cambria
Chester
Dauphin
Delaware
Erie
Franklin*
Lancaster
Monroe*
Montgomery
Philadelphia
Washington
Westmoreland
York

\section*{South Carolina}

Anderson
Greenville
Horry
State

County

Name

Lexington
Richland
Spartanburg
York

\section*{Tennessee}

Knox
Sumner
Williamson

\section*{Texas}

Bexar
Brazoria
Cameron
Ellis
El Paso
Gregg
Hidalgo
Johnson
Lubbock
McLennan
Midland
Potter
Randall
Tarrant
Webb

\section*{Utah}

Utah

\section*{Virginia}

Arlington
Chesterfield
Fairfax
Henrico
Loudoun
Prince William
Alexandria City
Chesapeake City
Hampton City
Newport News City
Norfolk City
Portsmouth City
Richmond City
Virginia Beach City
State

County
Name State

\section*{Washington}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
033 & King & \\
035 & Kitsap & \\
063 & Spokane & \\
067 & Thurston & \\
073 & Whatcom & \\
077 & Yakima & \\
& & Wisconsin \\
& & \\
063 & La Crosse & \\
073 & Marathon & \\
101 & Racine & \\
105 & Rock & \\
139 & Winnebago &
\end{tabular}
* Counties marked with an asterisk (*) are also single county Micropolitan Statistical Areas. They are not otherwise identified on the files. A list of such areas on the file is as follows:
\begin{tabular}{llll}
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
CBSA \\
Code
\end{tabular} & Title & \begin{tabular}{l} 
County \\
Name
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
County \\
Code
\end{tabular} \\
10540 & & & \\
10880 & Albany-Lebanon, OR & Linn & 043 \\
16540 & Allegan, MI & Allegan & 005 \\
19300 & Chambersburg, PA & Franklin & 055 \\
20620 & Daphne-Fairhope, AL & Baldwin & 003 \\
20700 & East Stroudsborg, PA, OH & Columbiana & 029 \\
25900 & Hilo, HI & Monroe & 089 \\
27460 & Jamestown-Dunkirk-Fredonia, NY & Hawaii & 001 \\
29420 & Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ & Chautauqua & 013 \\
30540 & Lexington-Thomasville, NC & Mohave & 015 \\
31300 & Lumberton, NC & Davidson & 057 \\
42580 & Seaford, DE & Robeson & 155 \\
43420 & Sierra Vista-Douglas, AZ & Sussex & 005 \\
44380 & Statesville-Mooresville, NC & Cochise & 003 \\
49300 & Wooster, OH & Iredell & 097 \\
& & Wayne & 169
\end{tabular}

\section*{APPENDIX F}

\section*{Topcoding of Usual Hourly Earnings}

This variable will be topcoded based on an individual's usual hours worked variable, if the individual's edited usual weekly earnings variable is \(\$ 999\). The topcode is computed such
that the product of usual hours times usual hourly wage does not exceed an annualized wage of \(\$ 150,000\) ( \(\$ 2,885.00\) per week). Below is a list of the appropriate topcodes.
\begin{tabular}{clcc} 
Hours & Topcode & Hours & Topcode \\
& & & \\
1 & None & 34 & \(\$ 84.85\) \\
2 & None & 35 & \(\$ 82.43\) \\
3 & None & 36 & \(\$ 80.14\) \\
4 & None & 37 & \(\$ 77.97\) \\
5 & None & 38 & \(\$ 75.92\) \\
6 & None & 39 & \(\$ 73.97\) \\
7 & None & 40 & \(\$ 72.13\) \\
8 & None & 41 & \(\$ 70.37\) \\
9 & None & 42 & \(\$ 68.69\) \\
10 & None & 43 & \(\$ 67.09\) \\
11 & None & 44 & \(\$ 65.57\) \\
12 & None & 45 & \(\$ 64.11\) \\
13 & None & 46 & \(\$ 62.72\) \\
14 & None & 47 & \(\$ 61.38\) \\
15 & None & 48 & \(\$ 60.10\) \\
16 & None & 49 & \(\$ 58.88\) \\
17 & None & 50 & \(\$ 57.70\) \\
18 & None & 51 & \(\$ 56.57\) \\
19 & None & 52 & \(\$ 55.48\) \\
20 & None & 53 & \(\$ 54.43\) \\
21 & None & 54 & \(\$ 53.43\) \\
22 & None & 55 & \(\$ 52.45\) \\
23 & None & 56 & \(\$ 51.52\) \\
24 & None & 57 & \(\$ 50.61\) \\
25 & None & 58 & \(\$ 49.74\) \\
26 & None & 59 & \(\$ 48.90\) \\
27 & None & 60 & \(\$ 48.08\) \\
28 & None & 61 & \(\$ 47.30\) \\
29 & \(\$ 99.48\) & 62 & \(\$ 46.53\) \\
30 & \(\$ 96.17\) & 63 & \(\$ 45.79\) \\
31 & \(\$ 93.06\) & 64 & \(\$ 45.08\) \\
32 & \(\$ 90.16\) & 65 & \(\$ 44.38\) \\
33 & \(\$ 87.42\) & 66 & \(\$ 43.71\)
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{cccc} 
Hours & Topcode & Hours & Topcode \\
& & & \\
67 & \(\$ 43.06\) & 84 & \(\$ 34.35\) \\
68 & \(\$ 42.43\) & 85 & \(\$ 33.94\) \\
69 & \(\$ 41.81\) & 86 & \(\$ 33.55\) \\
70 & \(\$ 41.21\) & 87 & \(\$ 33.16\) \\
71 & \(\$ 40.63\) & 88 & \(\$ 32.78\) \\
72 & \(\$ 40.07\) & 89 & \(\$ 32.42\) \\
73 & \(\$ 39.52\) & 90 & \(\$ 32.06\) \\
74 & \(\$ 38.99\) & 91 & \(\$ 31.70\) \\
75 & \(\$ 38.47\) & 92 & \(\$ 31.36\) \\
76 & \(\$ 37.96\) & 93 & \(\$ 31.02\) \\
77 & \(\$ 37.47\) & 94 & \(\$ 30.69\) \\
78 & \(\$ 36.99\) & 95 & \(\$ 30.37\) \\
79 & \(\$ 36.52\) & 96 & \(\$ 30.05\) \\
80 & \(\$ 36.06\) & 97 & \(\$ 29.74\) \\
81 & \(\$ 35.62\) & 98 & \(\$ 29.44\) \\
82 & \(\$ 35.18\) & 99 & \(\$ 29.14\) \\
83 & \(\$ 34.76\) & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{APPENDIX G}

\author{
Source of the Data and Accuracy of the Estimates for the 2012 Annual Social and Economic Supplement Microdata File
}

\section*{SOURCE OF THE DATA}

The data in this microdata file are from the 2012 Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) of the Current Population Survey (CPS). The U.S. Census Bureau conducts the ASEC over a 3-month period in February, March, and April, with most of the data collection occurring in the month of March. The ASEC uses two sets of questions, the basic CPS and a set of supplemental questions. The CPS, sponsored jointly by the Census Bureau and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is the country's primary source of labor force statistics for the entire population. The Census Bureau and the Bureau of Labor Statistics also jointly sponsor the ASEC.

Basic CPS. The monthly CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutionalized population living in the United States. The institutionalized population, which is excluded from the population universe, is composed primarily of the population in correctional institutions and nursing homes ( 91 percent of the 4.1 million institutionalized people in Census 2000). Interviewers ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 15 years old and over in sample households. Typically, the week containing the nineteenth of the month is the interview week. The week containing the twelfth is the reference week (i.e., the week about which the labor force questions are asked).

The CPS uses a multistage probability sample based on the results of the decennial census, with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The sample is continually updated to account for new residential construction. When files from the most recent decennial census become available, the Census Bureau gradually introduces a new sample design for the CPS.

In April 2004, the Census Bureau began phasing out the 1990 sample \(^{1}\) and replacing it with the 2000 sample, creating a mixed sampling frame. Two simultaneous changes occurred during this phase-in period. First, primary sampling units (PSUs) \({ }^{2}\) selected for only the 2000 design gradually replaced those selected for the 1990 design. This involved 10 percent of the sample. Second, within PSUs selected for both the 1990 and 2000 designs, sample households from the 2000 design gradually replaced sample households from the 1990 design. This involved about 90 percent of the sample. The new sample design was completely implemented by July 2005.

In the first stage of the sampling process, PSUs are selected for sample. The United States is divided into 2,025 PSUs. The PSUs were redefined for this design to correspond to the Office of Management and Budget definitions of Core-Based Statistical Area definitions and to improve

\footnotetext{
1 For detailed information on the 2000 sample redesign, please see reference [1].
2 The PSUs correspond to substate areas (i.e., counties or groups of counties) that are geographically contiguous.
}
efficiency in field operations. These PSUs are grouped into 824 strata. Within each stratum, a single PSU is chosen for the sample, with its probability of selection proportional to its population as of the most recent decennial census. This PSU represents the entire stratum from which it was selected. In the case of strata consisting of only one PSU, the PSU is chosen with certainty.

Approximately 72,000 housing units were selected for sample from the sampling frame for the basic CPS. Based on eligibility criteria, 12 percent of these housing units were sent directly to computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI). The remaining units were assigned to interviewers for computer-assisted personal interviewing (CAPI). \({ }^{3}\) Of all housing units in sample, about 59,100 were determined to be eligible for interview. Interviewers obtained interviews at about 53,300 of these units. Noninterviews occur when the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason. Table 1 summarizes historical changes in the CPS design.

\footnotetext{
3 For further information on CATI and CAPI and the eligibility criteria, please see reference [2].
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Time period} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Number of sample PSUs} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(\underline{\text { Basic CPS housing units eligible }}\)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
\frac{\text { Total (ASEC/ADS }{ }^{1}+\text { basic CPS) }}{\text { housing units eligible }}
\]} \\
\hline & & Interviewed & Not interviewed & Interviewed & Not interviewed \\
\hline 2012 & 824 & 53,300 & 5,800 & 75,100 & 7,200 \\
\hline 2011 & 824 & 53,400 & 5,300 & 75,900 & 6,500 \\
\hline 2010 & 824 & 54,100 & 4,600 & 77,000 & 5,700 \\
\hline 2009 & 824 & 54,100 & 4,600 & 76,200 & 5,700 \\
\hline 2008 & 824 & 53,800 & 5,100 & 75,900 & 6,400 \\
\hline 2007 & 824 & 53,700 & 5,600 & 75,500 & 7,100 \\
\hline 2006 & 824 & 54,000 & 5,400 & 76,000 & 7,100 \\
\hline 2005 & 754/824 \({ }^{2}\) & 54,400 & 5,700 & 76,500 & 7,500 \\
\hline 2004 & 754 & 55,000 & 5,200 & 77,700 & 7,000 \\
\hline 2003 & 754 & 55,500 & 4,500 & 78,300 & 6,800 \\
\hline 2002 & 754 & 55,500 & 4,500 & 78,300 & 6,600 \\
\hline 2001 & 754 & 46,800 & 3,200 & 49,600 & 4,300 \\
\hline 2000 & 754 & 46,800 & 3,200 & 51,000 & 3,700 \\
\hline 1999 & 754 & 46,800 & 3,200 & 50,800 & 4,300 \\
\hline 1998 & 754 & 46,800 & 3,200 & 50,400 & 5,200 \\
\hline 1997 & 754 & 46,800 & 3,200 & 50,300 & 3,900 \\
\hline 1996 & 754 & 46,800 & 3,200 & 49,700 & 4,100 \\
\hline 1995 & 792 & 56,700 & 3,300 & 59,200 & 3,800 \\
\hline 1990 to 1994 & 729 & 57,400 & 2,600 & 59,900 & 3,100 \\
\hline 1989 & 729 & 53,600 & 2,500 & 56,100 & 3,000 \\
\hline 1986 to 1988 & 729 & 57,000 & 2,500 & 59,500 & 3,000 \\
\hline 1985 & 629/729 \({ }^{3}\) & 57,000 & 2,500 & 59,500 & 3,000 \\
\hline 1982 to 1984 & 629 & 59,000 & 2,500 & 61,500 & 3,000 \\
\hline 1980 to 1981 & 629 & 65,500 & 3,000 & 68,000 & 3,500 \\
\hline 1977 to 1979 & 614 & 55,000 & 3,000 & 58,000 & 3,500 \\
\hline 1976 & 624 & 46,500 & 2,500 & 49,000 & 3,000 \\
\hline 1973 to 1975 & 461 & 46,500 & 2,500 & 49,000 & 3,000 \\
\hline 1972 & 449/461 \({ }^{4}\) & 45,000 & 2,000 & 45,000 & 2,000 \\
\hline 1967 to 1971 & 449 & 48,000 & 2,000 & 48,000 & 2,000 \\
\hline 1963 to 1966 & 357 & 33,400 & 1,200 & 33,400 & 1,200 \\
\hline 1960 to 1962 & 333 & 33,400 & 1,200 & 33,400 & 1,200 \\
\hline 1959 & 330 & 33,400 & 1,200 & 33,400 & 1,200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 The ASEC was referred to as the Annual Demographic Survey (ADS) until 2002.
2 The Census Bureau redesigned the CPS following the Census 2000. During phase-in of the new design, housing units from the new and old designs were in the sample.
3 The Census Bureau redesigned the CPS following the 1980 Decennial Census of Population and Housing.
4 The Census Bureau redesigned the CPS following the 1970 Decennial Census of Population and Housing.

