Next Week's Topic

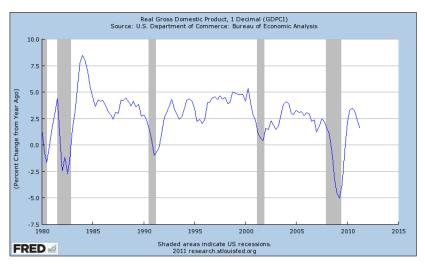
"The Great Recession: Causes and Consequences"

- Next Week Professor Mian will discuss
 - Mian, Atif R. and Sufi, Amir, "The Consequences of Mortgage Credit Expansion: Evidence from the U.S. Mortgage Default Crisis,"
 - Mian, Atif R. and Sufi, Amir, "Consumers and the Economy, Part II: Household Debt and the Weak U.S. Recovery,"
 - Mian, Atif R. and Sufi, Amir, "House Prices, Home Equity-Based Borrowing, and the U.S. Household Leverage Crisis,"
 - Mian, Atif R., Sufi, Amir and Trebbi, Francesco, "Foreclosures, House Prices, and the Real Economy."
- Today, I will motivate the next week's topic
- Remember, First Research Paper due October 26, before 5:00 pm!

So, what happened between 2002 and 2010?

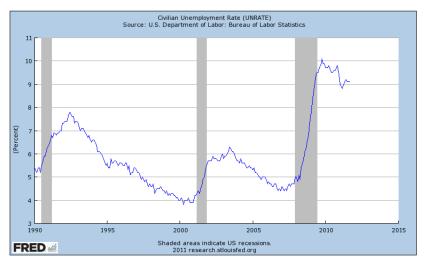
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Figure: Output



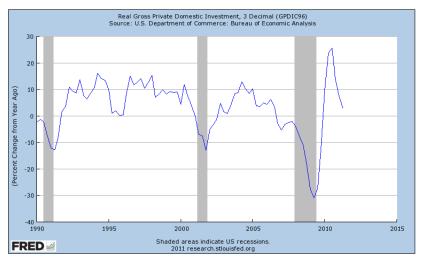
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Figure: Unemployment



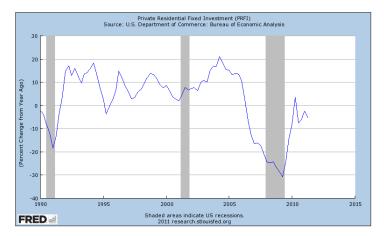
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Figure: Investment



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Figure: Residential Investment



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Figure: Non-Residential Investment

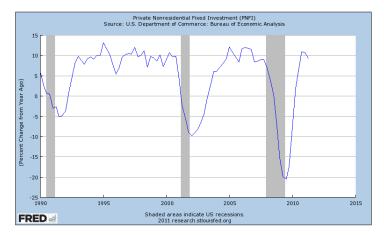
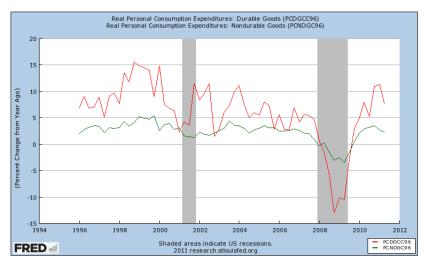


Figure: Consumption

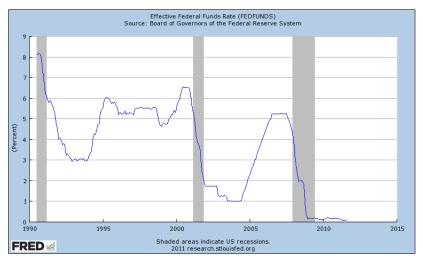


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What did the policy-makers do?

