Economics 101A (Lecture 10)

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Outline

- 1. Application 2: Intertemporal choice
- 2. Application 3: Altruism and charitable donations

1 Intertemporal choice II

• Maximization problem:

$$\max U(c_0) + \frac{1}{1+\delta}U(c_1)$$

$$s.t. \ c_0 + \frac{1}{1+r}c_1 \le M_0 + \frac{1}{1+r}M_1$$

- Lagrangean
- First order conditions:
- Ratio of f.o.c.s:

$$\frac{U'(c_0)}{U'(c_1)} = \frac{1+r}{1+\delta}$$

• Case
$$r = \delta$$

$$-c_0^*$$
 c_1^* ?

– Substitute into budget constraint using $c_0^* = c_1^* = c^*$:

$$\frac{2+r}{1+r}c^* = \left[M_0 + \frac{1}{1+r}M_1\right]$$

or

$$c^* = \frac{1+r}{2+r}M_0 + \frac{1}{2+r}M_1$$

- We solved problem virtually without any assumption on U!
- Notice: $M_0 < c^* < M_1$

• Case
$$r > \delta$$

$$-c_0^*$$
 c_1^* ?

- ullet Comparative statics with respect to income M_0
- Rewrite ratio of f.o.c.s as

$$U'(c_0) - \frac{1+r}{1+\delta}U'(c_1) = 0$$

• Substitute c_1 in using $c_1 = M_1 + (M_0 - c_0)(1 + r)$ to get

$$U'(c_0) - \frac{1+r}{1+\delta}U'(M_1 + (M_0 - c_0)(1+r)) = 0$$

Apply implicit function theorem:

$$\frac{\partial c_0^*(r, \mathbf{M})}{\partial M_0} = -\frac{-\frac{1+r}{1+\delta}U''(c_1)(1+r)}{U''(c_0) - \frac{1+r}{1+\delta}U''(c_1)*(-(1+r))}$$

• Denominator is always negative

Numerator is positive

• $\partial c_0^*\left(r,\mathbf{M}\right)/\partial M_0>0$ — consumption at time 0 is a normal good.

ullet Can also show $\partial c_0^*\left(r,\mathbf{M}
ight)/\partial M_1>0$

- ullet Comparative statics with respect to interest rate r
- Apply implicit function theorem:

$$\frac{\partial c_0^* (r, \mathbf{M})}{\partial r} = -\frac{\frac{-\frac{1}{1+\delta}U'(c_1)}{U''(c_0) - \frac{1+r}{1+\delta}U''(c_1) * (-(1+r))}}{-\frac{\frac{-1+r}{1+\delta}U''(c_1) * (M_0 - c_0)}{U''(c_0) - \frac{1+r}{1+\delta}U''(c_1) * (-(1+r))}}$$

• Denominator is always negative

- Numerator: First term negative (substitution eff.)
- Numerator: Second term (income effect:)
 - positive if $M_0 > c_0$
 - negative if $M_0 < c_0$

2 Altruism and Charitable Donations

- Maximize utility = satisfy self-interest?
- No, not necessarily

- 2-person economy:
 - Mark has income ${\cal M}_M$ and consumes c_M
 - Wendy has income M_W and consumes c_W

ullet One good: c, with price $p=\mathbf{1}$

• Utility function: u(c), with u' > 0, u'' < 0

• Wendy is altruistic: she maximizes $u(c_W) + \alpha u(c_M)$ with $\alpha > 0$

ullet Mark simply maximizes $u(c_M)$

ullet Wendy can give a donation of income D to Mark.

ullet Wendy computes the utility of Mark as a function of the donation D

Mark maximizes

$$\max_{c_M} u(c_M)$$

$$s.t. \ c_M \le M_M + D$$

• Solution: $c_M^* = M_M + D$

Wendy maximizes

$$\max_{c_M, D} u(c_W) + \alpha u \left(M_M + D \right)$$

$$s.t. \ c_W \le M_W - D$$

• Rewrite as:

$$\max_{D} u(M_W - D) + \alpha u(M_M + D)$$

• First order condition:

$$-u'(M_W - D^*) + \alpha u'(M_M + D^*) = 0$$

• Second order conditions:

$$u''(M_W - D^*) + \alpha u''(M_M + D^*) < 0$$

- Assume $\alpha = 1$.
 - Solution?

$$- u'(M_W - D) = u'(M_M + D^*)$$

$$-M_W-D^*=M_M+D^* \text{ or } D^*=(M_W-M_M)/2$$

- Transfer money so as to equate incomes!
- Careful: $D<{\bf 0}$ (negative donation!) if $M_M>M_W$
- Corrected maximization:

$$\max_{D} u(M_W - D) + \alpha u (M_M + D)$$

$$s.t.D \ge 0$$

• Solution ($\alpha = 1$):

$$D^* = \left\{ egin{array}{ll} (M_W - M_M)/2 & ext{if } M_W - M_M > 0 \\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{array}
ight.$$

- Assume interior solution. $(D^* > 0)$
- Comparative statics 1 (altruism):

$$\frac{\partial D^*}{\partial \alpha} = -\frac{u'(M_M + D^*)}{u''(M_W - D^*) + \alpha u''(M_M + D^*)} > 0$$

• Comparative statics 2 (income of donor):

$$\frac{\partial D^*}{\partial M_W} = -\frac{-u''(M_W + D^*)}{u''(M_W - D^*) + \alpha u''(M_M + D^*)} > 0$$

Comparative statics 3 (income of recipient):

$$\frac{\partial D^*}{\partial M_M} = -\frac{\alpha u'' (M_M + D^*)}{u'' (M_W - D^*) + \alpha u'' (M_M + D^*)} < 0$$

- A quick look at the evidence
- From Andreoni (2002)

3 Next Lectures

- Introduction to Probability
- Risk Aversion
- Coefficient of risk aversion