The 2012 Annual Social and Economic Supplement. In addition to the basic CPS questions, interviewers asked supplementary questions for the ASEC. They asked these questions of the civilian noninstitutional population and also of military personnel who live in households with at least one other civilian adult. The additional questions covered the following topics:
- Household and family characteristics
- Marital status
- Geographic mobility
- Foreign-born population
- Income from the previous calendar year
- Poverty
- Work status/occupation
- Health insurance coverage
- Program participation
- Educational attainment

Including the basic CPS sample, approximately 96,700 housing units were in sample for the ASEC. About 82,300 housing units were determined to be eligible for interview, and about 75,100 interviews were obtained (see Table 1).

The additional sample for the ASEC provides more reliable data for Hispanic households, nonHispanic minority households, and non-Hispanic White households with children 18 years or younger. These households were identified for sample from previous months and the following April. For more information about the households eligible for the ASEC, please refer to reference [2].

Estimation Procedure. This survey's estimation procedure adjusts weighted sample results to agree with independently derived population estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States and each state (including the District of Columbia). These population estimates, used as controls for the CPS, are prepared monthly to agree with the most current set of population estimates that are released as part of the Census Bureau's population estimates and projections program.

The population controls for the nation are distributed by demographic characteristics in two ways:
- Age, sex, and race (White alone, Black alone, and all other groups combined).
- Age, sex, and Hispanic origin.

The population controls for the states are distributed by race (Black alone and all other race groups combined), age ( \(0-15,16-44\), and 45 and over), and sex.

The independent estimates by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, and for states by selected age groups and broad race categories, are developed using the basic demographic accounting formula whereby the population from the 2010 Decennial Census data is updated using data on the

The net international migration component in the population estimates includes a combination of the following:
- Legal migration to the United States.
- Emigration of foreign-born and native people from the United States.
- Net movement between the United States and Puerto Rico.
- Estimates of temporary migration.
- Estimates of net residual foreign-born population, which include unauthorized migration.

Because the latest available information on these components lags the survey date, it is necessary to make short-term projections of these components to develop the estimate for the survey date.

\section*{ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES}

A sample survey estimate has two types of error: sampling and nonsampling. The accuracy of an estimate depends on both types of error. The nature of the sampling error is known given the survey design; the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown.

Sampling Error. Since the CPS estimates come from a sample, they may differ from figures from an enumeration of the entire population using the same questionnaires, instructions, and enumerators. For a given estimator, the difference between an estimate based on a sample and the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population is known as sampling error. Standard errors, as calculated by methods described in "Standard Errors and Their Use," are primarily measures of the magnitude of sampling error. However, they may include some nonsampling error.

Nonsampling Error. For a given estimator, the difference between the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population and the true population value being estimated is known as nonsampling error. There are several sources of nonsampling error that may occur during the development or execution of the survey. It can occur because of circumstances created by the interviewer, the respondent, the survey instrument, or the way the data are collected and processed. For example, errors could occur because:
- The interviewer records the wrong answer, the respondent provides incorrect information, the respondent estimates the requested information, or an unclear survey question is misunderstood by the respondent (measurement error).
- Some individuals who should have been included in the survey frame were missed (coverage error).
- Responses are not collected from all those in the sample or the respondent is unwilling to provide information (nonresponse error).
- Values are estimated imprecisely for missing data (imputation error).
- Forms may be lost, data may be incorrectly keyed, coded, or recoded, etc. (processing error).

To minimize these errors, the Census Bureau applies quality control procedures during all stages of the production process including the design of the survey, the wording of questions, the review of the work of interviewers and coders, and the statistical review of reports.

Two types of nonsampling error that can be examined to a limited extent are nonresponse and undercoverage.

Nonresponse. The effect of nonresponse cannot be measured directly, but one indication of its potential effect is the nonresponse rate. For the cases eligible for the 2012 ASEC, the basic CPS household-level nonresponse rate was 9.83 percent. The household-level nonresponse rate for the ASEC was an additional 10.4 percent. These two non-response rates lead to a combined supplement nonresponse rate of 19.2 percent.

Coverage. The concept of coverage in the survey sampling process is the extent to which the total population that could be selected for sample "covers" the survey's target population. Missed housing units and missed people within sample households create undercoverage in the CPS. Overall CPS undercoverage for March 2012 is estimated to be about 14.0 percent. CPS coverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, coverage is larger for females than for males and larger for non-Blacks than for Blacks. This differential coverage is a general problem for most household-based surveys.

The CPS weighting procedure partially corrects for bias from undercoverage, but biases may still be present when people who are missed by the survey differ from those interviewed in ways other than age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and state of residence. How this weighting procedure affects other variables in the survey is not precisely known. All of these considerations affect comparisons across different surveys or data sources.

A common measure of survey coverage is the coverage ratio, calculated as the estimated population before poststratification divided by the independent population control. Table 2 shows March 2012 CPS coverage ratios by age and sex for certain race and Hispanic groups. The CPS coverage ratios can exhibit some variability from month to month.

Table 2. CPS Coverage Ratios: March 2012
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Age group} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Total} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{White only} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Black only} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Residual race} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Hispanic} \\
\hline & All people & Male & Female & Male & Female & Male & Female & Male & Female & Male & Female \\
\hline 0-15 & 0.86 & 0.86 & 0.85 & 0.89 & 0.88 & 0.80 & 0.78 & 0.79 & 0.77 & 0.80 & 0.83 \\
\hline 16-19 & 0.84 & 0.83 & 0.85 & 0.86 & 0.86 & 0.78 & 0.79 & 0.72 & 0.84 & 0.80 & 0.83 \\
\hline 20-24 & 0.72 & 0.70 & 0.75 & 0.71 & 0.77 & 0.62 & 0.69 & 0.74 & 0.67 & 0.66 & 0.74 \\
\hline 25-34 & 0.83 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.83 & 0.88 & 0.69 & 0.76 & 0.72 & 0.76 & 0.72 & 0.82 \\
\hline 35-44 & 0.88 & 0.85 & 0.90 & 0.88 & 0.92 & 0.74 & 0.79 & 0.80 & 0.84 & 0.81 & 0.88 \\
\hline 45-54 & 0.88 & 0.87 & 0.89 & 0.88 & 0.91 & 0.75 & 0.82 & 0.87 & 0.87 & 0.80 & 0.85 \\
\hline 55-64 & 0.90 & 0.90 & 0.90 & 0.91 & 0.90 & 0.84 & 0.90 & 0.82 & 0.80 & 0.87 & 0.88 \\
\hline 65+ & 0.90 & 0.91 & 0.90 & 0.91 & 0.90 & 0.92 & 0.89 & 0.83 & 0.90 & 0.80 & 0.78 \\
\hline 15+ & 0.86 & 0.85 & 0.87 & 0.87 & 0.89 & 0.76 & 0.81 & 0.79 & 0.81 & 0.77 & 0.83 \\
\hline 0+ & 0.86 & 0.85 & 0.87 & 0.87 & 0.89 & 0.77 & 0.80 & 0.79 & 0.80 & 0.78 & 0.83 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Notes: (1) The Residual race group includes cases indicating a single race other than White or Black, and cases indicating two or more races.
(2) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.

Comparability of Data. Data obtained from the CPS and other sources are not entirely comparable. This results from differences in interviewer training and experience and in differing survey processes. This is an example of nonsampling variability not reflected in the standard errors. Therefore, caution should be used when comparing results from different sources.

Data users should be careful when comparing the data from this microdata file, which reflects Census 2010-based controls, with microdata files from January 2003 through December 2011, which reflect 2000 census-based controls. Ideally, the same population controls should be used when comparing any estimates. In reality, the use of the same population controls is not practical when comparing trend data over a period of 10 to 20 years. Thus, when it is necessary to combine or compare data based on different controls or different designs, data users should be aware that changes in weighting controls or weighting procedures can create small differences between estimates. See the discussion following for information on comparing estimates derived from different controls or different sample designs.

Microdata files from previous years reflect the latest available census-based controls. The most recent change in population controls had relatively little impact on summary measures such as averages, medians, and levels. For example, use of Census 2010-based controls results in about a 0.2 percent increase from the 2000 census-based controls in the civilian noninstitutionalized population and in the number of families and households. However, these differences could be disproportionately greater for certain population subgroups than for the total population.

Users should also exercise caution because of changes caused by the phase-in of the Census 2000 files (see "Basic CPS"). During this time period, CPS data were collected from sample designs based on different censuses. Three features of the new CPS design have the potential of affecting published estimates: (1) the temporary disruption of the rotation pattern from August 2004 through June 2005 for a comparatively small portion of the sample, (2) the change in
sample areas, and (3) the introduction of the new Core-Based Statistical Areas (formerly called metropolitan areas). Most of the known effect on estimates during and after the sample redesign was the result of changing from 1990 to 2000 geographic definitions. Research has shown that the national-level estimates of the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan populations should not change appreciably because of the new sample design. However, users should still exercise caution when comparing metropolitan and nonmetropolitan estimates across years with a design change, especially at the state level.

Caution should also be used when comparing Hispanic estimates over time. No independent population control totals for people of Hispanic origin were used before 1985.

A Nonsampling Error Warning. Since the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown, one should be particularly careful when interpreting results based on small differences between estimates. The Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate information about nonsampling errors into their analyses, as nonsampling error could impact the conclusions drawn from the results. Caution should also be used when interpreting results based on a relatively small number of cases. Summary measures (such as medians and percentage distributions) probably do not reveal useful information when computed on a subpopulation smaller than 75,000.

For additional information on nonsampling error including the possible impact on CPS data when known, refer to references [2] and [3].