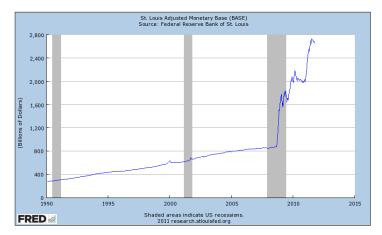
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Figure: Fed Funds Rate



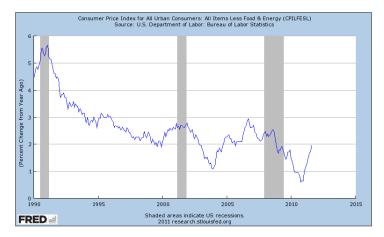
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Figure: Monetary Base



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Figure: CPI Inflation

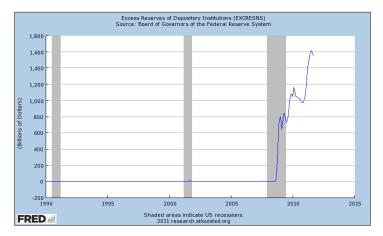


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So where does all the cash go?

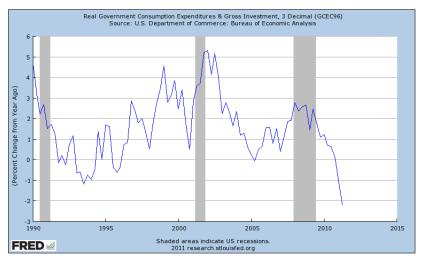
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Figure: Reserves



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Figure: Fiscal Policy



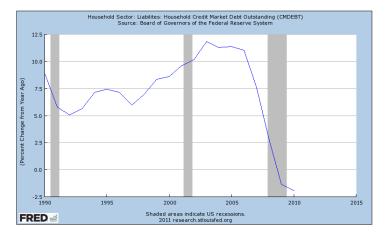
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- Questions
 - What caused the boom in the first place?
 - Why was the recession so deep and why is the recovery so slow?
 - Policy-makers have tried numerous "unconventional" policies (within political limits)

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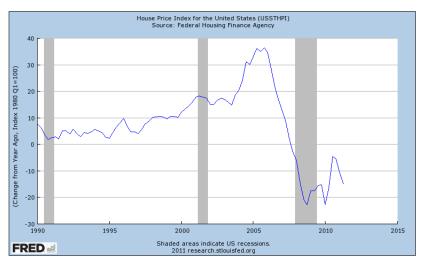
What else can policy-makers do?

Figure: Household Debt



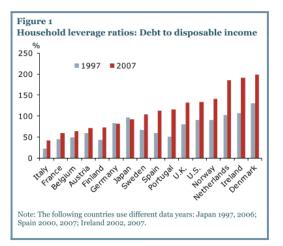
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Figure: Housing Prices



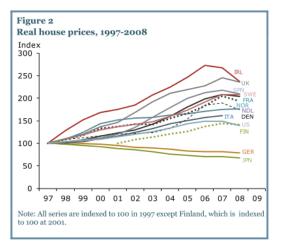
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Figure: Glick and Lansing 2010



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Figure: Glick and Lansing 2010



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- Evidence suggests that the severity of the recession is intimately connected to household indebtedness (e.g. Mian and Sufi (2010,2011))
 - Borrowers cut their consumption to repay their debts or increase their savings
 - Savers do not increase their consumption as much
 - Net result is a fall in aggregate consumption and output (with nominal rigitidies) - see Eggertsson and Krugman (2010) for theory

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Figure: Mian and Sufi 2010

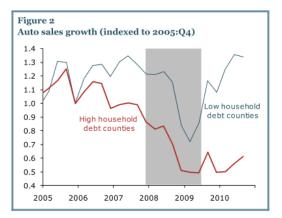
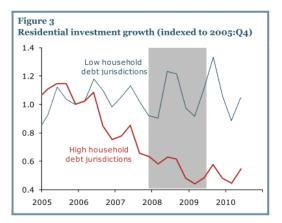
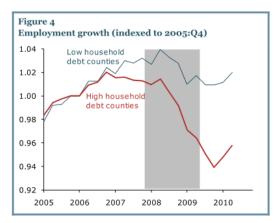


Figure: Mian and Sufi 2010



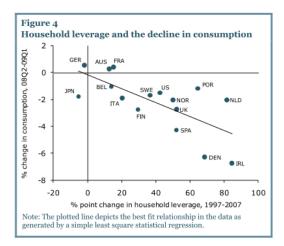
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Figure: Mian and Sufi 2010



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Figure: Glick and Lansing 2010)



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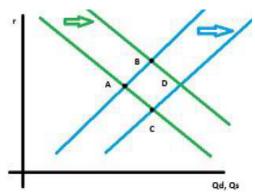
Question: What were the reasons for such large buildup in household debt?