Estimation of Median Incomes. The Census Bureau has changed the methodology for computing median income over time. The Census Bureau has computed medians using either Pareto interpolation or linear interpolation. Currently, we are using linear interpolation to estimate all medians. Pareto interpolation assumes a decreasing density of population within an income interval, whereas linear interpolation assumes a constant density of population within an income interval. The Census Bureau calculated estimates of median income and associated standard errors for 1979 through 1987 using Pareto interpolation if the estimate was larger than \(\$ 20,000\) for people or \(\$ 40,000\) for families and households. This is because the width of the income interval containing the estimate is greater than \(\$ 2,500\).

We calculated estimates of median income and associated standard errors for 1976, 1977, and 1978 using Pareto interpolation if the estimate was larger than \(\$ 12,000\) for people or \(\$ 18,000\) for families and households. This is because the width of the income interval containing the estimate is greater than \(\$ 1,000\). All other estimates of median income and associated standard errors for 1976 through 2011 (2012 ASEC) and almost all of the estimates of median income and associated standard errors for 1975 and earlier were calculated using linear interpolation.

Thus, use caution when comparing median incomes above \(\$ 12,000\) for people or \(\$ 18,000\) for families and households for different years. Median incomes below those levels are more comparable from year to year since they have always been calculated using linear interpolation. For an indication of the comparability of medians calculated using Pareto interpolation with medians calculated using linear interpolation, see reference [5].

Standard Errors and Their Use. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimate that has a specified probability of containing the average result of all possible samples. For example, if all possible samples were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

A particular confidence interval may or may not contain the average estimate derived from all possible samples, but one can say with specified confidence that the interval includes the average estimate calculated from all possible samples.

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common type of hypothesis is that the population parameters are different. An example of this would be comparing the percentage of men who were part-time workers to the percentage of women who were part-time workers.

Tests may be performed at various levels of significance. A significance level is the probability of concluding that the characteristics are different when, in fact, they are the same. For example, to conclude that two characteristics are different at the 0.10 level of significance, the absolute value of the estimated difference between characteristics must be greater than or equal to 1.645 times the standard error of the difference.

The Census Bureau uses 90-percent confidence intervals and 0.10 levels of significance to determine statistical validity. Consult standard statistical textbooks for alternative criteria.

Estimating Standard Errors. The Census Bureau uses replication methods to estimate the standard errors of CPS estimates. These methods primarily measure the magnitude of sampling error. However, they do measure some effects of nonsampling error as well. They do not measure systematic biases in the data associated with nonsampling error. Bias is the average over all possible samples of the differences between the sample estimates and the true value.

There are two ways to calculate standard errors for the CPS ASEC 2012 microdata file. They are:
- Direct estimates created from replicate weighting methods;
- Generalized variance estimates created from generalized variance function parameters a and b .

While replicate weighting methods provide the most accurate variance estimates, this approach requires more computing resources and more expertise on the part of the user. The Generalized Variance Function (GVF) parameters provide a method of balancing accuracy with resource usage as well as a smoothing effect on standard error estimates across time. For more information on calculating direct estimates, see reference [6]. For more information on generalized variance estimates refer to the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.

Generalized Variance Parameters. While it is possible to compute and present an estimate of the standard error based on the survey data for each estimate in a report, there are a number of reasons why this is not done. A presentation of the individual standard errors would be of limited use, since one could not possibly predict all of the combinations of results that may be of interest to data users. Additionally, data users have access to CPS microdata files, and it is impossible to compute in advance the standard error for every estimate one might obtain from those data sets. Moreover, variance estimates are based on sample data and have variances of their own. Therefore, some methods of stabilizing these estimates of variance, for example, by generalizing or averaging over time, may be used to improve their reliability.

Experience has shown that certain groups of estimates have similar relationships between their variances and expected values. Modeling or generalizing may provide more stable variance estimates by taking advantage of these similarities. The generalized variance function is a simple model that expresses the variance as a function of the expected value of the survey estimate. The parameters of the generalized variance function are estimated using direct replicate variances. These generalized variance parameters provide a relatively easy method to obtain approximate standard errors for numerous characteristics. In this source and accuracy statement, Table 4 provides the generalized variance parameters for labor force estimates, and Table 5 provides generalized variance parameters for characteristics from the 2012 ASEC supplement. Also, tables are provided that allow the calculation of parameters for prior years and parameters for states and regions. Table 6 provides factors to derive prior year parameters. Tables 7 and 8 contain correlation coefficients for comparing estimates from consecutive years. Tables 9 and 10 provide factors and population controls to derive state and regional parameters.

The basic CPS questionnaire records the race and ethnicity of each respondent. With respect to race, a respondent can be White, Black, Asian, American Indian and Alaskan Native (AIAN), Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI), or combinations of two or more of the preceding. A respondent's ethnicity can be Hispanic or non-Hispanic, regardless of race.

The generalized variance parameters to use in computing standard errors are dependent upon the race/ethnicity group of interest. Table 3 summarizes the relationship between the race/ethnicity group of interest and the generalized variance parameters to use in standard error calculations.

Table 3. Estimation Groups of Interest and Generalized Variance Parameters
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Race/ethnicity group of interest } & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Generalized variance parameters to \\
use in standard error calculations
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Total population & Total or White \\
\hline White alone, White AOIC, or White non-Hispanic population & Total or White \\
\hline Black alone, Black AOIC, or Black non-Hispanic population & Black \\
\hline Asian alone, Asian AOIC, or Asian non-Hispanic population & \multirow{2}{*}{ Asian, AIAN, NHOPI } \\
\hline AIAN alone, AIAN AOIC, or AIAN non-Hispanic population & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
NHOPI alone, NHOPI AOIC, or NHOPI non-Hispanic \\
population
\end{tabular} & Asian, AIAN, NHOPI \\
\hline Populations from other race groups & Hispanic \\
\hline Hispanic population & Black \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Two or more races - employment/unemployment and \\
educational attainment characteristics
\end{tabular} & Asian, AIAN, NHOPI \\
\hline Two or more races - all other characteristics & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Notes: (1) AIAN is American Indian and Alaska Native and NHOPI is Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.
(2) AOIC is an abbreviation for alone or in combination. The AOIC population for a race group of interest includes people reporting only the race group of interest (alone) and people reporting multiple race categories including the race group of interest (in combination).
(3) Hispanics may be any race.
(4) Two or more races refers to the group of cases self-classified as having two or more races.

Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers. The approximate standard error, \(s_{x}\), of an estimated number from this microdata file can be obtained by using the formula:
\[
\begin{equation*}
s_{x}=\sqrt{a x^{2}+b x} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
\]

Here \(x\) is the size of the estimate and \(a\) and \(b\) are the parameters in Table 4 or 5 associated with the particular type of characteristic. When calculating standard errors from cross-tabulations involving different characteristics, use the set of parameters for the characteristic that will give the largest standard error.

\section*{Illustration 1}

Suppose there were 5,780,000 unemployed females in the civilian labor force. Use Formula (1) and the appropriate parameters from Table 4 to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Illustration 1 } \\
\hline Number of unemployed females in the & \(5,780,000\) \\
\(\quad\) civilian labor force \((x)\) & -0.000031 \\
a parameter \((a)\) & 2,782 \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 123,000 \\
Standard error & \(5,578,000\) to \(5,982,000\) \\
\hline 90 -percent confidence interval &
\end{tabular}

The standard error is calculated as
\[
s_{x}=\sqrt{-0.000031 \times 5,780,000^{2}+2,782 \times 5,780,000}=123,000
\]
and the 90 -percent confidence interval is calculated as \(5,780,000 \pm 1.645 \times 123,000\).
A conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

\section*{Illustration 2}

Suppose there were \(58,949,000\) married-couple family households. Use Formula (1) and the appropriate parameters from Table 5 to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Illustration 2 } \\
\hline Number of married-couple family & \(58,949,000\) \\
\(\quad\) households \((x)\) & -0.000004 \\
a parameter \((a)\) & 1,052 \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 217,000 \\
Standard error & \(58,592,000\) to \(59,306,000\) \\
\hline 90 -percent confidence interval & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The standard error is calculated as
\[
s_{x}=\sqrt{-0.000004 \times 58,949,000^{2}+1,052 \times 58,949,000}=217,000
\]
and the 90 -percent confidence interval is calculated as \(58,949,000 \pm 1.645 \times 217,000\).
A conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on both the size of
the percentage and its base. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the parameter from Table 4 or 5 as indicated by the numerator.

The approximate standard error, \(s_{y, p}\), of an estimated percentage can be obtained by using the formula:
\[
\begin{equation*}
s_{y, p}=\sqrt{\frac{b}{y} p(100-p)} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
\]

Here \(y\) is the total number of people, families, households, or unrelated individuals in the base or denominator of the percentage, \(p\) is the percentage \(100^{*} x / y(0 \leq p \leq 100)\), and \(b\) is the parameter in Table 4 or 5 associated with the characteristic in the numerator of the percentage.

\section*{Illustration 3}

Suppose there were \(203,798,000\) out of \(234,719,000\) adults (aged 18 and older), or 86.8 percent, who graduated from high school. Use Formula (2) and the appropriate parameter from Table 5 to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Illustration 3 } \\
\hline Percentage of adults who are high school graduates \((p)\) & 86.8 \\
Base \((y)\) & \(234,719,000\) \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 1,206 \\
Standard error & 0.08 \\
90-percent confidence interval & 86.7 to 87.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The standard error is calculated as
\[
s_{y, p}=\sqrt{\frac{1,206}{234,719,000} \times 86.8 \times(100-86.8)}=0.08
\]

The 90-percent confidence interval of the percentage of adults who graduated from high school is calculated as \(86.8 \pm 1.645 \times 0.08\).

Standard Errors of Estimated Differences. The standard error of the difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to
\[
\begin{equation*}
s_{x_{1}-x_{2}}=\sqrt{s_{x_{1}}{ }^{2}+s_{x_{2}}{ }^{2}-2 r s_{x_{1}} s_{x_{2}}} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
\]
where \(s_{x 1}\) and \(s_{x 2}\) are the standard errors of the estimates, \(x_{1}\) and \(x_{2}\). The estimates can be numbers, percentages, ratios, etc. Tables 7 and 8 contain the correlation coefficient, \(r\), for CPS year-to-year comparisons. The correlations were derived for income, poverty, and health insurance estimates, but they can be used for other types of estimates where the year-to-year
correlation between identical households is high. For making other comparisons, assume that \(r\) equals zero. Making this assumption will result in accurate estimates of standard errors for the difference between two estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. However, if there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

\section*{Illustration 4}

Suppose there were 20,661,000 men over age 24 who were never married and 10,611,000 men over age 24 who were divorced. The apparent difference is \(10,050,000\). Use Formulas (1) and (3) with \(r=0\) and the appropriate parameters from Table 5 to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Illustration 4 } \\
\hline & Never married \(\left(x_{1}\right)\) & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Divorced \(\left(x_{2}\right)\)} & Difference \\
\hline Number of males & \(20,661,000\) & \(10,611,000\) & \(10,050,000\) \\
\(\quad\) over age 24 & -0.000009 & -0.000009 & - \\
a parameter \((a)\) & 2,652 & 2,652 & - \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 226,000 & 165,000 & 280,000 \\
Standard error & \(20,289,000\) to & \(10,340,00\) to & \(9,589,000\) to \\
90-percent & \(21,033,000\) & \(10,882,000\) & \(10,511,000\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The standard error of the difference is calculated as
\[
s_{x_{1}-x_{2}}=\sqrt{226,000^{2}+165,000^{2}}=280,000
\]

The 90-percent confidence interval around the difference is calculated as \(10,050,000 \pm 1.645 \times\) 280,000 . Since this interval does not include zero, we can conclude with 90 percent confidence that the number of never married men over age 24 was higher than the number of divorced men over age 24 .

\section*{Illustration 5}

Suppose that the percentage of people without health insurance coverage for 2011 was 15.7 percent out of \(308,827,000\) people, and the percentage of people without health insurance coverage for 2010 was 16.3 percent out of \(306,553,000\) people. The apparent difference is 0.6 percent. Use Formulas (2) and (3) and the appropriate parameter, factor, and correlation coefficient from Tables 5, 6, and 7 to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Illustration 5 } \\
\hline & \(2010\left(x_{1}\right)\) & \(2011\left(x_{2}\right)\) & Difference \\
\hline Percentage of people without & 16.3 & 15.7 & 0.6 \\
\(\quad\) health insurance \((p)\) & \(306,553,000\) & \(308,827,000\) & - \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Base
\end{tabular} & \(2,652^{*}\) & 2,652 & - \\
b parameter \((b)\) & - & - & 0.30 \\
Correlation coefficient \((r)\) & 0.11 & 0.11 & 0.13 \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Standard error \\
90-percent \\
\(\quad\) confidence interval
\end{tabular} & 16.1 to 16.5 & 15.5 to 15.9 & 0.4 to 0.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*This parameter is calculated by multiplying the year factor for 2009 from Table 6, 1.0, by the current \(b\) parameter.

The standard error of the difference is calculated as
\[
s_{x_{1}-x_{2}}=\sqrt{0.11^{2}+0.11^{2}-2 \times 0.30 \times 0.11 \times 0.11}=0.13
\]
and the 90-percent confidence interval around the difference is calculated as \(0.6 \pm 1.645 \times 0.13\). Since this interval does not include zero, we can conclude with 90 percent confidence that the percentage of people without health insurance in 2010 is statistically different than the percentage of people without health insurance in 2011.

Standard Errors of Estimated Ratios. Certain estimates may be calculated as the ratio of two numbers. Compute the standard error of a ratio, \(x / y\), using
\[
\begin{equation*}
s_{x / y}=\frac{x}{y} \sqrt{\left(\frac{s_{x}}{x}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{s_{y}}{y}\right)^{2}-2 r \frac{s_{x} s_{y}}{x y}} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
\]

The standard error of the numerator, \(s_{x}\), and that of the denominator, \(s_{y}\), may be calculated using formulas described earlier. In Formula (4), \(r\) represents the correlation between the numerator and the denominator of the estimate.

For one type of ratio, the denominator is a count of families or households and the numerator is a count of people in those families or households with a certain characteristic. If there is at least one person with the characteristic in every family or household, use 0.7 as an estimate of \(r\). An example of this type is the average number of children per family with children.

For all other types of ratios, \(r\) is assumed to be zero. Examples are the average number of children per family and the family poverty rate. If \(r\) is actually positive (negative), then this procedure will provide an overestimate (underestimate) of the standard error of the ratio.

Note: For estimates expressed as the ratio of \(x\) per \(100 y\) or \(x\) per \(1,000 y\), multiply Formula (4) by 100 or 1,000 , respectively, to obtain the standard error.

\section*{Illustration 6}

Suppose there were \(12,360,000\) males working part-time and 20,796,000 females working parttime. The ratio of males working part-time to females working part-time would be 0.594 , or 59.4 percent. Use Formulas (1) and (4) with \(r=0\) and the appropriate parameters from Table 4 to get
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Illustration 6} \\
\hline & Males ( \(x\) ) & Females (y) & Ratio \\
\hline Number who work parttime & 12,360,000 & 20,796,000 & 0.594 \\
\hline a parameter (a) & -0.000032 & -0.000031 & - \\
\hline b parameter (b) & 2,971 & 2,782 & - \\
\hline Standard error & 178,000 & 211,000 & 0.0105 \\
\hline 90-percent confidence interval & 12,067,000 to 12,653,000 & 20,449,000 to 21,143,000 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
0.577 \text { to } \\
0.611
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The standard error is calculated as
\[
s_{x / y}=\frac{12,360,000}{20,796,000} \sqrt{\left(\frac{178,000}{12,360,000}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{211,000}{20,796,000}\right)^{2}}=0.0105
\]
and the 90 -percent confidence interval is calculated as \(0.594 \pm 1.645 \times 0.0105\).

\section*{Illustration 7}

Suppose that the number of families below the poverty level was \(9,497,000\) and the total number of families was \(80,529,000\). The ratio of families below the poverty level to the total number of families would be 0.118 or 11.8 percent. Use the appropriate parameters from Table 5 and Formulas (1) and (4) with \(r=0\) to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Illustration 7 } \\
\hline & In poverty \((x)\) & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Total \((y)\)} & Ratio (in percent) \\
\hline Number of families & \(9,497,000\) & \(80,529,000\) & 11.8 \\
a parameter \((a)\) & 0.000052 & -0.000004 & - \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 1,243 & 1,052 & - \\
Standard error & 128,000 & 238,000 & 0.16 \\
90-percent confidence & \(9,286,000\) to & \(80,137,000\) to & 11.5 to 12.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Interval } & \(9,708,000\) & \(80,921,000\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The standard error is calculated as
\[
s_{x / y}=\frac{9,497,000}{80,529,000} \sqrt{\left(\frac{128,000}{9,497,000}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{238,000}{80,529,000}\right)^{2}}=0.0016=0.16 \%
\]
and the 90 -percent confidence interval of the percentage is calculated as \(11.8 \pm 1.645 \times 0.16\).

Standard Errors of Estimated Medians. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends on the form of the distribution and the size of the base. One can approximate the reliability of an estimated median by determining a confidence interval about it. (See "Standard Errors and Their Use" for a general discussion of confidence intervals.)

Estimate the 68-percent confidence limits of a median based on sample data using the following procedure:
1. Using Formula (2) and the base of the distribution, calculate the standard error of 50 percent.
2. Add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step 1. These two numbers are the percentage limits corresponding to the 68-percent confidence interval about the estimated median.
3. Using the distribution of the characteristic, determine upper and lower limits of the 68-percent confidence interval by calculating values corresponding to the two points established in step 2.

Note: The percentage limits found in step 2 may or may not fall in the same characteristic distribution interval.

Use the following formula to calculate the upper and lower limits:
\[
\begin{equation*}
X_{p}=\frac{p N-N_{1}}{N_{2}-N_{1}}\left(A_{2}-A_{1}\right)+A_{1} \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
\]
where
\[
\begin{aligned}
& X_{p}=\quad \begin{array}{l}
\text { estimated upper and lower bounds for the confidence interval } \\
(0 \leq p \leq 1) . \text { For purposes of calculating the confidence interval, } p \\
\text { takes on the values determined in step 2. Note that } X_{p} \text { estimates } \\
\text { the median when } p=0.50 .
\end{array} \\
& N=\quad \begin{array}{l}
\text { for distribution of numbers: the total number of units (people, } \\
\text { households, etc.) for the characteristic in the distribution. }
\end{array} \\
&=\quad \underline{\text { for distribution of percentages: the value } 100 .} \\
& p=\quad \text { the values obtained in Step 2. }
\end{aligned}
\]
(people, households, etc.) with values of the characteristic less than or equal to \(A_{1}\) and \(A_{2}\), respectively.
\(=\quad\) for distribution of percentages: the estimated percentage of units (people, households, etc.) having values of the characteristic less than or equal to \(A_{1}\) and \(A_{2}\), respectively.
4. Divide the difference between the two points determined in step 3 by 2 to obtain the standard error of the median.

Note: Median incomes and their standard errors calculated as below may differ from those in published tables and reports showing income, since narrower income intervals were used in those calculations.

\section*{Illustration 8}

Suppose there were \(121,084,000\) households in 2012, and their income was distributed in the following way:
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{ Illustration 8 } \\
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Income level } & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Number of \\
households
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Cumulative number of \\
households
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Cumulative percent \\
of households
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Under \(\$ 5,000\) & \(4,261,000\) & \(4,261,000\) & \(3.52 \%\) \\
\(\$ 5,000\) to \(\$ 9,999\) & \(4,973,000\) & \(9,234,000\) & \(7.63 \%\) \\
\(\$ 10,000\) to \(\$ 14,999\) & \(7,126,000\) & \(16,360,000\) & \(13.51 \%\) \\
\(\$ 15,000\) to \(\$ 24,999\) & \(13,978,000\) & \(30,338,000\) & \(25.06 \%\) \\
\(\$ 25,000\) to \(\$ 34,999\) & \(13,258,000\) & \(43,596,000\) & \(36.00 \%\) \\
\(\$ 35,000\) to \(\$ 49,999\) & \(16,876,000\) & \(60,472,000\) & \(49.94 \%\) \\
\(\$ 50,000\) to \(\$ 74,999\) & \(21,293,000\) & \(81,765,000\) & \(67.53 \%\) \\
\(\$ 75,000\) to \(\$ 99,999\) & \(13,898,000\) & \(95,663,000\) & \(79.01 \%\) \\
\(\$ 100,000\) and over & \(25,421,000\) & \(121,084,000\) & \(100.00 \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1. Using Formula (2) with \(b=1,140\), the standard error of 50 percent on a base of \(121,084,000\) is about 0.15 percent.
2. To obtain a 68-percent confidence interval on an estimated median, add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error found in step 1. This yields percentage limits of 49.85 and 50.15.
3. The lower and upper limits for the interval in which the percentage limits falls are \(\$ 35,000\) and \(\$ 50,000\), respectively.

Then the estimated numbers of households with an income less than or equal to \(\$ 35,000\) and \(\$ 50,000\) are \(43,596,000\) and \(60,472,000\), respectively.

Using Formula (5), the lower limit for the confidence interval of the median is found to be about
\[
X_{0.4985}=\frac{0.4985 \times 121,084,000-43,596,000}{60,472,000-43,596,000}(50,000-35,000)+35,000=49,901
\]

Similarly, the upper limit is found to be about
\[
X_{0.5015}=\frac{0.5015 \times 121,084,000-43,596,000}{60,472,000-43,596,000}(50,000-35,000)+35,000=50,224
\]

Thus, a 68-percent confidence interval for the median income for households is from \(\$ 49,901\) to \(\$ 50,224\).
4. The standard error of the median is, therefore,
\[
\frac{50,224-49,901}{2}=161.5
\]

Standard Errors of Averages for Grouped Data. The formula used to estimate the standard error of an average for grouped data is
\[
\begin{equation*}
s_{\bar{x}}=\sqrt{\frac{b}{y}\left(S^{2}\right)} \tag{6}
\end{equation*}
\]

In this formula, \(y\) is the size of the base of the distribution and \(b\) is the parameter from Table 4 or 5. The variance, \(S^{2}\), is given by the following formula:
\[
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{S}^{2}=\sum_{\mathrm{i}=1}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{i}} \overline{\mathrm{x}}_{\mathrm{i}}^{2}-\overline{\mathrm{x}}^{2} \tag{7}
\end{equation*}
\]
where \(\bar{x}\), the average of the distribution, is estimated by
\[
\begin{equation*}
\overline{\mathrm{x}}=\sum_{\mathrm{i}=1}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{i}} \overline{\mathrm{x}}_{\mathrm{i}} \tag{8}
\end{equation*}
\]
where
\[
\begin{aligned}
c= & \text { the number of groups; } i \text { indicates a specific group, thus taking on values } 1 \\
& \text { through } c .
\end{aligned}
\]
\(\bar{x}_{i}=\left(Z_{L i}+Z_{U i}\right) / 2\) where \(Z_{L i}\) and \(Z_{U i}\) are the lower and upper interval boundaries, respectively, for group \(i . \quad \bar{X}_{i}\) is assumed to be the most representative value for
the characteristic of households, families, or people in group i. If group \(c\) is openended, i.e., no upper interval boundary exists, use a group approximate average value of
\[
\begin{equation*}
\overline{\mathrm{X}}_{\mathrm{c}}=\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{Lc}} \tag{9}
\end{equation*}
\]