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- Possible Reasons
 - Expansion in credit supply (easy monetary policy, regulatory laxes, moral hazard, global imbalances, etc)
 - Expansion in credit demand (growth in current or expected borrower incomes, etc)

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- Expectations of rising housing prices
- Aggregate data is consistent with any of these stories



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Figure: Credit Market Equilibrium

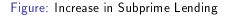
Mian and Sufi (2010) use zip code level data to empirically disentangle which of these stories is closer to the truth

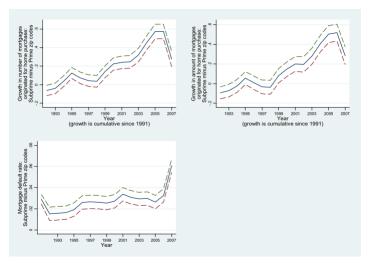
- Credit Demand income-based hypothesis
- Credit Supply supply-based hypothesis
- House Prices expectations-based hypothesis

- They divide zip codes according to the share of households with credit scores below 660 (call these subprime)
- They have data on households' debt, incomes, number and value of mortgages issued by various institutions at each zip code

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The following picture emerges ...

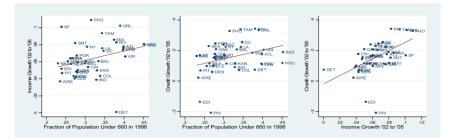




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The Great Recession - Income-Based Hypothesis

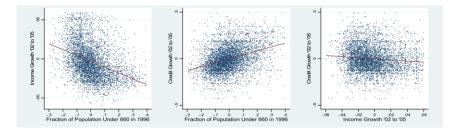
Figure: Aggregated at MSA Level



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The Great Recession - Income-Based Hypothesis

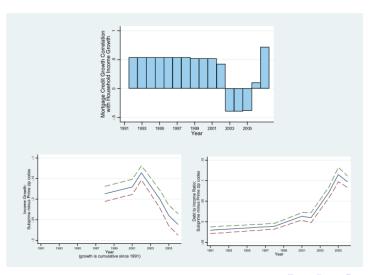
Figure: Zip Code Level



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Incomes-Based Hypothesis?

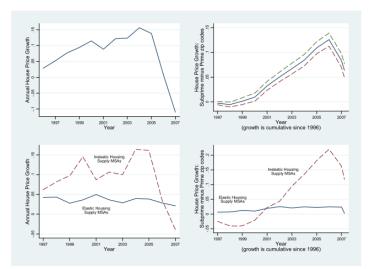
Figure: Unique Period



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The Great Recession - Expectations-Based Hypothesis

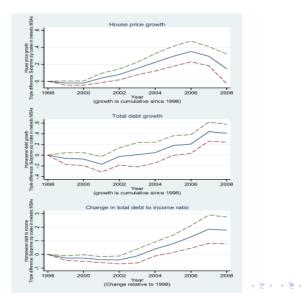
Figure: Housing Prices



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The Great Recession - Expectations-Based Hypothesis

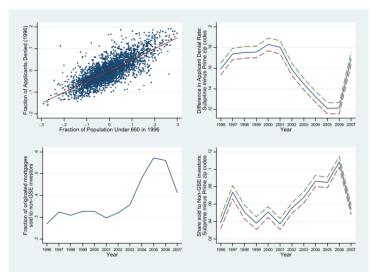
Figure: Credit Growth



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The Great Recession - Credit Supply

Figure: Expansion in Credit - Moral Hazard?



- Further Readings:
 - ► Fisher (1933)
 - Household Balance Sheets: Mishkin (1978), Olney (1998), Eggertsson and Krugman (2010)

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 Balance Sheets and Credit Channel: Bernanke (1983), Bernanke and Gertler (1989), Kiyotaki Moore (1997)