\section*{Illustration 9}

Suppose that there were \(9,497,000\) families in poverty and that the distribution of the income deficit (the difference between their family income and poverty threshold) for all families in poverty was
\begin{tabular}{l|c|c|c} 
Income deficit & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Number of \\
families in poverty
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Percentage of families in \\
poverty \(\left(p_{i}\right)\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Average income \\
deficit \(\left(\bar{x}_{i}\right)\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Under \(\$ 1000\) & 659,000 & 6.9 & 500 \\
\(\$ 1000\) to \(\$ 2,499\) & 925,000 & 9.7 & 2,250 \\
\(\$ 2,500\) to \(\$ 4,999\) & \(1,497,000\) & 15.8 & 5,000 \\
\(\$ 5,000\) to \(\$ 7,499\) & \(1,215,000\) & 12.8 & 8,750 \\
\(\$ 7,500\) to \(\$ 9,999\) & \(1,040,000\) & 11.0 & 12,500 \\
\(\$ 10,00\) to \(\$ 12,499\) & 957,000 & 10.1 & 16,250 \\
\(\$ 12,500\) to \(\$ 14,999\) & 914,000 & 9.6 & 20,000 \\
\(\$ 15,000\) and over & \(2,289,000\) & 24.1 & 22,500 \\
\hline Total & \(9,496,000^{*}\) & 100.0 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*There may be a difference due to rounding
Using Formula (8),
\[
\begin{aligned}
\bar{x}=(0.069 \times 500)+(0.097 & \times 2,250)+(0.158 \times 5,000)+(0.128 \times 8,750)+(0.11 \times 12,500)+(0.101 \times 16,250) \\
& +(0.096 \times 20,000)+(0.241 \times 22,500)=12,522
\end{aligned}
\]
and Formula (7),
\[
\begin{aligned}
& S^{2}=\left(0.069 \times 500^{2}\right)+\left(0.097 \times 2,250^{2}\right)+\left(0.158 \times 5,000^{2}\right)+\left(0.128 \times 8,750^{2}\right)+\left(0.11 \times 12,500^{2}\right) \\
& +\left(0.101 \times 16,250^{2}\right)+\left(0.096 \times 20,000^{2}\right)+\left(0.241 \times 22,500^{2}\right)-12,522^{2}=61,722,000
\end{aligned}
\]

Use the appropriate parameter from Table 5 and Formula (6) to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Illustration 9 } \\
\hline Average income deficit for families in & \(\$ 12,522\) \\
poverty \((\bar{x})\) & \(61,722,000\) \\
Variance \(\left(S^{2}\right)\) & \(9,497,000\) \\
Base \((y)\) & 1,243 \\
b parameter \((b)\) & \(\$ 90\) \\
Standard error & \(\$ 12,374\) to \(\$ 12,670\) \\
\hline 90-percent confidence interval & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The standard error is calculated as
\[
s_{\bar{x}}=\sqrt{\frac{1,243}{9,497,000}(61,722,000)}=90
\]
and the 90 -percent confidence interval is calculated as \(\$ 12,522 \pm 1.645 \times \$ 90\).
Standard Errors of Estimated Per Capita Deficits. Certain average values in reports associated with the ASEC data represent the per capita deficit for households of a certain class. The average per capita deficit is approximately equal to
\[
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{x}=\frac{\mathrm{hm}}{\mathrm{p}} \tag{10}
\end{equation*}
\]
where
\[
\begin{aligned}
& h=\quad \text { number of households in the class. } \\
& m=\quad \text { average deficit for households in the class. } \\
& p=\quad \text { number of people in households in the class. } \\
& x=\quad \text { average per capita deficit of people in households in the class. }
\end{aligned}
\]

To approximate standard errors for these averages, use the formula
\[
\begin{equation*}
s_{x}=\frac{h m}{p} \sqrt{\left(\frac{s_{m}}{m}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{s_{p}}{p}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{s_{h}}{h}\right)^{2}-2 r\left(\frac{s_{p}}{p}\right)\left(\frac{s_{h}}{h}\right)} \tag{11}
\end{equation*}
\]

In Formula (11), \(r\) represents the correlation between \(p\) and \(h\).
For one type of average, the class represents households containing a fixed number of people. For example, \(h\) could be the number of 3-person households. In this case, there is an exact correlation between the number of people in households and the number of households. Therefore, \(r=1\) for such households. For other types of averages, the class represents households of other demographic types, for example, households in distinct regions, households in which the householder is of a certain age group, and owner-occupied and tenant-occupied households. In this and other cases in which the correlation between \(p\) and \(h\) is not perfect, use 0.7 as an estimate of \(r\).

\section*{Illustration 10}

Suppose there were \(33,126,000\) people living in families in poverty, and 9,497,000 families in poverty, with an average deficit income for families in poverty of \(\$ 12,522\) with a standard error of \(\$ 90\) (from Illustration 9). Use Formulas (1), (10), and (11) and the appropriate parameters from Table 5 and \(r=0.7\) to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{ Illustration 10 } \\
\hline & Number \((h)\) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Number of people \\
\((p)\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Average income \\
deficit \((m)\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Average per capita \\
deficit \((x)\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Value for families in & \(9,497,000\) & \(33,126,000\) & \(\$ 12,522\) & - \\
poverty & +0.000052 & -0.000017 & - & \(\$ 3,590\) \\
a parameter \((a)\) & 1,243 & - & -282 & - \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 128,000 & - & - & - \\
Correlation \((r)\) & 395,000 & \(\$ 90\) & 0.7 \\
Standard Error & \(9,286,000\) to & \(32,476,000\) to & \(\$ 12,374\) to & \\
90-percent & \(9,708,000\) & \(33,776,000\) & \(\$ 12,670\) & \(\$ 3,518\) to \(\$ 3,662\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The estimate of the average per capita deficit is calculated as
\[
x=\frac{9,497,000 \times 12,522}{33,126,000}=3,590
\]
and the standard error is calculated as
\[
s_{x}=\frac{9,497,000 \times 12,522}{33,126,000} \sqrt{\left(\frac{90}{12,522}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{395,000}{33,126,000}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{128,000}{9,497,000}\right)^{2}-2 \times 0.7 \times\left(\frac{395,000}{33,126,000}\right) \times\left(\frac{128,000}{9,497,000}\right)}=44
\]

The 90-percent confidence interval is calculated as \(\$ 3,590 \pm 1.645 \times \$ 44\).
Accuracy of State Estimates. The redesign of the CPS following the 1980 census provided an opportunity to increase efficiency and accuracy of state data. All strata are now defined within state boundaries. The sample is allocated among the states to produce state and national estimates with the required accuracy while keeping total sample size to a minimum. Improved accuracy of state data was achieved with about the same sample size as in the 1970 design.

Since the CPS is designed to produce both state and national estimates, the proportion of the total population sampled and the sampling rates differ among the states. In general, the smaller the population of the state the larger the sampling proportion. For example, in Vermont approximately 1 in every 250 households is sampled each month. In New York the sample is about 1 in every 2,000 households. Nevertheless, the size of the sample in New York is four times larger than in Vermont because New York has a larger population.

Note: The Census Bureau recommends the use of 3-year averages to compare estimates across states and 2-year averages to evaluate changes in state estimates over time. See "Standard Errors of Data for Combined Years" and "Standard Errors of Differences of 2Year Averages." The Census Bureau also recommends the American Community Survey microdata file as the preferred source for income and poverty state data in years 2006 (2005 estimates) to the present.

Standard Errors for State Estimates. The standard error for a state may be obtained by determining new state-level \(a\) and \(b\) parameters and then using these adjusted parameters in the standard error formulas mentioned previously. To determine a new state-level \(b\) parameter ( \(b_{\text {state }}\) ), multiply the \(b\) parameter from Table 4 or 5 by the state factor from Table 9. To determine a new state-level \(a\) parameter ( \(a_{\text {state }}\) ), use the following:
(1) If the \(a\) parameter from Table 4 or 5 is positive, multiply it by the state factor from Table 9.
(2) If the \(a\) parameter in Table 4 or 5 is negative, calculate the new state-level \(a\) parameter as follows:
\[
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{a}_{\text {state }}=\frac{-\mathrm{b}_{\text {state }}}{\operatorname{POP}_{\text {state }}} \tag{12}
\end{equation*}
\]
where \(P O P_{\text {state }}\) is the state population found in Table 9.

\section*{Illustration 11}

Suppose there were \(15,027,000\) people living in New York state who were born in the United States. Use Formulas (1) and (12) and the appropriate parameter, factor, and population from Tables 5 and 9 to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Illustration 11 } \\
\hline Number of people in NY who were born in the U.S. \((x)\) & \(15,027,000\) \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 2,652 \\
New York state factor & 1.17 \\
State population & \(19,360,790\) \\
State a parameter \(\left(a_{\text {state }}\right)\) & -0.000160 \\
State b parameter \(\left(b_{\text {state }}\right)\) & 3,103 \\
Standard error & 102,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Obtain the state-level \(b\) parameter by multiplying the \(b\) parameter, 2,652, by the state factor, 1.17. This gives \(b_{\text {state }}=2,652 \times 1.17=3,103\). Obtain the needed state-level \(a\) parameter by
\[
a_{\text {state }}=\frac{-3,103}{19,360,790}=-0.000160
\]

The standard error of the estimate of the number of people in New York state who were born in the United States can then be found by using Formula (1) and the new state-level \(a\) and \(b\) parameters, -0.000160 and 3,103 , respectively. The standard error is given by
\[
s_{x}=\sqrt{-0.000160 \times 15,027,000^{2}+3,103 \times 15,027,000}=102,000
\]

Standard Errors of Regional Estimates. To compute standard errors for regional estimates, follow the steps for computing standard errors for state estimates found in "Standard Errors for State Estimates" using the regional factors and populations found in Table 10.

Illustration 12
Suppose there were \(18,380,000\) of \(114,936,000\) people, or 16.0 percent, living in poverty in the South. Use Formulas (2) and (12) and the appropriate parameter, factor, and population from Tables 5 and 10 to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Illustration 12 } \\
\hline Poverty rate in the South \((p)\) & 16.0 \\
Base \((y)\) & \(114,936,000\) \\
b parameter \((b)\) & 5,282 \\
South regional factor & 1.08 \\
Regional b parameter \(\left(b_{\text {region }}\right)\) & 5,705 \\
Standard error & 0.26 \\
90-percent confidence interval & 15.6 to 16.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Obtain the region-level \(b\) parameter by multiplying the \(b\) parameter, 5,282 , by the South regional factor, 1.08. This gives \(b_{\text {region }}=5,282 \times 1.08=5,705\).

The standard error of the estimate of the poverty rate for people living in the South can then be found by using Formula (2) and the new region-level \(b\) parameter, 5,705. The standard error is given by
\[
s_{y, p}=\sqrt{\frac{5,705}{114,936,000} \times 16.0 \times(100-16.0)}=0.26
\]
and the 90 -percent confidence interval of the poverty rate for people living in the South is calculated as \(16.0 \pm 1.645 \times 0.26\).

Standard Errors of Groups of States. The standard error calculation for a group of states is similar to the standard error calculation for a single state. First, calculate a new state group factor for the group of states. Then, determine new state group \(a\) and \(b\) parameters. Finally, use these adjusted parameters in the standard error formulas mentioned previously.

Use the following formula to determine a new state group factor:
where \(\mathrm{POP}_{i}\) and state factor \(r_{i}\) are the population and factor for state \(i\) from Table 9. To obtain a new state group \(b\) parameter ( \(b_{\text {state group }}\) ), multiply the \(b\) parameter from Table 4 or 5 by the state factor obtained by Formula (13). To determine a new state group a parameter ( \(a_{\text {state group }}\) ), use the following:
(1) If the \(a\) parameter from Table 4 or 5 is positive, multiply it by the state group factor determined by Formula (13).
(2) If the a parameter in Table 4 or 5 is negative, calculate the new state group a parameter as follows:
\[
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{a}_{\text {state group }}=\frac{-\mathrm{b}_{\text {state group }}}{\sum_{\mathrm{i}=1}^{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{POP}_{\mathrm{i}}} \tag{14}
\end{equation*}
\]

\section*{Illustration 13}

Suppose the state group factor for the state group Illinois-Indiana-Michigan was required. The appropriate factor would be
state group factor \(=\frac{12,706,857 \times 1.13+6,440,007 \times 1.08+9,768,568 \times 1.09}{12,706,857+6,440,007+9,768,568}=1.11\)

Standard Errors of Data for Combined Years. Sometimes estimates for multiple years are combined to improve precision. For example, suppose \(\bar{x}\) is an average derived from \(n\) consecutive years' data, i.e., \(\bar{x}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{x_{i}}{n}\), where the \(x_{i}\) are the estimates for the individual years. Use the formulas described previously to estimate the standard error, \(s_{x_{i}}\), of each year's estimate. Then the standard error of \(\bar{x}\) is
\[
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{s}_{\overline{\mathrm{x}}}=\frac{\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{x}}}{\mathrm{n}} \tag{15}
\end{equation*}
\]
where
\[
\begin{equation*}
s_{x}=\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} s_{x_{i}}^{2}+2 r \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} s_{x_{i}} s_{x_{i+1}}} \tag{16}
\end{equation*}
\]
and \(s_{x_{i}}\) are the standard errors of the estimates \(x_{i}\). Tables 7 and 8 contain the correlation coefficients, \(r\), for the correlation between consecutive years \(i\) and \(i+1\). Correlation between nonconsecutive years is zero. The correlations were derived for income and poverty estimates, but they can be used for other types of estimates where the year-to-year correlation between identical households is high.

The Census Bureau recommends the use of 3-year average estimates for certain small population subgroups \({ }^{4}\) (see also "Accuracy of State Estimates.") Two-year moving averages are recommended for these small population subgroups for comparisons across adjacent years (see "Standard Errors of Differences of 2-Year Averages.")

\section*{Illustration 14}

Suppose the 2009-2011 3-year average percentage of the AIAN population without health insurance was 27.9. Suppose the percentages and bases for 2009, 2010, and 2011 were 29.1, 27.2 , and 27.4 percent and \(2,681,000,3,093,000\), and \(3,216,000\) respectively. Use the appropriate parameters, factors, and correlation coefficients from Tables 5, 6, and 7 and Formulas (2), (15), and (16) to get
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{ Illustration 14 } \\
\hline & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{2009} & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{} \\
\hline Percentage of AIAN without health & & & 2011 & \(2009-2011 \mathrm{avg}\) \\
\(\quad\) insurance \((p)\) & 29.1 & 27.2 & & \\
Base \((y)\) & \(2,681,000\) & \(3,093,000\) & \(3,216,000\) & 27.9 \\
b parameter \((b)\) & \(3,809^{*}\) & \(3,809^{*}\) & 3,809 & - \\
Correlation \((r)\) & - & - & - & \(0.30,0.30\) \\
Standard error & 1.71 & 1.56 & 1.53 & 1.09 \\
90-percent confidence interval & 26.3 to 31.9 & 24.6 to 29.8 & 24.9 to 29.9 & 26.1 to 29.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*These parameters are calculated by multiplying the year factors from Table 6 by the current parameter.
The standard error of the 3-year average is calculated as
\[
s_{\bar{x}}=\frac{3.28}{3}=1.09
\]
where
\[
s_{x}=\sqrt{1.71^{2}+1.56^{2}+1.53^{2}+(2 \times 0.30 \times 1.71 \times 1.56)+(2 \times 0.30 \times 1.56 \times 1.53)}=3.28
\]

The 90-percent confidence interval for the 3-year average percentage of the AIAN population without health insurance is \(27.9 \pm 1.645 \times 1.09\).

Standard Errors of Differences of 2-Year Averages. Comparing two non-overlapping 2-year averages also improves precision for comparisons across years. Use the formulas described previously to estimate the standard error, \(s_{x i}\), of each year's estimate, \(x_{i}\), and the standard error, \(s_{\bar{x}_{i, i+1}}\), of each average, \(\bar{x}_{i, i+1}\). Then the standard error of the difference of the two nonoverlapping 2-year averages, \(\bar{x}_{1,2}-\bar{x}_{3,4}\), is

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{4}\) Estimates of characteristics of the American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) populations based on a single-year sample would be unreliable due to the small size of the sample that can be drawn from either population. Accordingly, such estimates are based on multiyear averages.
}
\[
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{s}_{\overline{\mathrm{x}}_{1,2}-\overline{\mathrm{x}}_{3,4}}=\sqrt{\mathrm{s}_{\overline{\mathrm{x}}_{1,2}}^{2}+\mathrm{s}_{\overline{\mathrm{x}}_{3,4}}^{2}-\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{rs}_{\mathrm{x}_{2}} \mathrm{~s}_{\mathrm{x}_{3}}} \tag{17}
\end{equation*}
\]

\section*{Illustration 15}

Suppose that you want to calculate the standard error of the difference between the 2008, 2009 and 2010, 2011 averages of the percent of people in California without health insurance. Use the following information along with Tables 5, 6, 9 and Formula (2) to get
\begin{tabular}{l|r|r|r|r} 
& \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{2008} & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{2009} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{2010} & \multicolumn{1}{|c}{2011} \\
\hline Percentage of people in CA without health & & & & \\
\(\quad\) insurance \((p)\) & 18.6 & 20.0 & 19.4 & 19.7 \\
Base \((y)\) & \(36,691,000\) & \(36,749,000\) & \(37,292,000\) & \(37,634,000\) \\
b parameter \((b)\) & \(2,652^{1}\) & \(2,652^{1}\) & \(2,652^{1}\) & 2,652 \\
California state factor & 1.25 & 1.25 & 1.25 & 1.25 \\
\({\text { State b parameter }\left(b_{\text {state }}\right)}^{\text {Standard error }}{ }^{2}\) & 3,315 & 3,315 & 3,315 & 3,315 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) These parameters are calculated by multiplying the year factors from Table 6 by the current parameter.
\({ }^{2}\) See "Standard Errors of State Estimates" for instructions and illustrations on calculating state standard errors.

Use this information, Formulas (15), (16), and (17), and the appropriate correlation coefficient from Table 7 to get
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Illustration 15} \\
\hline & 2008, 2009 & 2009, 2010 & 2010, 2011 & \[
\begin{gathered}
\operatorname{avg}(2010,2011)- \\
\operatorname{avg}(2008,2009)
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Average percent of people in CA without health insurance ( \(\bar{x}\) ) & 19.3 & - & 19.6 & 0.3 \\
\hline Correlation coefficient ( \(r\) ) & 0.30 & 0.30 & 0.30 & - \\
\hline Standard error & 0.30* & - & 0.30* & 0.40 \\
\hline 90-percent confidence interval & 18.8 to 19.8 & - & 19.1 to 20.1 & -0.4 to 1.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*See "Standard Errors of Data for Combined Years" for instructions and illustrations on calculating these standard errors.

The standard error of the difference of the two 2-year averages is calculated as
\[
s_{x_{1,2}-x_{3,4}}=\sqrt{0.30^{2}+0.30^{2}-\frac{1}{2} \times 0.30 \times 0.38 \times 0.37}=0.40
\]
and the 90-percent confidence interval around the difference of the 2-year averages is calculated as \(0.3 \pm 1.645 \times 0.40\). Since this interval includes zero, we cannot conclude with 90 percent confidence that the 2009-2010 average percent of people in California without health insurance was higher than the 2007-2008 average percent of people in California without health insurance.

Standard Errors of Quarterly or Yearly Averages. For information on calculating standard errors for labor force data from the CPS which involve quarterly or yearly averages, please see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error: Household Data" section in Employment and Earnings, a monthly report published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Technical Assistance. If you require assistance or additional information, please contact the Demographic Statistical Methods Division via e-mail at dsmd.source.and.accuracy@census.gov.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Characteristic & a & b \\
\hline Total or White & & \\
\hline Civilian labor force, employed & -0.000016 & 3,068 \\
\hline Not in labor force & -0.000009 & 1,833 \\
\hline Unemployed & -0.000016 & 3,096 \\
\hline Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed & & \\
\hline Men & -0.000032 & 2,971 \\
\hline Women & -0.000031 & 2,782 \\
\hline Both sexes, 16 to 19 years & -0.000022 & 3,096 \\
\hline Black & & \\
\hline Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed & -0.000151 & 3,455 \\
\hline Men & -0.000311 & 3,357 \\
\hline Women & -0.000252 & 3,062 \\
\hline Both sexes, 16 to 19 years & -0.001632 & 3,455 \\
\hline Hispanic, may be of any race & & \\
\hline Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed & -0.000141 & 3,455 \\
\hline Men & -0.000253 & 3,357 \\
\hline Women & -0.000266 & 3,062 \\
\hline Both sexes, 16 to 19 years & -0.001528 & 3,455 \\
\hline Asian, American Indian and Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander & & \\
\hline Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed & -0.000346 & 3,198 \\
\hline Men & -0.000729 & 3,198 \\
\hline Women & -0.000659 & 3,198 \\
\hline Both sexes, 16 to 19 years & -0.004146 & 3,198 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NOTES: (1) These parameters are to be applied to basic CPS monthly labor force estimates.
(2) The Total or White, Black, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters are to be used for both alone and in combination race group estimates.
(3) For nonmetropolitan characteristics, multiply the \(a\) and \(b\) parameters by 1.5 . If the characteristic of interest is total state population, not subtotaled by race or ethnicity, the \(a\) and \(b\) parameters are zero.
(4) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the a and b parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Hispanic, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters.
(5) For the groups self-classified as having two or more races, use the Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters for all employment characteristics.

Table 5. Parameters for Computation of Standard Errors for People and Families: 2012 ASEC
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Characteristics} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Total or White} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Black} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Asian, AIAN, \& NHOPI} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Hispanic} \\
\hline & a & b & a & b & a & b & a & b \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{PEOPLE} \\
\hline Educational attainment & -0.000005 & 1,206 & -0.000027 & 1,364 & -0.000055 & 1,101 & -0.000025 & 922 \\
\hline Employment & -0.000016 & 3,068 & -0.000151 & 3,455 & -0.000346 & 3,198 & -0.000141 & 3,455 \\
\hline People by family income & -0.000010 & 2,494 & -0.000057 & 2,855 & -0.000143 & 2,855 & -0.000078 & 2,855 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Income characteristics} \\
\hline Total & -0.000005 & 1,249 & -0.000029 & 1,430 & -0.000071 & 1,430 & -0.000039 & 1,430 \\
\hline Male & -0.000011 & 1,249 & -0.000062 & 1,430 & -0.000151 & 1,430 & -0.000078 & 1,430 \\
\hline Female & -0.000010 & 1,249 & -0.000053 & 1,430 & -0.000136 & 1,430 & -0.000079 & 1,430 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Age} \\
\hline 15 to 24 & -0.000029 & 1,249 & -0.000127 & 1,430 & -0.000304 & 1,430 & -0.000105 & 1,430 \\
\hline 25 to 44 & -0.000016 & 1,249 & -0.000076 & 1,430 & -0.000175 & 1,430 & -0.000090 & 1,430 \\
\hline 45 to 64 & -0.000015 & 1,249 & -0.000092 & 1,430 & -0.000246 & 1,430 & -0.000153 & 1,430 \\
\hline 65 and over & -0.000030 & 1,249 & -0.000247 & 1,430 & -0.000654 & 1,430 & -0.000471 & 1,430 \\
\hline Health insurance & -0.000010 & 2,652 & -0.000119 & 3,809 & -0.000284 & 3,809 & -0.000104 & 3,809 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Some household members & -0.000009 & 2,652 & -0.000057 & 3,809 & -0.000138 & 3,809 & -0.000073 & 3,809 \\
\hline All household members & -0.000010 & 3,222 & -0.000084 & 5,617 & -0.000204 & 5,617 & -0.000108 & 5,617 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Educational attainment, labor force, \\
Marital status, HH, family, and income
\end{tabular} & -0.000005 & 1,460 & -0.000022 & 1,460 & -0.000053 & 1,460 & -0.000028 & 1,460 \\
\hline US, county, state, region, or MSA & -0.000013 & 3,965 & -0.000059 & 3,965 & -0.000144 & 3,965 & -0.000076 & 3,965 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Below poverty} \\
\hline Total & -0.000017 & 5,282 & -0.000079 & 5,282 & -0.000101 & 5,282 & -0.000101 & 5,282 \\
\hline Male & -0.000035 & 5,282 & -0.000166 & 5,282 & -0.000201 & 5,282 & -0.000201 & 5,282 \\
\hline Female & -0.000034 & 5,282 & -0.000149 & 5,282 & -0.000204 & 5,282 & -0.000204 & 5,282 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Age} \\
\hline Under 15 & -0.000066 & 4,072 & -0.000243 & 4,072 & -0.000258 & 4,072 & -0.000258 & 4,072 \\
\hline Under 18 & -0.000049 & 4,072 & -0.000187 & 4,072 & -0.000440 & 4,072 & -0.000210 & 4,072 \\
\hline 15 and over & -0.000021 & 5,282 & -0.000103 & 5,282 & -0.000253 & 5,282 & -0.000126 & 5,282 \\
\hline 15 to 24 & -0.000046 & 1,998 & -0.000177 & 1,998 & -0.000425 & 1,998 & -0.000146 & 1,998 \\
\hline 25 to 44 & -0.000025 & 1,998 & -0.000107 & 1,998 & -0.000245 & 1,998 & -0.000125 & 1,998 \\
\hline 45 to 64 & -0.000024 & 1,998 & -0.000129 & 1,998 & -0.000344 & 1,998 & -0.000214 & 1,998 \\
\hline 65 and over & -0.000048 & 1,998 & -0.000346 & 1,998 & -0.000913 & 1,998 & -0.000658 & 1,998 \\
\hline Unemployment & -0.000016 & 3,096 & -0.000151 & 3,455 & -0.000346 & 3,198 & -0.000141 & 3,455 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{FAMILIES, HOUSEHOLDS, OR UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS} \\
\hline Income & -0.000005 & 1,140 & -0.000025 & 1,245 & -0.000062 & 1,245 & -0.000034 & 1,245 \\
\hline Marital status, HH and family, educational attainment, population by age/sex & -0.000004 & 1,052 & -0.000019 & 952 & -0.000048 & 952 & -0.000026 & 952 \\
\hline Poverty & 0.000052 & 1,243 & 0.000052 & 1,243 & 0.000052 & 1,243 & 0.000052 & 1,243 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NOTES: (1) These parameters are to be applied to the 2012 Annual Social and Economic Supplement data.
(2) AIAN, NHOPI are American Indian and Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, respectively.
(3) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.
(4) The Total or White, Black, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters are to be used for both alone and in-combination race group estimates.
(5) For nonmetropolitan characteristics, multiply the \(a\) and \(b\) parameters by 1.5 . If the characteristic of interest is total state population, not subtotaled by race or ancestry, the \(a\) and \(b\) parameters are zero.
(6) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the \(a\) and \(b\) parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Asian, AIAN, NHOPI, and Hispanic.
(7) For the group self-classified as having two or more races, use the Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters for all characteristics except employment, unemployment, and educational attainment, in which case use Black parameters.
(8) To obtain parameters prior to 2012, multiply the parameter from this table by the appropriate year factor in Table 6.

Table 6. CPS Year Factors: ASEC 1947 to 2011
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{ Data Collection Period } & Total or White & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Black } & Hispanic \\
\cline { 2 - 5 } & a and b & a and b & \(\mathrm{a}^{*}\) & a and b \\
\hline & & & & \\
\(2003-2011\) & 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\
2001 (expanded) - 2002 & 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.53 & 1.00 \\
\(1996-2001\) (basic) & 1.97 & 1.97 & 3.00 & 1.97 \\
\(1990-1995\) & 1.82 & 1.82 & 2.78 & 1.82 \\
1989 & 2.02 & 2.02 & 3.09 & 2.12 \\
\(1985-1988\) & 1.70 & 1.70 & 2.60 & 1.70 \\
\(1982-1984\) & 1.70 & 1.70 & 2.60 & 2.38 \\
\(1973-1981\) & 1.52 & 1.52 & 2.32 & 2.13 \\
\(1967-1972\) & 1.52 & 1.52 & 2.32 & 3.58 \\
\(1957-1966\) & 2.28 & 2.28 & 3.48 & 5.38 \\
& 3.42 & 3.42 & 5.22 & 8.07 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NOTES: (1) Blacks have separate factors for the \(a\) and \(b\) parameter factors due to the new race definitions and how they affected the population control totals.
(2) Use the asterisked factor to get \(a\) parameters for all estimates of the Black population except those for Black families, households, and unrelated individuals in poverty.
(3) For races not listed, use the factor for Total or White.
(4) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Characteristics} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1961-2001 (basic) \\
or 2001 (expanded)-2012
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{2000 (basic)2001 (expanded)} \\
\hline & People & Families & People & Families \\
\hline Total & 0.30 & 0.35 & 0.19 & 0.22 \\
\hline White & 0.30 & 0.35 & 0.20 & 0.23 \\
\hline Black & 0.30 & 0.35 & 0.15 & 0.18 \\
\hline Other & 0.30 & 0.35 & 0.15 & 0.17 \\
\hline Hispanic & 0.45 & 0.55 & 0.36 & 0.28 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NOTES: (1) Correlation coefficients are not available for income data before 1961.
(2) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.
(3) These correlation coefficients are for comparisons of consecutive years. For comparisons of nonconsecutive years, assume the correlation is zero.
(4) For households and unrelated individuals, use the correlation coefficient for families

Table 8. CPS Year-to-Year Correlation Coefficients for Poverty Characteristics: 1971 to 2012
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Characteristics} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1973-84, 1985- } \\
& \begin{array}{c}
2001 \text { (basic) } \\
\text { or 2001 } \\
\text { (expanded)-2012 }
\end{array} \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{2000 (basic)2001 (expanded)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1984-1985} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1972-1973} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1971-1972} \\
\hline & People & Families & People & Families & People & Families & People & Families & People & Families \\
\hline Total & 0.45 & 0.35 & 0.29 & 0.22 & 0.39 & 0.30 & 0.15 & 0.14 & 0.31 & 0.28 \\
\hline White & 0.35 & 0.30 & 0.23 & 0.20 & 0.30 & 0.26 & 0.14 & 0.13 & 0.28 & 0.25 \\
\hline Black & 0.45 & 0.35 & 0.23 & 0.18 & 0.39 & 0.30 & 0.17 & 0.16 & 0.35 & 0.32 \\
\hline Other & 0.45 & 0.35 & 0.22 & 0.17 & 0.30 & 0.30 & 0.17 & 0.16 & 0.35 & 0.32 \\
\hline Hispanic & 0.65 & 0.55 & 0.52 & 0.40 & 0.56 & 0.47 & 0.17 & 0.16 & 0.35 & 0.32 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NOTES: (1) Correlation coefficients are not available for income data before 1961.
(2) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.
(3) These correlation coefficients are for comparisons of consecutive years. For comparisons of nonconsecutive years, assume the correlation is zero.
(4) For households and unrelated individuals, use the correlation coefficient for families

Table 9. Factors and Populations for State Standard Errors and Parameters: 2012 ASEC
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|l|r|r|}
\hline State & Factor & Population & State & Factor & Population \\
\hline & & & & & \\
Alabama & 1.05 & \(4,737,614\) & Montana & 0.24 & 987,084 \\
Alaska & 0.18 & 700,819 & Nebraska & 0.46 & \(1,82,856\) \\
Arizona & 1.23 & \(6,409,104\) & Nevada & 0.67 & \(2,694,189\) \\
Arkansas & 0.68 & \(2,897,161\) & New Hampshire & 0.34 & \(1,303,900\) \\
California & 1.25 & \(37,354,295\) & New Jersey & 1.12 & \(8,732,350\) \\
Colorado & 1.20 & \(5,059,821\) & New Mexico & 0.58 & \(2,053,475\) \\
Connecticut & 0.88 & \(3,530,747\) & New York & 1.17 & \(19,273,788\) \\
Delaware & 0.22 & 896,127 & North Carolina & 1.11 & \(9,498,785\) \\
District of Columbia & 0.18 & 616,907 & North Dakota & 0.16 & 674,395 \\
Florida & 1.12 & \(18,882,314\) & Ohio & 1.09 & \(11,387,518\) \\
Georgia & 1.08 & \(9,647,954\) & Oklahoma & 0.91 & \(3,72,075\) \\
Hawaii & 0.29 & \(1,328,729\) & Oregon & 1.01 & \(3,851,906\) \\
Idaho & 0.36 & \(1,571,879\) & Pennsylvania & 1.09 & \(12,578,773\) \\
Illinois & 1.13 & \(12,706,857\) & Rhode Island & 0.30 & \(1,034,691\) \\
Indiana & 1.08 & \(6,440,007\) & South Carolina & 1.06 & \(4,597,571\) \\
Iowa & 0.77 & \(3,031,088\) & South Dakota & 0.17 & 811,158 \\
Kansas & 0.73 & \(2,820,579\) & Tennessee & 1.08 & \(6,327,692\) \\
Kentucky & 1.05 & \(4,291,249\) & Texas & 1.28 & \(25,445,297\) \\
Louisiana & 1.05 & \(4,488,870\) & Utah & 0.54 & \(2,815,196\) \\
Maine & 0.39 & \(1,315,546\) & Vermont & 0.18 & 620,243 \\
Maryland & 1.13 & \(5,759,971\) & Virginia & 1.08 & \(7,923,718\) \\
Massachusetts & 1.06 & \(6,532,220\) & Washington & 1.15 & \(6,765,074\) \\
Michigan & 1.09 & \(9,768,568\) & West Virginia & 0.39 & \(1,828,964\) \\
Minnesota & 1.07 & \(5,307,542\) & Wisconsin & 1.10 & \(5,651,923\) \\
Mississippi & 0.71 & \(2,914,814\) & Wyoming & 0.15 & 560,087 \\
Missouri & 1.11 & \(5,913,019\) & & & \\
& & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NOTES: (1) The state population counts in this table are for the \(0+\) population.
(2) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the \(a\) and \(b\) parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Asian, AIAN, NHOPI, and Hispanic.

Table 10. Factors and Populations for Regional Standard Errors and Parameters: 2012 ASEC
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|}
\hline Region & Factor & Population \\
\hline Midwest & 1.03 & \\
Northeast & 1.05 & \(66,335,510\) \\
South & 1.08 & \(54,922,258\) \\
West & 1.10 & \(114,482,083\) \\
& & \(72,151,658\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NOTES: (1) The state population counts in this table are for the \(0+\) population.
(2) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the \(a\) and \(b\) parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Asian, AIAN, NHOPI, and Hispanic.

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[1] Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2004. Employment and Earnings. "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey." Volume 51 Number 11, May 2004. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. pp 4-6.
[2] U.S. Census Bureau. 2006. Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology. Technical Paper 66. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. (http://www.census.gov/prod/2006pubs/tp66.pdf)
[3] Brooks, C.A. and Bailar, B.A. 1978. Statistical Policy Working Paper 3 - An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey. Subcommittee on Nonsampling Errors, Federal Committee on Statistical Methodology, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC. (http://www.fcsm.gov/working-papers/spp.html)
[4] U.S. Census Bureau. 1993. Money Income of Households, Families, and Persons in the United States: 1992. Current Population Reports, P60-184. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. (http://www2.census.gov/prod2/popscan/p60-184.pdf)
[5] U.S. Census Bureau. 1978. Money Income in 1976 of Families and Persons in the United States. Current Population Reports, P60-114. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. (http://www2.census.gov/prod2/popscan/p60-114.pdf)
[6] U.S. Census Bureau, July 15, 2009, "Estimating ASEC Variances with Replicate Weights Part I: Instructions for Using the ASEC Public Use Replicate Weight File to Create ASEC Variance Estimates." (http://www.bls.census.gov/cps ftp.html\#cpsmarch )

\section*{APPENDIX H}

\section*{COUNTRIES AND AREAS OF THE WORLD}

\section*{List A. Numerical List of Countries and Areas of the World}
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
Code & Name & Code & Name \\
& & & \\
057 & United States & 159 & Azerbaijan \\
066 & Guam & 160 & Belarus \\
073 & Puerto Rico & 161 & Georgia \\
078 & U. S. Virgin Islands & 162 & Moldova \\
096 & Other U. S. Island Areas & 163 & Russia \\
100 & Albania & 164 & Ukraine \\
102 & Austria & 165 & USSR \\
103 & Belgium & 166 & Europe, not specified \\
104 & Bulgaria & 167 & Kosovo \\
105 & Czechoslovakia & 200 & Afghanistan \\
106 & Denmark & 202 & Bangladesh \\
108 & Finland & 205 & Myanmar (Burma) \\
109 & France & 206 & Cambodia \\
110 & Germany & 207 & China \\
116 & Greece & 208 & Cyprus \\
117 & Hungary & 209 & Hong Kong \\
119 & Ireland & 210 & India \\
120 & Italy & 211 & Indonesia \\
126 & Netherlands & 212 & Iran \\
127 & Norway & 213 & Iraq \\
128 & Poland & 214 & Israel \\
129 & Portugal & 215 & Japan \\
130 & Azores & 216 & Jordan \\
132 & Romania & 217 & Korea \\
134 & Spain & 220 & South Korea \\
136 & Sweden & 222 & Kuwait \\
137 & Switzerland & 223 & Laos \\
138 & United Kingdom & 224 & Lebanon \\
139 & England & 226 & Malaysia \\
140 & Scotland & 229 & Nepal \\
141 & Wales & 231 & Pakistan \\
142 & Northern Ireland & 233 & Philippines \\
147 & Yugoslavia & 235 & Saudi Arabia \\
148 & Czech Republic & 236 & Singapore \\
149 & Slovakia & 238 & Sri Lanka \\
150 & Bosnia \& Herzegovina & 249 & Syria \\
151 & Croatia & Taiwan \\
152 & Macedonia & 242 & Thailand \\
154 & Serbia & 246 & Turkey \\
156 & Latvia & 247 & Uzbekistan \\
157 & Lithuania & Vietnam \\
158 & Armenia & & Yemen \\
& & & \\
& & 248 & \\
& & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
Code & Name & Code & Name \\
& & & \\
249 & Asia, not specified & 369 & Paraguay \\
300 & Bermuda & 370 & Peru \\
301 & Canada & 372 & Uruguay \\
303 & Mexico & 373 & Venezuela \\
310 & Belize & 374 & South America, not specified \\
311 & Costa Rica & 399 & Americas, not specified \\
312 & El Salvador & 400 & Algeria \\
313 & Guatemala & 407 & Cameroon \\
314 & Honduras & 408 & Cape Verde \\
315 & Nicaragua & 414 & Egypt \\
316 & Panama & 416 & Ethiopia \\
321 & Antigua and Barbuda & 417 & Eritrea \\
323 & Bahamas & 421 & Ghana \\
324 & Barbados & 427 & Kenya \\
327 & Cuba & 429 & Liberia \\
328 & Dominica & 436 & Morocco \\
329 & Dominican Republic & 440 & Nigeria \\
330 & Grenada & 444 & Senegal \\
332 & Haiti & 447 & Sierra Leone \\
333 & Jamaica & 448 & Somalia \\
338 & St. Kitts--Nevis & 449 & South Africa \\
339 & St. Lucia & 451 & Sudan \\
340 & St. Vincent and the & 453 & Tanzania \\
& Grenadines & 457 & Uganda \\
341 & Trinidad and Tobago & 461 & Zimbabwe \\
343 & West Indies, not specified & 462 & Africa, not specified \\
360 & Argentina & 501 & Australia \\
361 & Bolivia & 508 & Fiji \\
362 & Brazil & 515 & New Zealand \\
363 & Chile & 523 & Tonga \\
364 & Columbia & 527 & Samoa \\
365 & Ecuador & 528 & Oceania, not specified \\
368 & Guyana & 555 & Elsewhere \\
& & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{List B. Alphabetical List of Countries and Areas of the World}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Name & Code & Name \\
\hline 200 & Afghanistan & 416 & Ethiopia \\
\hline 462 & Africa, not specified & 166 & Europe, not specified \\
\hline 100 & Albania & 508 & Fiji \\
\hline 400 & Algeria & 108 & Finland \\
\hline 399 & Americas, not specified & 109 & France \\
\hline 321 & Antigua and Barbuda & 161 & Georgia \\
\hline 360 & Argentina & 110 & Germany \\
\hline 158 & Armenia & 421 & Ghana \\
\hline 249 & Asia, not specified & 116 & Greece \\
\hline 501 & Australia & 330 & Grenada \\
\hline 102 & Austria & 066 & Guam \\
\hline 159 & Azerbaijan & 313 & Guatemala \\
\hline 130 & Azores & 368 & Guyana \\
\hline 323 & Bahamas & 332 & Haiti \\
\hline 202 & Bangladesh & 314 & Honduras \\
\hline 324 & Barbados & 209 & Hong Kong \\
\hline 160 & Belarus & 117 & Hungary \\
\hline 103 & Belgium & 210 & India \\
\hline 310 & Belize & 211 & Indonesia \\
\hline 300 & Bermuda & 212 & Iran \\
\hline 361 & Bolivia & 213 & Iraq \\
\hline 150 & Bosnia \& Herzegovina & 119 & Ireland \\
\hline 362 & Brazil & 214 & Israel \\
\hline 104 & Bulgaria & 120 & Italy \\
\hline 206 & Cambodia & 333 & Jamaica \\
\hline 407 & Cameroon & 215 & Japan \\
\hline 301 & Canada & 216 & Jordan \\
\hline 408 & Cape Verde & 427 & Kenya \\
\hline 363 & Chile & 217 & Korea \\
\hline 207 & China & 167 & Kosovo \\
\hline 364 & Columbia & 222 & Kuwait \\
\hline 311 & Costa Rica & 223 & Laos \\
\hline 151 & Croatia & 156 & Latvia \\
\hline 327 & Cuba & 224 & Lebanon \\
\hline 208 & Cyprus & 429 & Liberia \\
\hline 148 & Czech Republic & 157 & Lithuania \\
\hline 105 & Czechoslovakia & 152 & Macedonia \\
\hline 106 & Denmark & 226 & Malaysia \\
\hline 328 & Dominica & 303 & Mexico \\
\hline 329 & Dominican Republic & 162 & Moldova \\
\hline 365 & Ecuador & 436 & Morocco \\
\hline 414 & Egypt & 205 & Myanmar (Burma) \\
\hline 312 & El Salvador & 229 & Nepal \\
\hline 555 & Elsewhere & 126 & Netherlands \\
\hline 373 & Venezuela & 515 & New Zealand \\
\hline 139 & England & 315 & Nicaragua \\
\hline 417 & Eritrea & 440 & Nigeria \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Code}

Name

Northern Ireland
Norway
Oceania, not specified
Other U. S. Island Areas
Pakistan
Panama
Paraguay
Peru
Philippines
Poland
Portugal
Puerto Rico
Romania
Russia
Samoa
Saudi Arabia 457
Scotland
Senegal
Serbia
Sierra Leone
Singapore
Slovakia
Somalia
South Africa
South America, not specified
South Korea
Spain
Sri Lanka

338
339

136
137

078
Code

340
451

239
240
453
242
523
341
243

164
138
057
372
165
246
247
141
343
248
147
461

Name
St. Kitts--Nevis
St. Lucia
St. Vincent and the
Grenadines
Sudan
Sweden
Switzerland
Syria
Taiwan
Tanzania
Thailand
Tonga
Trinidad and Tobago
Turkey
U. S. Virgin Islands

Uganda
Ukraine
United Kingdom
United States
Uruguay
USSR
Uzbekistan
Vietnam
Wales
West Indies, not specified
Yemen
Yugoslavia
Zimbabwe

\title{
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY, 2012 ANNUAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC (ASEC) SUPPLEMENT
}

\author{
User Note 1
}

Data for noncash benefits values and after tax values are withheld from the 2012 ASEC public use file until the release of reports on alternative income and poverty measures, due out later. Data are withheld for the items listed below.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Household Record & Description & Position \\
\hline HFDVAL & household value of food stamps & \\
\hline HOUSRET & return to home equity & 337 \\
\hline PROP-TAX & annual property taxes & 332 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Family Record} \\
\hline F-MV-FS & family market value of food stamps & 243 \\
\hline F-MV-SL & family market value of school lunch & 247 \\
\hline FFNGCAID & family fungible value of Medicaid & 256 \\
\hline FFNGCARE & family fungible value of medicare & 251 \\
\hline FFOODREQ & family fungible value of food stamps & 264 \\
\hline FHOUSREQ & family fungible value of Medicare and Medicaid & 268 \\
\hline FHOUSSUB & family market value of housing subsidy & 261 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Person Record} \\
\hline PRSWKXPNS & Work expenses & 796 \\
\hline ACTC-CRD & additional child tax credit & 740 \\
\hline AGI & adjusted gross income & 755 \\
\hline CTC-CRD & child tax credit & 726 \\
\hline DEP-STAT & dependency status pointer & 734 \\
\hline EIT-CRED & earned income tax credit & 736 \\
\hline EMCONTRB & employer contribution for health care & 646 \\
\hline FED-RET & federal retirement payroll deduction & 749 \\
\hline FEDTAX_BC & federal income tax liability, before credits & 772 \\
\hline FEDTAX_AC & federal income tax liability, after credits & 778 \\
\hline FICA & social security retirement tax & 744 \\
\hline FILESTAT & tax filer status & 733 \\
\hline MARG-TAX & marginal tax rate & 724 \\
\hline P-MVCAID & person market value of Medicaid & 636 \\
\hline P-MVCARE & person market value of medicare & 630 \\
\hline STATETAX_AC & state income tax liability, after credits & 790 \\
\hline STATETAX_BC & state income tax liability, before credits & 784 \\
\hline TAX-INC & taxable income amount & 765 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

September 2011```

